

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Issued by: Financial Services Department

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Letter of Transmittal	i
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	vi
Organization Chart	vii
List of Principal Officials	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	27
Notes to Financial Statements	29
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	58

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>Page</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	59
Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	60
Schedule of Contributions	62
Schedule of Funding Progress	63
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	64
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – All Non-Major Governmental Funds – By Fund Type	68
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Non-Major Governmental Funds – By Fund Type	69
Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	72
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	74
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	76
Debt Service Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	82
Capital Projects Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	84
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	86
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	88

TABLE OF CONTENTS

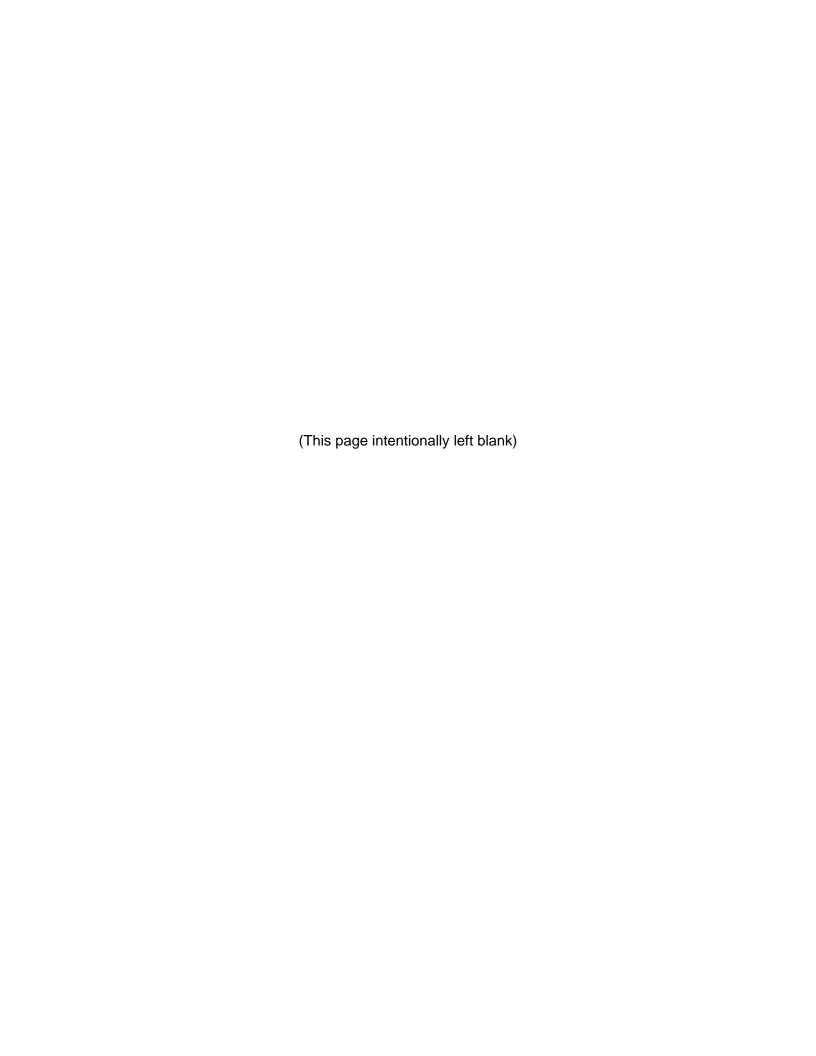
STATISTICAL SECTION

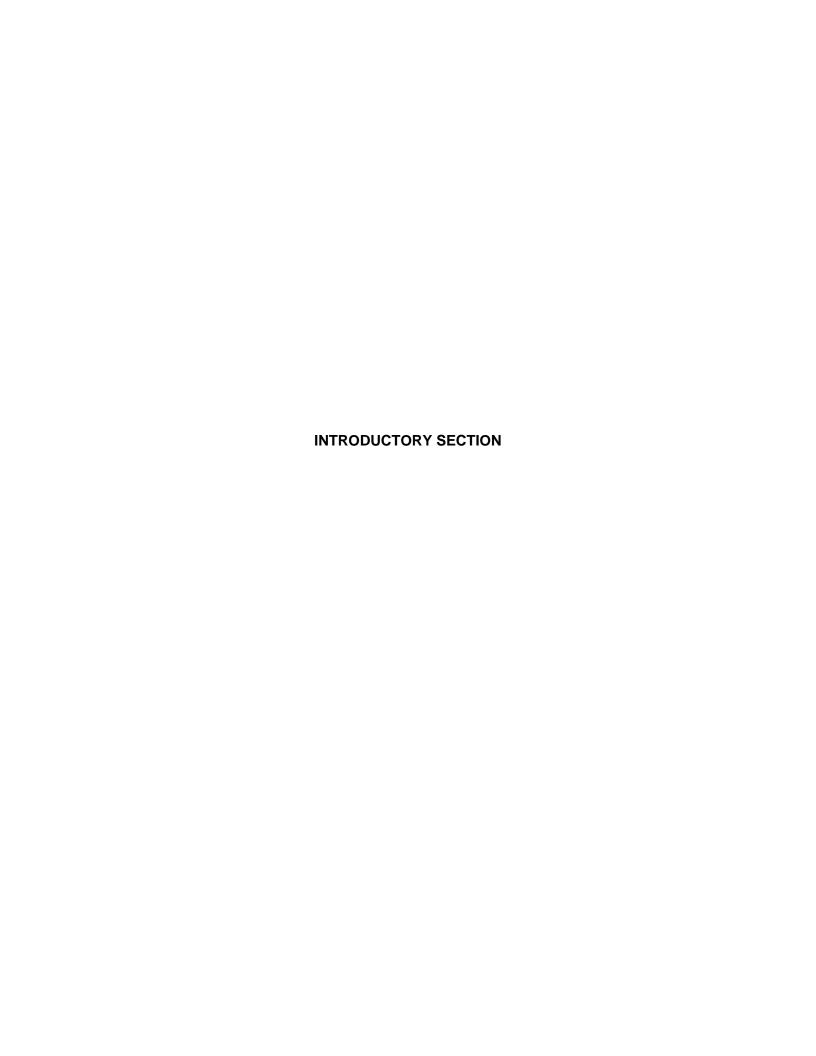
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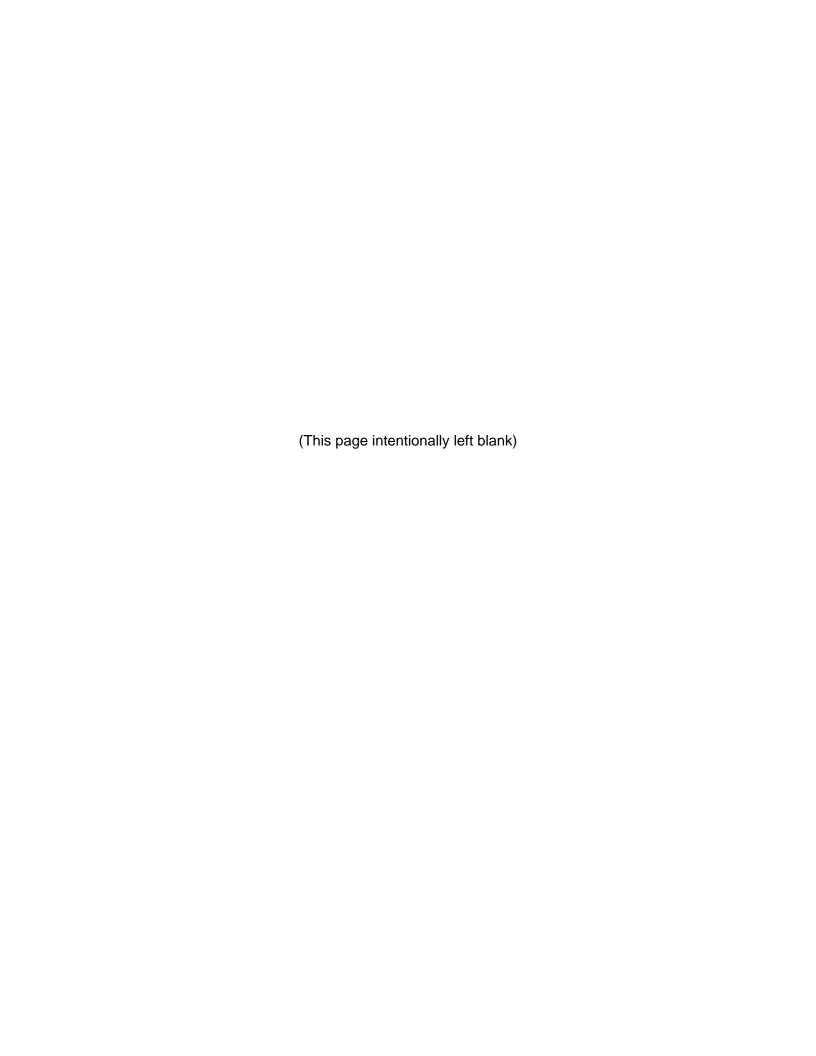
Net Position by Component	97
Governmental and Business-type Activities Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue	98
General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position	100
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	102
Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio	104
Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	106
Revenue Capacity:	
Sales Tax Collected by Category	107
Sales Tax Rates	108
General Government Tax Revenues by Source	109
Principal Property Tax Payers – Pinal County	110
Property Tax Levies and Collections	111
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	112
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property by Class	113
Property Tax Assessment Ratios	114
Debt Capacity:	
Outstanding Debt by Type	115
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	116
Legal Debt Margin Information	117

TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATISTICAL SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Demographic and Economic Information:	
County-Wide Demographic and Economic Statistics	118
Principal Employers	119
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	120
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	122
Operating Indicators by Function	123











January 18, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Maricopa

Arizona State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Maricopa financial statements for year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City

The origins of the City took place at a series of watering holes eight miles north of present day Maricopa, and about a mile west of Pima Butte. Several of Arizona's rivers, the Gila, Santa Cruz, Vekol and Santa Rosa provided this oasis in the desert with an ample supply of water for agriculture and traders. The earliest known written record of the area was a journal entry made by Father Eusebio Francisco Kino in 1694. The area became an important stage stop in the 1800's on the Butterfield Overland Mail Line that stretched from St. Louis to San Francisco. In the 1870's, the Southern Pacific Railroad built a line from Yuma to Tucson, and a line was built from the present City of Maricopa area north into Phoenix and completed by the Maricopa & Phoenix Railroad in 1887. Rail transportation was halted in the mid 1930's, and Maricopa continued as a farming and ranching hub for the area.

The City of Maricopa is located in Pinal County, 35 minutes from Phoenix Sky Harbor Airport and 100 miles northwest of Tucson. Maricopa is one of the top growth areas in both the state and the country, increasing in population over 750% since incorporation. In 2003, it became Arizona's 88th incorporated municipality and currently serves approximately 45 square miles of incorporated area with a population of approximately 45,800. The City of Maricopa is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. It is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation.





The City of Maricopa has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policymaking authority is vested in a City Council consisting of the Mayor and six Council members, all elected at large on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the City Magistrate, City Attorney, and the City Manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected for a two-year term.

The City of Maricopa provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; and recreational and cultural activities.

Economic Condition

Key advantages for the City of Maricopa include the high education levels and skill sets of its workforce – 89% of adults have some post-high school education and 48% of households report an income level above \$75,000 annually (according to a 2013 City of Maricopa Labor Study).

Major industries/employers in the area include governmental services – the City of Maricopa and the Maricopa Unified School District – and several private entities. These include automotive testing facilities, such as the Volkswagen North American Proving Grounds and the Nissan Technical Center. Due to its significant agricultural heritage, Maricopa has developed related local industries demonstrated in Shamrock Farms Dairy, Pinal Feeding Company, LP Steel Industries and T & K Red River Cattle. The community is home to two leading agricultural research facilities in the University of Arizona's Maricopa Agricultural Center and the United States Department of Agriculture's Arid-Land Agricultural Research Center. M also boasts gaming attractions – Harrah's Ak-Chin Casino Resort – and golf entertainment at Southern Dunes Golf Course and The Duke at Rancho El Dorado Golf Course. Maricopa is fast becoming a "clean and green" industry hub as home to Pinal Energy, the state's first ethanol plant, and Waste Management/Garrick's green waste to fuel project. A 300 megawatt Maricopa Solar Park project has also been proposed and would be located on 1,730 acres of federal land near the City.

Bashas', Fry's Marketplace, and Super Walmart anchor three significant existing retail centers located in Maricopa. Additional development projects are bringing new shopping and dining options to Maricopa. In June 2014, the Maricopa City Council approved a site plan for a development called Maricopa Station. Located on a 2.45-acre site at the northeast corner of SR 347 and Smith-Enke Road, Maricopa Station includes a 7,800 square foot multi-tenant shops building and 3,300 square foot drive through restaurant. Vacancy rates for all types of commercial space remain very low at 7.1% for retail, 6.6% for office and 0% for industrial as of the end of fourth quarter FY 2014-2015.

Higher education is a priority for Maricopa's future and Central Arizona College is delivering through the development of a 217-acre campus with anticipated total population of more than 20,000 at full build-out. On December 16, 2011, Central Arizona College broke ground on Phase I of this new campus and the first classes were held in spring 2013. The attraction of healthcare services to the community has been a strong focus for the City of Maricopa since its inception. Banner Health Center, the City's first major medical facility, opened on May 16, 2012. The 40,000 square foot center was made possible through a public-private partnership between the City and Banner Health. Primary and specialty medical care services are offered and Banner Health has plans to expand the facility and its services as local demand requires. In September 2012, Dignity Health Arizona announced that it had acquired land in the City for a future 32,000 square foot emergency hospital. The healthcare provider also opened an urgent care center in spring 2013.





The current Maricopa housing market mirrors that of similar communities in the Phoenix Metro region. While new home building in Maricopa has slowed from the boom of 2006-2007, trends have remained consistent with the rest of the Phoenix market. Maricopa issues an average of 25 new single family home permits per month. Slow, steady growth is projected for 2015-2016 and beyond. In addition, Maricopa's homes continue to sell faster than the average Valley rate with significant investment from Canadian visitors. The housing vacancy rate has continued to fall and was less than 5% by the end of the fiscal year.

Due to its rapid development and current dependency upon the Greater Phoenix area for employment opportunities, Maricopa's average unemployment rate for 2011 was 12.4% (with a Pinal County average of 11.2%). However, significant investments by the City in municipal projects and economic development as well as local private investments are working to lessen this dependency. Aided by modest economic recovery at the national and regional levels, the City's average annual unemployment rate through June 2014 had fallen to 8.5% (with a Pinal County average of 8.6%).

Major initiatives

Higher education will play a significant role in Maricopa's future as Central Arizona College works to develop its campus; the City is in full support of this project and highly involved in assisting with its execution.

Maricopa's new 45,000 square foot City Hall and adjacent Police station is located on a 20-acre portion of a larger 140-acre piece of City-owned property at White & Parker Road and Bowlin Road. Approximately 10 acres of the 20-acre piece is being reserved for use by private partners for the development of appropriate retail and office uses, up to 140,000 square feet of total development. The remaining 120-acres of City-owned property is envisioned to provide additional quality of life amenities and entertainment options to residents as well as site opportunities for business attraction and development to aid in overall economic growth.

The 52,000 square foot Copper Sky Multigenerational/Aquatics Center and 98-acre Copper Sky Regional Park, the destination for sports, fitness, recreation and leisure activities in Maricopa, has been in operation for one year. It hosts regional athletic tournaments and special community events including the Salsa Festival, Merry Copa, Great American BBQ and Fishing Derby. With nearly 500,000 visitors in its first year, it has become the center of activity in Maricopa.

The City is also implementing initiatives to support local business growth as well as attract larger employers to the community. The City received USDA grant funds to launch its first small business incubator, which opened in February 2013. The Maricopa Center for Entrepreneurship (MCE) provides business training and business incubation services to local start-up companies with the goal of diversifying the local economy.

Progress continues on the development of 50 acres of City-owned land as a mixed use business park. The Estrella Gin Business Park site is located just west of the intersection of Edison Road and Roosevelt Avenue. Planned to be developed through a public-private partnership, it is the City's leading project to spur local economic growth. The goal for the business park is to provide employment opportunities for local residents by allowing expanding businesses to remain in the community and facilitating the relocation of industry to Maricopa. Approximately 40 acres will be available for commercial development, anticipated to include a mix of industrial, office and flex space. Fire Station 575 has already opened on two acres at the south end of the site, a Public Works/Fire/Fleet Maintenance facility is nearing completion, and the City has set aside land for the potential relocation of the existing Amtrak station to the site.





In June 2014, the Arizona State Transportation Board voted to adopt the 2015-2019 Five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program, which includes funding for an overpass project at State Route 347 and Union Pacific Railroad crossing. The board's action determines which projects are now programmed in Greater Arizona while allocating dedicated funding to the preservation of Arizona's existing highway system over the next five years. In October 2015, the Arizona Department of Transportation in partnership with the City received a \$15.0 million Federal grant for construction of the overpass.

Relevant financial policies

The Council is required to adopt a budget no later than July 1 of each year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Maricopa's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g., police). Department Directors may transfer resources within a department as they see fit with the City Manager's approval. Transfers between departments; however, require approval from the City Council.

It is the City of Maricopa's policy that half of "one-time" resource inflows from construction-related activities be reserved for capital outlay purposes. The General Fund annual budget shall also include contingency funds equal to at least ten percent of budgeted expenditures in order to accommodate unplanned and unforeseen budgetary needs throughout the fiscal year.

Long-term financial planning

Unassigned fund balance of \$26.7 million in the General Fund represents 93 percent of total General Fund budgeted expenditures. This falls within the 30 percent policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes.

In accordance with the City's budget policies, the City shall adopt a balanced budget. A balanced budget means total budgetary expenditures shall be equal to or less than total financial resources available (revenues plus available fund balance). For financial planning purposes, the City now prepares a Comprehensive Financial Plan to initiate the annual budget process.

The Comprehensive Financial Plan provides a five-year perspective on the financial condition of the City's General Fund and any other appropriated funds deemed necessary. For the FY14-15 budget process, a Comprehensive Financial Plan was prepared for both the General Fund and the Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) as these are the two largest operating funds in the City. This plan provided a long-range context for staff and the City Council to make budgetary decisions for the upcoming fiscal year.

The financial forecasts are utilized to examine the revenue and expenditure structures a period of five years and include forecasted fund balance information.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (93 percent of General Fund budgeted expenditures) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes.

The City is committed to matching its expenditures with available revenues, and has restructured several departments to re-align service delivery to better serve the citizens at a lower cost.





AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

<u>Award.</u> The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In order to be awarded this certificate, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

This certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the programs' requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year 2014-15 certificate.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Financial Services department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Gregory E. Rose, ICMA-CM

City Manager

Brenda K. Hasler, CPA Interim Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

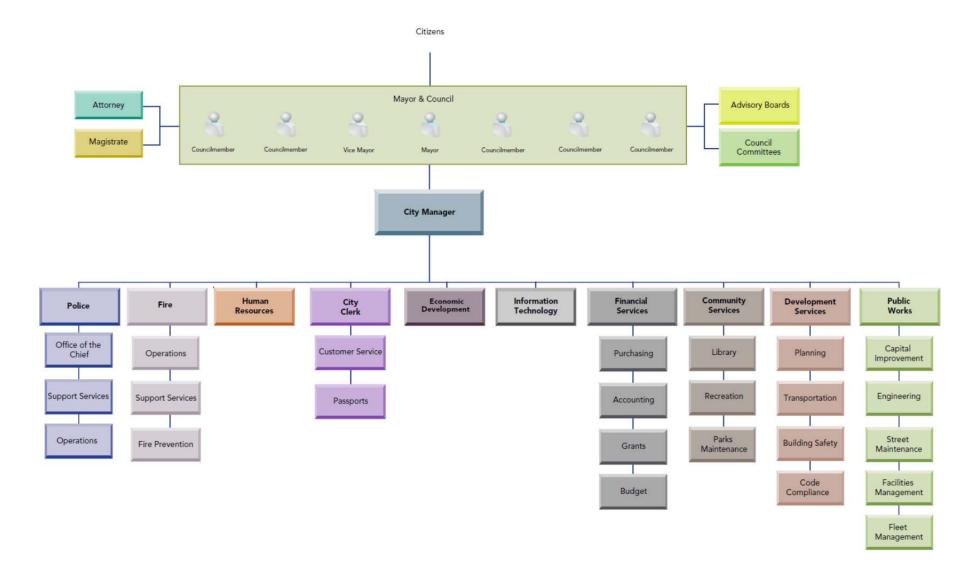
Presented to

City of Maricopa Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Christian Price

Vice-Mayor Marvin Brown

Council Member Peggy Chapados

Council Member Bridger Kimball

Council Member Vincent Manfredi

Council Member Nancy Smith

Council Member Henry Wade

CITY STAFF

City Manager Gregory Rose

City Clerk Vanessa Bueras

Community Services Director Kristie Riester

Development Services Director Martin Scribner

Economic Development Director Denyse Airheart

Fire Chief Brady Leffler

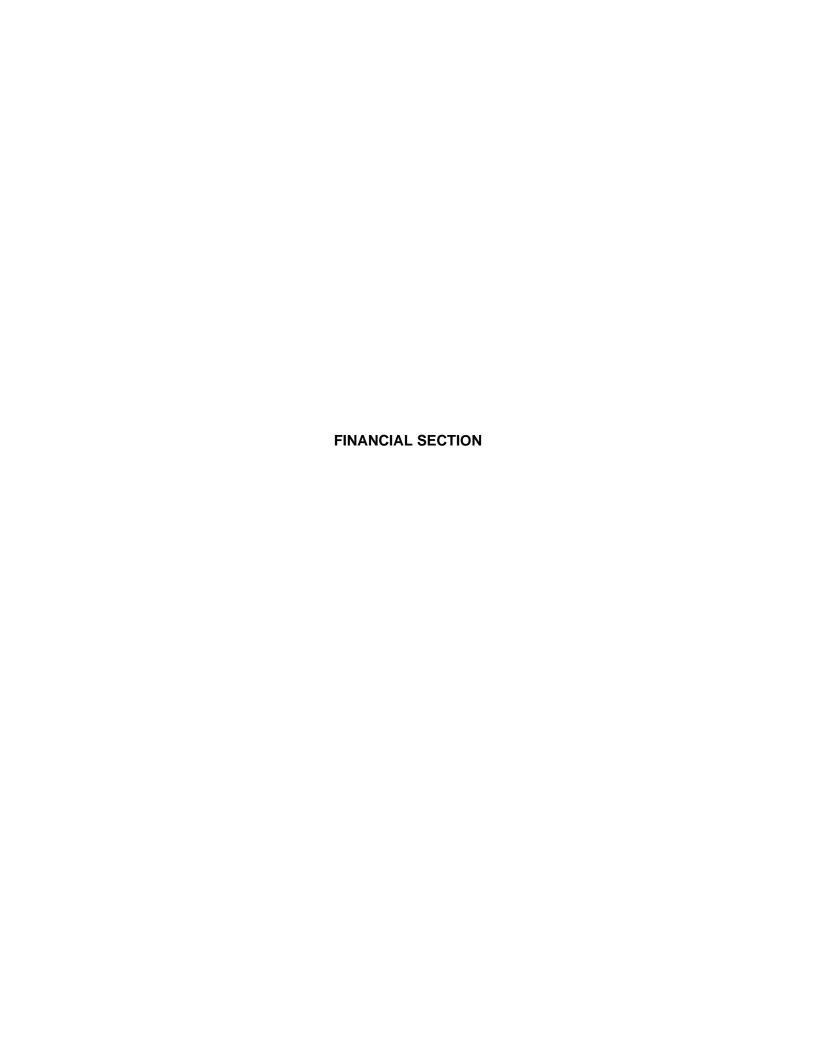
Human Resources Director Kathleen Haggerty

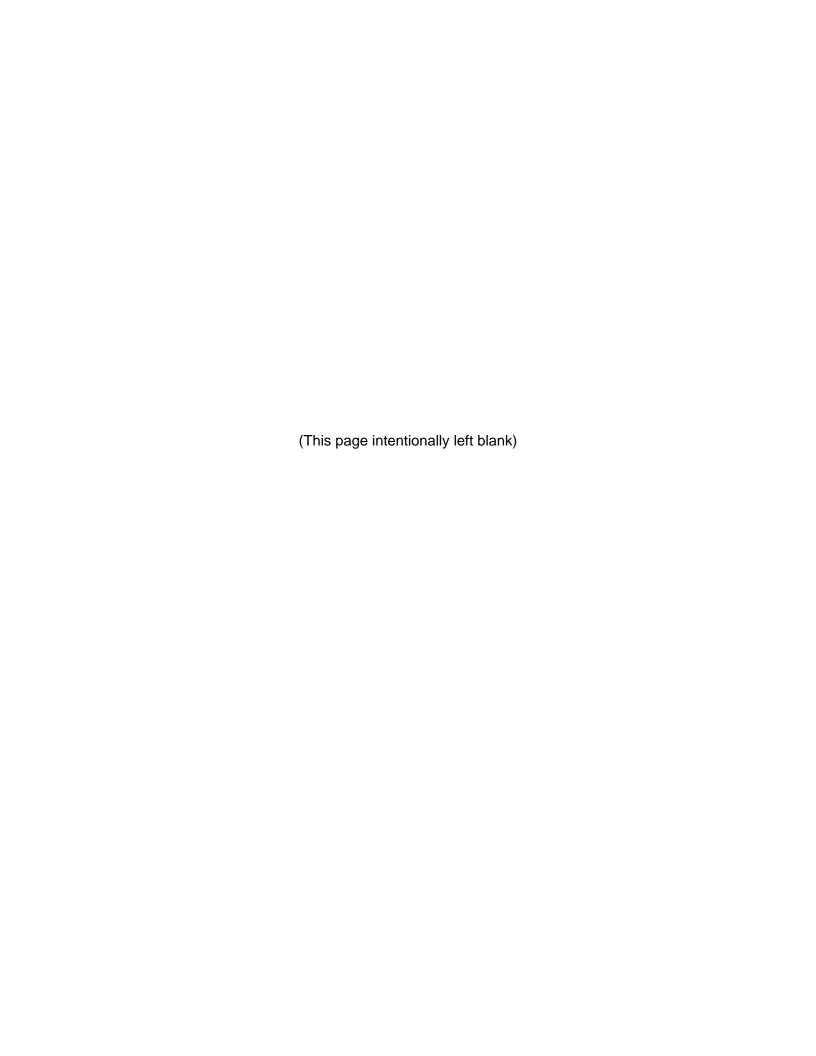
Intergovernmental Affairs Director Paul Jepson

Interim Financial Services Director Brenda Hasler

Police Chief Steve Stahl

Public Works Director William Fay





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Maricopa, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Maricopa, Arizona (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Maricopa, Arizona, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the City implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, for the year ended June 30, 2015, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2016, on our consideration of City of Maricopa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Maricopa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HEINFELD, MEECH & CO., P.C. CPAs and Business Consultants

teinfeld, melch & Co., P.C.

January 18, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

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As management of the City of Maricopa, Arizona (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis provide those significant key financial highlights for 2014-15 as follows:

- The City's total net position of governmental activities increased \$488,902 to \$245.6 million representing a less than one percent increase over the prior year.
- General revenues from governmental activities accounted for \$38.8 million in revenue, or 81
 percent of all revenues from governmental activities. Program specific revenues in the form
 of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9.1 million or 19 percent
 of total governmental activities revenues.
- The City had \$47.4 million in expenses related to governmental activities, a decrease of less than one percent from the prior fiscal year.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$32.0 million in current fiscal year revenues, which primarily consisted of property tax, sales tax, and intergovernmental revenues, and \$28.8 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increase from \$24.7 million at the prior fiscal year end to \$26.7 million at the end of the current fiscal year was primarily due to increases in intergovernmental revenues, and concerted efforts to reduce the costs of operations.
- The Debt Service Fund had \$5.2 million in revenues. Expenditures totaled \$3.8 million, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$1.5 million.
- The Transportation Impact Fee Fund, had \$802,431 in revenues. Fund expenditures totaled \$2.6 million resulting in a decrease in fund balance of \$1.8 million to \$19.6 million due to the use of accumulated fund balance to enable long-needed road improvements.
- The General Government CIP Fund had \$1.2 million in revenues and expenditures of \$2.8 million for the construction of a new police substation, and the purchase of Police vehicles.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

In the government-wide financial statements the City's activities are presented in the following categories:

• **Governmental activities** – Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, community services, development services, public works, and interest on long-term debt. Sales taxes, property taxes, state shared revenues, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are governmental funds.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Debt Service, Transportation Impact Fee, and General Government CIP Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules as supplementary information presented with these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget process. The City adopts an annual expenditure budget for all governmental funds. A schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual has been provided for the General Fund as required supplementary information presented with these financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$245.6 million at the current fiscal year end.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment, computer and software, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of the City's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	Governmental Activities				
	2015	2014			
Current and other assets	\$ 85,917,992	\$ 82,259,425			
Capital assets, net	221,819,497	224,068,171			
Total assets	307,737,489	306,327,596			
5 6 1 10					
Deferred outflows	3,232,884				
Current liabilities	6,317,260	3,324,033			
Long-term liabilities	56,356,463	48,335,582			
Total liabilities	62,673,723	51,659,615			
Deferred inflows	2,652,021				
Not investment in capital accets	176 252 607	176 940 760			
Net investment in capital assets	176,253,607	176,849,760			
Restricted	52,707,824	54,993,935			
Unrestricted	16,683,198	22,824,286			
Total net position	\$ 245,644,629	\$ 254,667,981			

At the end of the current fiscal year the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net position.

- The City acquired \$7.8 million in capital asset additions with an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$9.7 million.
- Current assets increased \$3.7 million primarily due to increased cash and investment balances at fiscal year end resulting from concerted efforts to reduce the costs of operations.
- Bonds payable decreased due to the principal retirement of \$1.7 during the fiscal year.
- An increase in long-term liabilities of \$9.6 million due to the recognition of pension obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position. The City's total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$47.9 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$47.4 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	Governmental Activities					
		2015	2014			
Revenues:				_		
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,702,481	\$	2,428,962		
Operating grants and contributions		3,962,746		5,938,010		
Capital grants and contributions		1,470,367		1,486,660		
General revenues:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		9,328,535		9,391,368		
Property taxes, levied for debt service		4,761,714		3,542,070		
Sales taxes		8,791,279		8,684,810		
Franchise taxes		362,791		344,151		
Unrestricted grants, aid, and state						
shared revenues		15,108,669		13,514,587		
Investment income		446,606		472,562		
Total revenues		47,935,188		45,803,180		
Expenses:						
General government		8,034,855		9,718,746		
Public safety		19,253,044		18,672,370		
Community services		8,245,420		5,687,823		
Development services		2,624,718		3,091,943		
Public works		7,189,840		7,547,174		
Interest on long-term debt		2,098,409		3,100,559		
Total expenses		47,446,286		47,818,615		
Changes in net position		488,902		(2,015,435)		
Net position, beginning, as restated		245,155,727		256,683,416		
Net position, ending	\$	245,644,629	\$	254,667,981		

- Total revenues increased \$2.1 million, or five percent, primarily due to increases in unrestricted state revenues and increased collections for charges for services from the Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park.
- Total expenses decreased \$372,329, or one percent, primarily due to concerted efforts to reduce the costs of operations.
- The increase in charges for services revenues of \$1.3 million was primarily due to increased collections resulting from the first full fiscal year of operation of the Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park.
- The decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$2.0 million was primarily due to the one time receipt of a \$2.0 million pass-through grant from the Ak-Chin Indian Community to the Maricopa Unified School District in the prior fiscal year.
- The increase in unrestricted grants, air and state shared revenues of \$1.6 million was primarily due to increases in unrestricted state revenues received for sales and vehicle license taxes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

	Year Ended Ju	ne 30, 2015	Year Ended Ju	ne 30, 2014		
	Total	Net (Expense)/	Net (Expense)/ Total			
	Expenses	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue		
General government	\$ 8,034,855	\$ (7,835,108)	\$ 9,718,746	\$ (7,576,923)		
Public safety	19,253,044	(16,967,405)	18,672,370	(16,955,842)		
Community services	8,245,420	(4,973,675)	5,687,823	(3,663,113)		
Development services	2,624,718	(1,998,291)	3,091,943	(2,376,361)		
Public works	7,189,840	(4,746,313)	7,547,174	(4,601,004)		
Interest on long-term debt	2,098,409	(1,789,900)	3,100,559	(2,791,740)		
Total	\$ 47,446,286	\$ (38,310,692)	\$ 47,818,615	\$ (37,964,983)		

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$47.4 million.
- Federal and State grants and contributions and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$9.1 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$38.3 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes of \$14.1 million, sales taxes of \$8.8 million, and state shared revenues of \$15.1 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the City as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$79.4 million, an increase of \$1.2 million due primarily to increases in unrestricted state revenues and increased collections for charges for services from the Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. The increase in fund balance of \$2.0 million for the fiscal year to \$26.7 million was due primarily due to increases in intergovernmental revenues, and concerted efforts to reduce the costs of operations.

The General Government CIP Fund balance decreased by \$1.6 million to an ending fund balance of \$14.9 million due to the construction of a new police substation, and the purchase of police vehicles.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The Transportation Impact Fee Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$1.8 million due to the use of accumulated fund balance to enable long-needed road improvements.

The Debt Service Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$1.5 million due primarily to secondary property tax collections exceeding the levy budget.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant variances between the original and final budgets and the final budget and actual amounts for the General Fund are as follows:

- Sales tax revenues increased from the prior year due to the slowly increasing economic recovery and the continued growth of the City.
- Due to a reduction of the primary property tax levy by the county, and a decrease in the primary property tax rate, property tax revenues are below the budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At year end, the City had invested \$275.9 million in capital assets, including buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, and infrastructure assets. This amount represents a net increase prior to depreciation of \$7.3 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to the completion of Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park, construction of a new police substation and commencement of construction on the Fire and Fleet Maintenance building. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$9.7 million.

The following schedule presents capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

	As of	As of
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Land and land improvements	\$ 87,428,714	\$ 87,259,807
Infrastructure	86,232,511	86,148,345
Buildings and improvements	76,194,277	75,114,253
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	18,914,453	17,522,881
Construction in progress	7,121,937	2,541,026
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(54,072,395)	(44,518,141)
Total	\$ 221,819,497	\$ 224,068,171

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Debt Administration. – At year end, the City had \$45.6 million in long-term debt outstanding, \$1.6 million due within one year.

State statutes currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to 20 percent of its total assessed valuation for water, sewer, lights, open space preserves, parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities. The current debt limitation for the City is \$41.5 million, of which \$32.8 million is issued and outstanding. State statutes also currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a City may issue to 6 percent of its total assessed valuation for all other purposes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$12.4 million, of which \$8.6 million is issued and outstanding.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

City management considered many factors in the process of developing the operating budget for the fiscal year 2015-16. The most significant factors affecting the subsequent year's budget are:

- Primary property tax assessments remain relatively unchanged from prior year with an increase in the total assessment due to the impact of new construction.
- Sales tax revenues increased due to continued growth in the City as well as the continuing slow economic recovery, especially in the area of construction. State shared and intergovernmental revenues slightly increased as well.
- Operating expenditures were assumed to increase due to increased service levels based on the operating impacts of several key projects as well as increased healthcare costs and "merit-based" increases in personnel costs.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Financial Services Department, City of Maricopa, Arizona; City Hall; 39700 W. Civic Center Plaza; Maricopa, Arizona 85138.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		overnmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:	_	
Cash and investments	\$	83,539,179
Taxes receivable		445,028
Accounts receivable		194,518
Intergovernmental receivables		1,723,621
Prepaid items		15,646
Total current assets		85,917,992
Noncurrent assets:		04 550 054
Land and other non-depreciable assets		94,550,651
Infrastructure, buildings, equipment and other depreciable assets		181,341,241
Accumulated depreciation		(54,072,395)
Total noncurrent assets		221,819,497
Total assets		307,737,489
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension plan items		3,232,884
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		3,725,131
Accrued wages and benefits		552,767
Customer deposits		475
Due to other governments		2,038,887
Compensated absences payable		853,663
Bonds payable		1,645,000
Total current liabilities		8,815,923
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		315,738
Bonds payable		43,920,890
Net pension liability		9,621,172
Total noncurrent liabilities		53,857,800
Total liabilities		62,673,723
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension plan items		2,652,021
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		176,253,607
Restricted for:		
Public safety		468,188
Highways and streets		31,865,418
Capital outlay		15,330,024
Grants		756,909
Parks and recreation		4,287,285
Unrestricted		16,683,198
Total net position	\$	245,644,629

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Prog	gram Revenues			F	Net (Expense) Revenue and changes in Net Position
			Charges for	Ор	erating Grants	(Capital Grants	(Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	and	d Contributions	an	d Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:	_				_				_
General government	\$ 8,034,855	\$	199,747	\$		\$		\$	(7,835,108)
Public safety	19,253,044		1,516,033		403,692		365,914		(16,967,405)
Community services	8,245,420		1,778,214		1,493,531				(4,973,675)
Development services	2,624,718		208,487		93,491		324,449		(1,998,291)
Public works	7,189,840				1,663,523		780,004		(4,746,313)
Interest on long-term debt	 2,098,409				308,509				(1,789,900)
Total governmental activities	\$ 47,446,286	\$	3,702,481	\$	3,962,746	\$	1,470,367		(38,310,692)
	General re Taxes:	eve	nues:						
			taxes, levied for						9,328,535
		•	taxes, levied for	debt	service				4,761,714
	Sales								8,791,279
			e taxes						362,791
			d grants, aid, and	l stat	e shared reveni	ues			15,108,669
	Investme								446,606
	Tota	al g	eneral revenue	S					38,799,594
	Changes i	in n	net position						488,902
	Net positi	on,	beginning of ye	ear, a	as restated			_	245,155,727
	Net positi	on,	end of year					\$	245,644,629

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ACCETO	G	eneral Fund	Deb	ot Service	ansportation npact Fee
ASSETS Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$	28,649,408 265,887	\$	179,141	\$ 20,027,140
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds		194,518 1,057,432 248,600		155,034	
Prepaid items Total assets	\$	15,646 30,431,491	\$	334,175	\$ 20,027,140
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits	\$	1,168,333 465,145	\$		\$ 503,752
Due to other funds Customer deposits Due to other governments		475 2,038,887		248,600	
Total liabilities		3,672,840		248,600	503,752
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		86,506		88,495	
Total deferred inflows of resources		86,506		88,495	
Fund balances (deficits): Nonspendable		15,646			
Restricted Unassigned		26,656,499		(2,920)	19,523,388
Total fund balances		26,672,145		(2,920)	 19,523,388
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	30,431,491	\$	334,175	\$ 20,027,140

Gov	General vernment CIP	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	15,666,702	\$ 19,195,929	\$	83,539,179 445,028
		511,155		194,518 1,723,621 248,600
\$	15,666,702	\$ 19,707,084	\$	15,646 86,166,592
\$	784,952	\$ 1,268,094 87,622	\$	3,725,131 552,767 248,600
	704070	 4 055 740		475 2,038,887
	784,952	 1,355,716		6,565,860
		 48,682		175,001 48,682
		 48,682		223,683
	14,881,750	18,302,686		15,646 52,707,824
	14,881,750	 18,302,686		26,653,579 79,377,049
\$	15,666,702	\$ 19,707,084	\$	86,166,592

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 79,377,049
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 275,891,892 (54,072,395)	221,819,497
Some receivables collected 60 days after fiscal year end will not be available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds		
Property taxes intergovernmental	175,001 48,682	223,683
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,232,884 (2,652,021)	580,863
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable Bonds payable Bond premium Net pension liability	(1,169,401) (44,740,000) (825,890) (9,621,172)	 (56,356,463)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 245,644,629

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund		De	ebt Service	Transportation Impact Fee		
Revenues:							
Property taxes		9,810,181	\$	4,905,235	\$		
Sales taxes		7,580,110					
Franchise taxes		362,791					
Licenses, fees & permits	4	807,472 1,475,441		308,509			
Intergovernmental revenues Impact fees	ı	1,475,441		300,309		780,004	
Charges for services		771,863				700,004	
Fines, forfeitures & penalties		628,782					
Investment income		411,471				22,427	
Miscellaneous		182,262				22,421	
Total revenues	3	2,030,373	-	5,213,744	-	802,431	
Total Tovollaco		2,000,010		0,210,744		002,401	
Expenditures:							
Current -							
General government		6,319,869					
Public safety	1	7,956,106					
Community services		2,030,635					
Development services		1,296,120					
Public works		1,037,334					
Capital outlay		135,328				2,563,649	
Debt service -							
Principal retirement				1,610,000			
Interest and fiscal charges				2,140,960			
Total expenditures	2	8,775,392		3,750,960		2,563,649	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,254,981		1,462,784		(1,761,218)	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in							
Transfers out	(1,250,000)					
Total other financing sources (uses):	(1,250,000)					
Changes in fund balances		2,004,981		1,462,784		(1,761,218)	
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	2	4,667,164		(1,465,704)		21,284,606	
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 2	6,672,145	\$	(2,920)	\$	19,523,388	

General Government CIP	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,211,169	\$	\$ 14,715,416 8,791,279 362,791 807,472
	7,368,629 609,199	19,152,579 1,389,203
	1,312,102	2,083,965 628,782
	12,708	446,606 182,262
1,211,169	9,302,638	48,560,355
	4,800 526,414	6,324,669 18,482,520
	3,449,910	5,480,545
	447,524	1,743,644
2,803,158	1,543,854 3,452,869	2,581,188 8,955,004
2,003,130	3,432,009	0,955,004
		1,610,000
2 902 159	0.405.274	2,140,960
2,803,158	9,425,371	47,318,530
(1,591,989)	(122,733)	1,241,825
	1,250,000	1,250,000
		(1,250,000)
	1,250,000	
(1,591,989)	1,127,267	1,241,825
16,473,739	17,175,419	78,135,224
\$ 14,881,750	\$ 18,302,686	\$ 79,377,049

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,241,825
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	7,431,302 (9,676,976)	(2,245,674)
Some revenues collected 60 days after fiscal year end do not provide current financial resources, and are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Intergovernmental	(625,167) 48,682	(576,485)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,610,000
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension liability, adjusted for deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Current year pension contributions Pension expense	1,899,188 (1,427,243)	471,945
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(3,000)	
Amortization of bond premium	42,551	
Compensated absences	(52,260)	 (12,709)
Change in net position in governmental activities		\$ 488,902

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Maricopa, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. This Statement requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize the long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and new required supplementary information.

The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal entity governed by an elected mayor and council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City, the primary government.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The City is a primary government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments; and therefore is not a component unit of any other reporting entity.

In a prior year, the City had formed an Industrial Development Authority (IDA) to provide conduit financing to spur economic development opportunities within the greater Maricopa area. The Mayor and Council appoint all seven members of the IDA Board and provide general oversight over the IDA's activities. As of June 30, 2015 the IDA had not incurred any financial transactions and therefore has no financial data to report.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the City as a whole. The reported information includes all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities normally are supported by sales taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. As of June 30, 2015, the City had no business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes, sales taxes, unrestricted state shared revenues, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally it is not measurable until received in cash. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City reports the following major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Transportation Impact Fee Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's transportation impact fee. The revenues in this fund are restricted for specific capital outlay purposes.

<u>General Government CIP Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for construction in progress for general government projects.

D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The City Council formally adopts an annual budget for all operating funds. The statutory level of control at which expenditures may not exceed budget is at the total expenditure level. However, the City's internal adopted policy is that expenditures may not exceed the budgets by departments within each fund, except for bond and grants-in-aid funds, which are exempted by statute. Upon written request from the City Manager, the Council has the authority to transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department or fund to another. The City Manager, upon request from Department Heads, may approve transfers of appropriations between divisions and expenditure categories within departments.

On June 3, 1980, the voters of Arizona approved an expenditure limitation for all governments. This limitation restricts the growth of expenditures to a percentage determined by population and inflation, with certain expenditures excluded from the limitation. Through a vote of the qualified electors, a government may permanently adjust its base limitation to increase its annual expenditure limitation. At the general election held November 2, 2004, the City of Maricopa voters approved a permanent adjustment of \$9,750,000 to the City's base limitation.

E. Property Taxes

Arizona Revised Statutes require that taxes be levied on or before the third Monday in August. Taxes are levied and collected by the Pinal County Treasurer's Office on real and personal properties. Real property taxes, payable in two installments, are due November 1 and May 1. Personal property taxes are billed throughout the year. Interest and penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay the tax within a period of time specified by law. Taxes are considered to be a lien against real property at the date of the levy.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The property tax levy, as described in the Arizona State Statutes, is divided into two levies, a primary levy and a secondary levy. Secondary taxes are levied strictly for the retirement and redemption of bonded indebtedness, while the primary levy may be used for any legal operating purpose.

The primary property tax levy is limited to a two percent annual increase over the prior year's maximum allowable levy plus an adjustment for properties that were not taxed in the previous year.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

General government infrastructure capital assets include only those assets acquired or constructed since July 1, 2004. The City qualified as a Phase 3 implementer of GASB 34, and has elected under that standard to not report infrastructure assets in existence prior to that date. As part of the development process, the developers are required to construct much of the infrastructure in and around their developments. At completion, these infrastructure assets are donated to the City and capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	20 years
Buildings	20-40 years
Infrastructure	12-50 years
Vehicles	5-7 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Computers/Software	3-5 years

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave vests with the employee as it is earned. All employees may carry forward only the amount of vacation benefits allowed per the vesting schedule in the City of Maricopa Personnel Policies and Procedures. Upon termination or retirement, an employee will be compensated for accumulated vacation leave. Payment will be based upon the individual's rate of pay at termination or retirement. Upon death, the same benefits shall be paid to the employee's beneficiary. Sick leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. The current and long-term liabilities, including related benefits, for accumulated vacation leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are recognized during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

K. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another, without a requirement for repayment, are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

L. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the City applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

M. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses when consumed in the government-wide financial statements and as expenditures when purchased in the fund financial statements.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. As a result of City Council action, the City Manager or his/her designee is authorized and empowered to assign fund balance to a specific purpose in accordance with and in relation to City budget and financial policies.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had be restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The table below provides detail of the major components of the City's fund balance classifications at year end.

	_	eneral Fund	Debt Service Fund	ansportation mpact Fee Fund	G	General Sovernment CIP Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds
Fund Balances:				_		_	 _
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$	15,646	\$	\$	\$		\$
Restricted:							
Transportation projects				19,523,388			12,342,030
Parks and recreation projects							4,287,285
Capital projects						14,881,750	
Public safety projects							468,188
Federal and state projects							1,205,183
Unassigned:	26	,656,499	(2,920)				
Total fund balances	\$26	,672,145	\$ (2,920)	\$ 19,523,388	\$	14,881,750	\$ 18,302,686

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Individual Deficit Fund Balance</u> – At year end, the Debt Service Fund, a major governmental fund, reported a deficit of \$2,920 in fund balance.

The deficit arose because of the timing between property tax collections and debt principal and interest payments. Resources to be provided by future property tax levies are expected to eliminate the deficit.

Excess Expenditures Over Budget – At year end, the City had expenditures in funds that exceeded the budgets, however, this does not constitute a violation of any legal provisions.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A.R.S. authorize the City to invest public monies in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations of the State and certain local government subdivisions, interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit, collateralized repurchase agreements, certain obligations of U.S. corporations, and certain other securities. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the City's investments. All investments are stated at fair value.

Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,775,323 and the bank balance was \$2,953,333. At year end \$2,703,333 of the City's deposits was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name.

The State Treasurer's pools are external investment pools, the Local Government Investment Pool (Pool 5) and Local Government Investment Pool-Government (Pool 7), with no regulatory oversight. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the City's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the City's investments consisted of the following:

			t Maturities ears)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	Concentration of Credit Risk
Short Term Investments	\$ 1,413,046	\$ 1,413,046	\$	2%
U.S. Treasuries	25,329,898	8,327,743	17,002,155	31%
U.S. Agencies:				
Federal Home Loan Banks	11,613,685	1,400,440	10,213,245	14%
Farmer Mac	1,650,474	1,650,474		2%
Fannie Mae	2,503,468	2,503,468		3%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4,872,758	3,274,636	1,598,122	6%
Federal National Mortgage Association	4,689,414		4,689,414	5%
Federal Farm Credit Banks	4,002,788		4,002,788	1%
Tennessee Valley Authority	588,443		588,443	5%
Freddie Mac	4,290,711		4,290,711	
State of Arizona Bonds:				2%
Arizona School Facilities Board	1,300,000		1,300,000	
Corporate Securities:				2%
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	1,751,586	1,751,586		1%
Toyota Motor Credit	750,722		750,722	1%
Chevron	749,685		749,685	
		\$20,321,393	\$45,185,285	
State Treasurer's investment pool 5	12,869,481	47 days averag	e maturities	16%
State Treasurer's investment pool 7	 3,387,697	84 days averag	e maturities	4%
Total	\$ 81,763,856			

Interest Rate Risk. The City's formal investment policy limits interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with the anticipated cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding, as much as possible, the need to sell securities into an adverse market environment prior to maturity and utilizing external research and advice regarding the current interest rate outlook and global economic condition to optimize portfolio duration strategy.

Credit Risk. The City's formal investment policy limits credit risk by limiting investments in the portfolio to the asset classes designated as acceptable in A.R.S. §35-323, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one individual issuer held in the portfolio will be limited and by utilizing external research and advice regarding the current global economic condition and its impact on the outlook for domestic corporate credit quality. The State Treasurer's investment pool 7 had a weighted average rating of AAA at year end as it was invested in obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The State Treasurer's investment pool 5 was rated AAA f/S1+ by Standard and Poor's at year end. The City's investments in corporate securities were rated A3, Aa3, and Aa1 by Moody's Investors Service and A, AA-, and AA by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectibles, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of intergovernmental receivables. Intergovernmental receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year end for the City's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate were as follows:

	General Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Intergovernmental receivables:			_			
Due from federal government	\$	\$	155,034	\$	42,342	
Due from state government	1,057,432				319,459	
Due from county government					149,354	
Net intergovernmental receivables	\$1,057,432	\$	155,034	\$	511,155	

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	 			
Land	\$ 87,259,807	168,907	\$	\$ 87,428,714
Construction in progress	 2,541,026	4,947,336	 366,425	7,121,937
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	89,800,833	5,116,243	366,425	 94,550,651
Capital assets, being depreciated:	 			
Buildings	45,657,834	515,271		46,173,105
Improvements other than buildings	29,456,419	564,753		30,021,172
Infrastructure	86,148,345	84,166		86,232,511
Vehicles	7,616,599	242,264	121,150	7,737,713
Machinery and equipment	7,409,483	877,210	4,572	8,282,121
Computers/Software	 2,496,799	397,820		2,894,619
Total capital, assets being depreciated	178,785,479	2,681,484	125,722	 181,341,241
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_		_	
Buildings	(3,770,792)	(2,303,498)		(6,074,290)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,402,417)	(1,497,456)		(2,899,873)
Infrastructure	(29,950,471)	(4,310,924)		(34,261,395)
Vehicles	(4,853,613)	(595,082)	(118,150)	(5,330,545)
Machinery and equipment	(2,747,921)	(734,189)	(4,572)	(3,477,538)
Computes/Software	 (1,792,927)	(235,827)		(2,028,754)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (44,518,141)	(9,676,976)	 (122,722)	(54,072,395)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 134,267,338	 (6,995,492)	 3,000	127,268,846
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 224,068,171	\$ (1,879,249)	\$ 369,425	\$ 221,819,497

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governn	nental	activities:
	iiciitai	activities.

General government	\$ 1,069,760
Public safety	1,263,701
Community service	2,747,063
Public works	4,596,452
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 9,676,976

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – At year end, the City had contractual commitments related to various capital projects for the construction of a park and certain infrastructure projects. At year end the City had spent \$7.1 million on the projects and had estimated remaining contractual commitments of \$40.1 million.

NOTE 7 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The due to other governments amount reported in the General Fund consists of monies held for the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO). RICO funds are mandated by Federal and State law and are not considered City funds until the applicable cases are fully adjudicated in Federal or State court and awarded to the City. A portion of the monies will be payable to other jurisdictions. Once these monies are awarded to the City, the RICO funds are limited to use for qualified expenses related to fighting and preventing crime.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year end consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$13.9 million remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt.

Purpose	Original Amount Issued	Interest Rates	Remaining Maturities	Outstanding Principal ine 30, 2015	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities: GADA Bond, Series 2010 A GO Bonds Series B, 2013 Total	\$ 20,000,000 31,605,000	4.0 - 6.3% 3.0 - 4.3%	7/1/16-31 7/1/16-35	\$ 13,925,000 30,815,000 44,740,000	\$	840,000 805,000 1,645,000

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Principal and interest payments on the general obligations bonds payable at year end are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities			ctivities
Year ending June 30:		Principal Interes		Interest	
	2016	\$ 1,645,000 \$ 1,758		1,758,418	
	2017		1,685,000		1,993,781
	2018		1,735,000		1,920,225
	2019	1,790,000 1,841,5		1,841,554	
	2020	1,845,000 1,758,5		1,758,572	
	2021-25	10,360,000 7,344,02		7,344,021	
	2026-30	12,615,000 4,451,60		4,451,600	
	2031-35		13,065,000		1,253,324
Total		\$ 44,740,000 \$ 22,321,49		22,321,495	

B. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term obligation activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 46,350,000	\$	\$ 1,610,000	\$ 44,740,000	\$ 1,645,000
Premium	868,441		42,551	825,890	
Total bonds payable	47,218,441		1,652,551	45,565,890	1,645,000
Net pension liability	9,512,254	108,918		9,621,172	
Compensated absences payable	1,117,141	2,312,821	2,260,561	1,169,401	853,663
Governmental activity long-term					
liabilities	\$ 57,847,836	\$ 2,421,739	\$ 3,913,112	\$ 56,356,463	\$ 2,498,663

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The transfer of \$1,250,000 from the General Fund to the Copper Sky Fund, a non-major governmental fund, was used to support the maintenance and operations of the Regional Park and Mutigenerational Center.

At year end the Debt service Fund had a negative cash balance of \$248,600 in the City's pooled cash accounts. The negative cash was reduced by interfund borrowing with the General Fund. The terms of repayment of the interfund balance will be determined by the City Council and any amounts to be repaid within one year have not been determined as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 10 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Lawsuits</u> – The City is a party to a number of various types of lawsuits, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The ultimate outcome of the actions is not determinable, however, City management believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City mitigates the potential financial effects of these risks through its participation in the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (AMRRP), which is a common risk management and insurance program open to all Arizona municipalities. The City pays an annual premium to AMRRP for its general liability and automobile coverage. The AMRRP membership agreement provides that AMRRP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000 for general liability claims and \$250,000 for property claims. The City is also a member of the Arizona Municipal Workers' Compensation Pool (AMWCP) for workers' compensation insurance. AMWCP is a public entity workers' compensation pool currently operating for member cities and town. The City pays quarterly premiums to AMWCP for its workers' compensation insurance. The agreement provides that AMWCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health, dental, and vision insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

The City reported \$1,899,188 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description. City employees not covered by the other pension plans described after this section participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial

	Membership Date:			
	Before January 1, 2012	On or After January 1, 2012		
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years age 62 5 years age 50* Any years age 65	30 years age 55 25 years age 60 10 years age 62 5 years age 50* Any years age 65		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months		
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%		
-	*With actuarially reduced benefits			

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a members' death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60 percent (11.48 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.60 percent (10.89 percent for retirement, 0.59 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$767,972.

The City's contributions for the current and two preceding years for the Arizona State Retirement System OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Health Benefit Supplement Fund		ng-Term isability Fund
		i uiiu	 i uiiu
Year ending June 30:			
2015	\$	41,607	\$ 8,462
2014		34,200	10,655
2013		35,260	10,026

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$9.6 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ASRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the City's proportion was 0.064 percent, an increase of 0.003 from its proportion as measured as of June 30, 2013.

NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$797,972 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	Inflows of
	R	esources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	485,785	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments			1,671,467
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		388,411	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		767,972	
Total	\$	1,642,168	\$ 1,671,467

The deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ (37,781)
2017	(37,781)
2018	(303,841)
2019	(417,868)

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total ASRS pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2013
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.0-6.75%
Inflation	3.0%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of ASRS are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	63%	7.03%
Fixed income	25	3.20
Real estate	8	4.75
Commodities	4	4.50
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8.0 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$12,081,315	\$9,558,390	\$8,189,577

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions. City public safety employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan. A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Benefits Provided. The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement and disability benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS financial report for additional benefits information.

	Retirement Initial Membership Date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or After January 1, 2012			
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years and age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 20 years	Highest 60 months of last 20 years			
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years or plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement, whichever is greater				
Survivor benefit: Retired members	80% of retired mem	ber's pension benefit			
Active members	80% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

	PSPRS –	PSPRS –
	Police	Fire
Retirees and beneficiaries	3	1
Inactive, non-retired members	4	5
Active members	59	58
Total	66	64

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost. State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2015, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS -	PSPRS –
	Police	Fire
Active members – pension	11.05%	11.05%
City:		
Pension	11.39	11.48
Health insurance	0.69	0.72

In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 19.65 percent for the PSPRS of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the PSPRS.

For the agent plans, the contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended were:

	PSPRS – Police		PSPRS – Fire	
Pension: Contributions made	\$	\$ 508,976		622,240
Health insurance premium benefit:		•		,
Annual OPEB cost		30,834		39,026
Contributions made		30,834		39,026

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2015, the City reported \$162,352 in net pension liability for police and \$99,570 net pension asset for fire. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption.

NOTE 12 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method Discount rate Projected salary increases Inflation	June 30, 2014 Entry age normal 7.85% 4.0 - 8.0% 4.0%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	RP-2000 mortality table,
	adjusted by 105% for both
	males and females

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short-term investments	2%	3.25%
Absolute return	4	6.75
Risk parity	4	6.04
Fixed income	7	4.75
Real assets	8	5.96
GTAA	10	5.73
Private equity	11	9.50
Real estate	11	6.50
Credit opportunities	13	8.00
Non-U.S. equity	14	8.63
U.S. equity	16	7.60
Total	100%	

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Discount Rates. The discount rate of 7.85 was used to measure the total pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension PSPRS plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability

	Increase/Decrease					
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary N			Ν	et Pension	
PSPRS – Police		Liability	Net Position		Liability	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	5,956,497	\$	5,685,744	\$	270,753
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		673,759				673,759
Interest on the total pension liability		485,132				485,132
Changes of benefit terms		(26,537)				(26,537)
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		195,426				195,426
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		165,211				165,211
Contributions – employer				486,264		(486, 264)
Contributions – employee				376,082		(376,082)
Net investment income				812,958		(812,958)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(226,709)		(226,709)		
Administrative expense				(6,547)		6,547
Other changes				(67,365)		67,365
Net changes		1,266,282		1,374,683		(108,401)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	7,222,779	\$	7,060,427	\$	162,352

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability

	Increase/Decrease						
	T	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary			Net Pension		
PSPRS – Fire		Liability	N	Net Position		ability (Asset)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	8,856,489	\$	8,074,813	\$	781,676	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		881,621				881,621	
Interest on the total pension liability		728,939				728,939	
Changes of benefit terms		(30,011)				(30,011)	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience in the measurement of the							
pension liability		(364,760)				(364,760)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		148,219				148,219	
Contributions – employer				611,705		(611,705)	
Contributions – employee				472,460		(472,460)	
Net investment income				1,170,516		(1,170,516)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(22,903)		(22,903)			
Administrative expense				(9,427)		9,427	
Net changes		1,341,105		2,222,351		(881,246)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	10,197,594	\$	10,297,164	\$	(99,570)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current				
	1%	[Discount	1%	
PSPRS – Police:	Decrease		Rate	Increase	
Rate	6.85%		7.85%	8.85%	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$1,356,863	\$	162,352	\$(807,210)	
PSPRS – Fire:					
Rate	6.85%		7.85%	8.85%	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$1,743,051	\$	(99,570)	\$(1,595,931)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized the following as pension expense:

	Pension
	 Expense
PSPRS – Police	\$ 319,091
PSPRS – Fire	310,285

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS – Police Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	Οι	eferred atflows of esources 175,942 148,740 508,976 833,658	Ir	Deferred of lows of esources 265,910 265,910
		eferred	_	eferred aflows of
PSPRS – Fire	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$			331,780
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		134,818		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				382,864
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		622,240		
Total	\$	757,058		714,644

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		ŀ	SPRS –	PSPRS –
Year Ending June 30:			Police	Fire
:	2016	\$	(30,523)	(115,295)
:	2017		(30,523)	(115,295)
:	2018		(30,523)	(115,295)
:	2019		(30,523)	(115,295)
:	2020		35,955	(19,579)
There	after		144,909	(99,067)

Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information. The table below presents the annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and two preceding years:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
PSPRS - Police:				
June 30, 2015	\$	14,300	100%	\$ - 0 -
June 30, 2014		15,440	100%	- 0 -
June 30, 2013		26,353	100%	- 0 -
PSPRS – Fire:				
June 30, 2015	\$	19,528	100%	\$ - 0 -
June 30, 2014		20,030	100%	- 0 -
June 30, 2013		35,473	100%	- 0 -

Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan's assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plan as understood by the City and plan's members and include the types of benefits inforce at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and plan's members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2015 contribution requirements, are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2013 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial

accrued liability, open for

excess

Remaining amortization period 23 years for unfunded

actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market

value (80%/120% market)

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.5%-8.5%
includes inflation at 4.5%

The funded status of the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plan in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for

excess

Remaining amortization period 21 years for unfunded

actuarial accrued liability,

20 years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market

value (80%/120% market)

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4%-8%
includes inflation at 4%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 12 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status. The following table presents the funded status of the health insurance premium benefit plan as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2015.

	PSPRS –		PSPRS –
	 Police		Fire
Actuarial value of assets	\$ 218,533	\$	271,459
Actuarial accrued liability	195,335		335,634
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess)	(23,198)		64,175
Funded ratio	111.88%		80.88%
Annual covered payroll	388,530		4,751,157
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess) as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%		1.35%

Beginning Net Position Restatement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, represents a change in accounting principle. Net position as of July 1, 2014, has been restated as follows for this change in accounting principle:

	Statement of
	Activities
Net position, June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$ 254,667,981
Net pension liability	(9,512,254)
Net position, July 1, 2014, as restated	\$ 245,155,727

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Property taxes	\$ 10,581,107	\$ 10,581,107	\$ 9,810,181	\$ (770,926)
Sales taxes Franchise taxes	7,088,572 298,960	7,088,572 298,960	7,580,110 362,791	491,538 63,831
Licenses and permits	909,600	909,600	807,472	(102,128)
Intergovernmental revenues	11,214,660	11,214,660	11,475,441	260,781
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	425,863 300,000	425,863 300,000	771,863 628,782	346,000 328,782
Investment income	210,000	210,000	411,471	201,471
Miscellaneous	51,653	51,653	182,262	130,609
Total revenues	31,080,415	31,080,415	32,030,373	949,958
Expenditures: Current -				
City Magistrate	297,422	297,422	232,264	65,158
Community services	1,903,713	1,910,353	2,030,635	(120,282)
Development services	1,473,448	1,518,861	1,296,120	222,741
Public works	1,239,406	1,251,501	1,037,334	214,167
Mayor and Council	494,153 873,738	494,153 843,545	478,224 861,185	15,929
City Manager City Clerk	411,780	411,780	329,707	(17,640) 82,073
Finance and Administrative services	771,703	771,703	755,770	15,933
Information technology	913,383	913,383	830,867	82,516
City Attorney	600,000	600,000	563,255	36,745
Human Resources	422,326	422,326	407,863	14,463
Economic Development	489,506	489,506	417,293	72,213
Police	8,879,090	9,096,488	8,838,541	257,947
Non-Departmental	2,126,382	1,859,619	1,443,441	416,178
Fire Capital outlay	8,633,507 64,066	8,633,507 79,652	9,117,565 135,328	(484,058) (55,676)
Total expenditures	29,593,623	29,593,799	28,775,392	818,407
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,486,792	1,486,616	3,254,981	1,768,365
Other financing sources (uses):	(4.050.000)	(4.050.000)	(4.050.000)	
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses):	(1,250,000) (1,250,000)	(1,250,000) (1,250,000)	(1,250,000) (1,250,000)	
Total other illiancing sources (uses).	(1,230,000)	(1,230,000)	(1,230,000)	
Changes in fund balances	236,792	236,616	2,004,981	1,768,365
Fund balances, beginning of year			24,667,164	24,667,164
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 236,792	\$ 236,616	\$ 26,672,145	\$ 26,435,529

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>2015</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.064%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,558,390
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,683,227
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	168.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.49%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		2015
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	673,759
Interest	Ψ	485,132
Changes of benefit terms		(26,537)
Differences between expected and actual experience		195,426
Changes of assumptions		165,211
Benefit payments, including refunds		(226,709)
Net change in total pension liability		1,266,282
Total pension liability—beginning		5,956,497
Total pension liability—ending	\$	7,222,779
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions—employer	\$	486,264
Contributions—employee		376,082
Net investment income		812,958
Benefit payments, including refunds		(226,709)
Administrative expense		(6,547)
Other		(67,365)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,374,683
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		5,685,744
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	7,060,427
Not noncion lightlifty, and in a	ф	160.250
Net pension liability—ending	\$	162,352
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		
liability		97.75%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,942,206
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		
		4.12%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - FIRE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		2015
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	881,621
Interest	Ψ	728,939
Changes of benefit terms		(30,011)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(364,760)
Changes of assumptions		148,219
Benefit payments, including refunds		(22,903)
Net change in total pension liability		1,341,105
Total pension liability—beginning		8,856,489
Total pension liability—ending	\$	10,197,594
, , ,		, ,
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions—employer	\$	611,705
Contributions—employee		472,460
Net investment income		1,170,516
Benefit payments, including refunds		(22,903)
Administrative expense		(9,427)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,222,351
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		8,074,813
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	10,297,164
Net pension liability—ending	\$	(99,570)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension		
liability (asset)		100.98%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,701,264
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		(2.12)%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ALL PENSION PLANS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		<u>2015</u>
Arizona State Retirement System: Actuarially determined contribution	\$	767,972
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		767,972
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,087,651
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.84%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Pol Actuarially determined contribution	lice: \$	508,976
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		508,976
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,229,236
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.03%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System - Fire Actuarially determined contribution	e: \$	622,240
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		622,240
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,197,520
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.97%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Valuation of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll
Public Safety	Personnel Retire	ment System - P	olice:			
2015	\$ 8,116,316	\$ 7,828,708	\$ 287,608	103.67 %	6 \$ 3,942,206	(7.30) %
2014	7,159,704	7,222,779	(63,075)	99.13	3,965,425	1.59
2013	6,509,050	5,956,497	552,553	109.28	3,497,406	(15.80)
Public Safety	Personnel Retire	ment System - F	ire:			
2015	\$ 11,650,979	\$11,832,852	\$ (181,873)	98.46 %	6 \$ 4,701,264	3.87 %
2014	10,441,953	10,197,594	244,359	102.40	4,629,680	(5.28)
2013	9,223,905	8,856,489	367,416	104.15	4,511,565	(8.14)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The adopted budget of the City is prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 – PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed. The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors that Affect Trends. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013, valuation for ASRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation for PSPRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability for PSPRS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption from 4.5% to 4.0%.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE JUNE 30, 2015

	_Spe	cial Revenue	Cap	ital Projects	al Non-Major overnmental Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments Intergovernmental receivables Total assets	\$	15,700,864 511,155 16,212,019	\$	3,495,065	\$ 19,195,929 511,155 19,707,084
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Total liabilities	\$	1,205,124 87,622 1,292,746	\$	62,970	\$ 1,268,094 <u>87,622</u> 1,355,716
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		48,682		02,370	48,682
Fund balances: Restricted Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		14,870,591 14,870,591		3,432,095 3,432,095	18,302,686 18,302,686
and fund balances	\$	16,212,019	\$	3,495,065	\$ 19,707,084

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

_	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues:	Φ.	¢ 000.400	ф coo.400
Impact fees	\$ 7,113,276	\$ 609,199	\$ 609,199
Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	1,312,102	255,353	7,368,629 1,312,102
Investment income	8,095	4,613	12,708
Total revenues	8,433,473	869,165	9,302,638
Total Tevenues	0,400,470		3,302,030
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government	4,800		4,800
Public safety	474,296	52,118	526,414
Community services	3,449,910		3,449,910
Development services	447,524		447,524
Public works	1,543,854		1,543,854
Capital outlay	2,570,661	882,208	3,452,869
Total expenditures	8,491,045	934,326	9,425,371
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(57,572)	(65,161)	(122,733)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	1,250,000		1,250,000
Total other financing sources (uses):	1,250,000		1,250,000
Changes in fund balances	1,192,428	(65,161)	1,127,267
Fund balances, beginning of year	13,678,163	3,497,256	17,175,419
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 14,870,591	\$ 3,432,095	\$ 18,302,686

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Highway User Revenue (HURF)</u> – This fund is used to account for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenues.

<u>Road Maintenance</u> – This fund is used to account for roadway maintenance funded from developer contributions.

<u>Grants</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state, and local grants awarded to the City for various, specific purposes.

<u>Copper Sky</u> – This fund is used to account for charges for services to be used solely for the operations of the Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park and the receipt of resources from the Ak-Chin.

<u>County Road Tax</u> – This fund is used to account for roadway improvements funded through the Pinal County Transportation Excise Tax.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	 HURF	Ma	Road aintenance		Grants
ASSETS Cash and investments Intergovernmental receivables Total assets	\$ 6,970,247 287,545 7,257,792	\$	1,503,938	\$ - \$	761,479 74,255 835,734
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Total liabilities	\$ 397,598 22,041 419,639	\$	176,479 176,479	\$	22,774 7,369 30,143
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	 				48,682
Fund balances: Restricted Total fund balances	6,838,153 6,838,153		1,327,459 1,327,459		756,909 756,909
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 7,257,792	\$	1,503,938	\$	835,734

C	opper Sky	Cou	nty Road Tax	 Totals
\$	1,971,656	\$	4,493,544 149,355	\$ 15,700,864 511,155
\$	1,971,656	\$	4,642,899	\$ 16,212,019
\$	141,792 58,212	\$	466,481	\$ 1,205,124 87,622
	200,004		466,481	1,292,746
				 48,682
	1,771,652		4,176,418	14,870,591
	1,771,652		4,176,418	14,870,591
\$	1,971,656	\$	4,642,899	\$ 16,212,019

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Road						
		HURF	Ma	intenance	Grants		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	3,377,875	\$		\$ 591,878		
Charges for services							
Investment income		1,665		2,832	 504.070		
Total revenues		3,379,540		2,832	 591,878		
Expenditures:							
Current -							
General government					4,800		
Public safety					474,296		
Community services					9,779		
Development services					109,630		
Public works		1,543,854					
Capital outlay		1,089,635		241,875	 81,164		
Total expenditures		2,633,489		241,875	 679,669		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		746,051		(239,043)	 (87,791)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in					 		
Total other financing sources (uses):					 		
Changes in fund balances	-	746,051		(239,043)	 (87,791)		
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,092,102		1,566,502	844,700		
i unu balances, beginning or year		0,032,102		1,000,002	044,700		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	6,838,153	\$	1,327,459	\$ 756,909		

C	opper Sky	Cou	nty Road Tax	Totals		
\$	1,480,000 1,312,102	\$	1,663,523	\$ 7,113,276 1,312,102		
	2,792,102		3,598 1,667,121	 8,095 8,433,473		
			<u> </u>			
				4,800 474,296		
	3,440,131			3,449,910		
			337,894	447,524		
			1,157,987	1,543,854 2,570,661		
	3,440,131		1,495,881	8,491,045		
	(648,029)		171,240	 (57,572)		
	1,250,000 1,250,000			 1,250,000 1,250,000		
				 _		
	601,971		171,240	 1,192,428		
	1,169,681		4,005,178	13,678,163		
\$	1,771,652	\$	4,176,418	\$ 14,870,591		

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	HURF				
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services	\$ 2,826,58	3,377,875	\$ 551,295		
Investment income Miscellaneous	7,50	1,665	(5,835)		
Total revenues	2,834,08	3,379,540	545,460		
Expenditures: Current - General government Public safety Community services Development services Public works Capital outlay Total expenditures	1,663,94 5,227,93 6,891,87	1,089,635	120,087 4,138,301 4,258,388		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,057,797	7) 746,051	4,803,848		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses):					
Changes in fund balances	(4,057,797	7) 746,051	4,803,848		
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,092,102	6,092,102		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (4,057,797	\$ 6,838,153	\$ 10,895,950		

	Road Maintenance			Grants	
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Budget	Budget Actual	
\$	\$	\$	\$ 19,401,145	\$ 591,878	\$ (18,809,267)
6,000	2,832	(3,168)			
6,000	2,832	(3,168)	19,401,145	591,878	(18,809,267)
300,000 300,000 (294,000)	241,875 241,875 (239,043)	58,125 58,125 54,957	13,580,000 2,509,841 212,770 649,918 1,014,000 1,544,965 19,511,494 (110,349)	4,800 474,296 9,779 109,630 81,164 679,669 (87,791)	13,575,200 2,035,545 202,991 540,288 1,014,000 1,463,801 18,831,825
(294,000)	(239,043)	54,957	(110,349)	(87,791)	22,558
1 - 1 - 1	1,566,502	1,566,502		844,700	844,700
\$ (294,000)	\$ 1,327,459	\$ 1,621,459	\$ (110,349)	\$ 756,909	\$ 867,258

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Copper Sky				
_	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income	\$ 1,480,000 1,721,460	\$ 1,480,000 1,312,102	\$ (409,358)		
Miscellaneous Total revenues	3,201,460	2,792,102	(409,358)		
Expenditures: Current - General government Public safety Community services Development services Public works Capital outlay Total expenditures	4,440,865 	3,440,131	1,000,734		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,239,405)	(648,029)	591,376		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses):	1,250,000 1,250,000	1,250,000 1,250,000			
Changes in fund balances	10,595	601,971	591,376		
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,169,681	1,169,681		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 10,595	\$ 1,771,652	\$ 1,761,057		

	Cour	nty Road Tax						Totals				
Budget Actual		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)		Budget Actual		BudgetActual		Budget		Variance - Positive (Negative)
\$ 1,500,000 5,000 1,505,000	\$	1,663,523 3,598 1,667,121	\$	3,598 (5,000) 162,121	\$	25,207,725 1,721,460 13,500 5,000 26,947,685	\$	7,113,276 1,312,102 8,095 8,433,473	\$ (18,094,449) (409,358) (5,405) (5,000) (18,514,212)			
338,000		337,894		106		13,580,000 2,509,841 4,653,635 987,918		4,800 474,296 3,449,910 447,524	13,575,200 2,035,545 1,203,725 540,394			
1,215,631		1,157,987		57,644		2,677,941 8,288,532		1,543,854 2,570,661	1,134,087 5,717,871			
1,553,631		1,495,881		57,750		32,697,867		8,491,045	 24,206,822			
 (48,631)		171,240		219,871		(5,750,182)		(57,572)	 5,692,610			
 						1,250,000 1,250,000		1,250,000 1,250,000	 			
 (48,631)		171,240		219,871		(4,500,182)		1,192,428	 5,692,610			
		4,005,178		4,005,178				13,678,163	13,678,163			
\$ (48,631)	\$	4,176,418	\$	4,225,049	\$	(4,500,182)	\$	14,870,591	\$ 19,370,773			

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DEBT SERVICE FUND

<u>Debt Service</u> - to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Orig	inal & Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	3,513,539	\$	4,905,235	\$	1,391,696
Intergovernmental revenues		332,778		308,509		(24,269)
Total revenues		3,846,317		5,213,744		1,367,427
Expenditures: Debt service -						
Principal retirement		1,610,000		1,610,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		2,140,972		2,140,960		12
Total expenditures		3,750,972		3,750,960		12
Changes in fund balances		95,345		1,462,784		1,367,439
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year				(1,465,704)		(1,465,704)
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	95,345	\$	(2,920)	\$	(98,265)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by the general, enterprise, or special revenue funds.

<u>Parks Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for parks development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Library Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for library development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Public Safety Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for police development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Transportation Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's transportation impact fee. The revenues in this fund are restricted for specific capital outlay purposes.

<u>Parks Bond</u> – This fund is used to account for the acquisition of land and equipment, development, construction and improvement of community parks and projects.

<u>General Government CIP</u> – This fund is used to account for construction in progress for general government projects.

<u>Capital Grants</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state, and local grants awarded to the City for capital purposes.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Parks Impact Fee	Library Impact Fee	Public Safety Impact Fee	
ASSETS Cash and investments Total assets	\$ 1,418,928	\$ 767,725	\$ 514,937	
	\$ 1,418,928	\$ 767,725	\$ 514,937	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 3,761	\$ 51	\$ 46,749	
	3,761	51	46,749	
Fund balances: Restricted Total fund balances	1,415,167	767,674	468,188	
	1,415,167	767,674	468,188	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,418,928	\$ 767,725	\$ 514,937	

Pa	rks Bond	Cap	Capital Grants		Totals
\$	338,706 338,706	\$			3,495,065 3,495,065
\$	5,914 5,914	\$	6,495 6,495	\$	62,970 62,970
	332,792 332,792		448,274 448,274		3,432,095 3,432,095
\$	338,706	\$	454,769	\$	3,495,065

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Parks Impact Fee			Library Impact Fee		Public Safety Impact Fee	
Revenues: Impact fees	\$	323,191	\$	1,258	\$	284,750	
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income		421		3,350		842	
Total revenues		323,612		4,608		285,592	
Expenditures:							
Current - Public safety						52,118	
Capital outlay Total expenditures			-	21,703 21,703		456,835 508,953	
·				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Changes in fund balances		323,612	-	(17,095)		(223,361)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,091,555		784,769		691,549	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,415,167	\$	767,674	\$	468,188	

Parks Bond	Capital Grants	Totals
\$	\$	\$ 609,199
	255,353	255,353 4,613
	255,353	869,165
		52,118
308,717	94,953	882,208
308,717	94,953	934,326
(308,717)	160,400	(65,161)
641,509	287,874	3,497,256
\$ 332,792	\$ 448,274	\$ 3,432,095

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Parks Impact Fee				
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
	¢.	¢.	¢		
Sales taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	\$	\$		
Impact fees	357,210	323,191	(34,019)		
Investment income		421	421		
Miscellaneous	2,800		(2,800)		
Total revenues	360,010	323,612	(36,398)		
Expenditures: Current - Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures					
Changes in fund balances	360,010	323,612	(36,398)		
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,091,555	1,091,555		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 360,010	\$ 1,415,167	\$ 1,055,157		

Library Impact Fee			Public Safety Impact Fee		
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
4,590 100 4,690	1,258 3,350 4,608	(3,332) 3,350 (100) (82)	244,080 1,100 245,180	284,750 842 285,592	40,670 842 (1,100) 40,412
39,590 39,590 (34,900)	21,703 21,703 (17,095)	17,887 17,887 17,805	56,600 462,100 518,700 (273,520)	52,118 456,835 508,953 (223,361)	4,482 5,265 9,747 50,159
	784,769	784,769		691,549	691,549
\$ (34,900)	\$ 767,674	\$ 802,574	\$ (273,520)	\$ 468,188	\$ 741,708

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Transportation Impact Fee Budget Actual Variance - Positive (Negative) \$ \$ \$ 699,030 780,004 80,974											
Current - Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures Changes in fund balances	Budget	Actual	Positive									
	\$	\$	\$									
	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ									
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	699.030	780.004	80.974									
•	,	22,427	22,427									
Miscellaneous	65,500	,	(65,500)									
Total revenues	764,530	802,431	37,901									
	40 004 505	0.500.040	0.057.040									
	10,621,595	2,563,649	8,057,946									
i otai expenditures	10,621,595	2,563,649	8,057,946									
Changes in fund balances	(9,857,065)	(1,761,218)	8,095,847									
Fund balances, beginning of year		21,284,606	21,284,606									
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (9,857,065)	\$ 19,523,388	\$ 29,380,453									

	Parks Bond			General Government CIP	
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
\$	\$	\$	\$ 772,855	\$ 1,211,169	\$ 438,314
			772,855	1,211,169	438,314
400,000	308,717 308,717	91,283 91,283	12,958,735 12,958,735	2,803,158 2,803,158	10,155,577 10,155,577
(400,000)	(308,717)	91,283	(12,185,880)	(1,591,989)	10,593,891
	641,509	641,509		16,473,739	16,473,739
\$ (400,000)	\$ 332,792	\$ 732,792	\$ (12,185,880)	\$ 14,881,750	\$ 27,067,630

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Capital Grants	
D	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Sales taxes Intergovernmental revenues Impact fees Investment income	\$ 55,522,226	\$ 255,353	\$ (55,266,873)
Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures:	55,522,226	255,353	(55,266,873)
Current - Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures	55,515,226 55,515,226	94,953 94,953	55,420,273 55,420,273
Changes in fund balances	7,000	160,400	153,400
Fund balances, beginning of year		287,874	287,874
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 7,000	\$ 448,274	\$ 441,274

	Totals					
Budget	 Actual	 Variance - Positive (Negative)				
\$ 772,855 55,522,226 1,304,910 69,500 57,669,491	\$ 1,211,169 255,353 1,389,203 27,040 2,882,765	\$ 438,314 (55,266,873) 84,293 27,040 (69,500) (54,786,726)				
56,600 79,997,246	52,118 6,249,015	4,482 73,748,231				
80,053,846	 6,301,133	 73,746,231				
 (22,384,355)	 (3,418,368)	 18,965,987				
	41,255,601	41,255,601				

37,837,233

60,221,588

(22,384,355)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the City's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the City's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other municipalities.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the City's financial information relates to the services provided by the City.

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets \$ 176,253,607 \$ 176,849,760 \$ 177,370,008 \$ 160,277,610 \$ 159,446,413 Restricted 52,707,824 54,993,935 55,767,940 69,233,094 44,235,838 16,683,198 22,824,286 21,799,977 48,978,257 Unrestricted 23,545,468 Total net position \$ 252,660,508 \$ 245,644,629 \$ 254,667,981 \$ 256,683,416 \$ 251,310,681 **2010** 2009 **2008** 2007 2006 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets \$ 87,820,431 \$ 152,574,381 \$ 133,067,896 \$ 124,909,707 \$ 62,802,743 12,328,627 Restricted 48,605,910 34,740,312 35,329,613 28,090,363 Unrestricted 53,602,407 70,331,229 75,491,411 67,926,655 45,835,279 \$ 254,782,698 \$ 238,139,437 \$ 235,730,731 \$ 183,837,449 Total net position \$ 120,966,649

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA EXPENSE, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Y	ear Ended Jur	ie 30)	
	2015	2014		2013		2012	2011
Expenses	<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 8,034,855	\$ 9,718,746	\$	6,656,984	\$	8,832,289	\$ 8,747,059
Public safety	19,253,044	18,672,370		17,447,674		16,103,119	16,001,267
Community services	8,245,420	5,687,823		2,399,939		2,257,063	2,986,635
Development services	2,624,718	3,091,943		8,224,264		10,002,055	10,673,852
Public works	7,189,840	7,547,174					
Interest on long-term debt	2,098,409	3,100,559		1,015,685		1,063,544	1,542,441
Total governmental activities expenses	47,446,286	47,818,615		35,744,546		38,258,070	39,951,254
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	\$ 199,747	\$ 159,841	\$	468,718	\$	956,062	\$ 1,056,489
Public safety	1,516,033	994,921		892,908		590,689	211,428
Community services	1,778,214	536,941		282,565		285,986	258,028
Development services	208,487	272,186		161,747		95,951	122,451
Public works		465,073					
Operating grants and contributions	3,962,746	5,938,010		926,682		1,732,451	3,436,610
Capital grants and contributions	1,470,367	1,486,660		6,180,277		2,917,234	6,815,917
Total program revenues	9,135,594	9,853,632		8,912,897		6,578,373	11,900,923
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (38,310,692)	\$ (37,964,983)	\$	(26,831,649)	\$	(31,679,697)	\$ (28,050,331)

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA EXPENSE, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2010</u>		<u>2010</u> <u>2009</u> <u>2008</u> <u>2007</u>				<u>2006</u>		
Expenses	'								· <u>····</u> ·
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 9,303,	721 \$	9,502,082	\$	8,361,595	\$	5,645,737	\$	5,022,348
Public safety	14,898,	669	15,608,622		15,675,619		2,583,068		1,624,485
Community services	1,531,	241	2,506,551		2,027,478		1,082,524		368,726
Development services	7,761,	376	7,610,979		7,360,789		4,112,488		2,118,096
Interest on long-term debt	57,	145	64,346		64,397				
Total governmental activities expenses	33,552,	452	35,292,580		33,489,878		13,423,817		9,133,655
Program Revenues Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$ 534,	071 \$	1,632,470	\$	3,550,264	\$	5,809,118	\$	10,916,030
Public safety	922,	084	426,086		53,814				
Community services	289,	004	277,060		232,334		130,990		77,517
Development services	244,	107	77,547						
Operating grants and contributions	866,	471	3,967,175		2,978,293		2,313,870		1,873,086
Capital grants and contributions	7,558,	<u> </u>	8,238,154		38,175,235		35,344,625		57,471,658
Total program revenues	10,414,	362	14,618,492		44,989,940		43,598,603		70,338,291
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (23,138,	090) \$	(20,674,088)	\$	11,500,062	\$	30,174,786	\$	61,204,636

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: The City implemented a new ERP financial system in fiscal year 2011. As a result of that implementation, functional categories for expenses were modified to more closely match actual operational functions.

Note: The City's public works operations were reclassified from the development services functional category during fiscal year 2014.

(Concluded)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Net (Expense)/Revenue (38,310,692) \$ (28,050,331) (37,964,983)(26,831,649)(31,679,697)**General Revenues:** Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes 9,328,535 9,409,828 10,932,354 9,797,104 9,391,368 Property taxes, levied for debt service 4,761,714 3,542,070 1,457,540 1,415,568 8,791,279 8,684,810 7,942,569 7,601,624 7,454,918 Sales taxes 309,744 315,240 Franchise taxes 362,791 285,739 344,151 Investment income 446,606 472,562 171,708 112,707 667,555 Unrestricted state aid 15,108,669 12,912,995 11,397,446 6,277,756 13,514,587 38,799,594 35,949,548 32,204,384 30,329,870 25,928,141 **Total general revenues Changes in Net Position** 488,902 5,372,735 (1,349,827)\$ (2,122,190) (2,015,435)

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (23,138,090)	\$ (20,674,088)	\$ 11,500,062	\$ 30,174,786	\$ 61,204,636
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	9,191,887	8,073,578	5,504,915	2,431,339	
Property taxes, levied for debt service					
Sales taxes	6,649,744	10,230,103	18,141,568	22,032,882	25,432,643
Franchise taxes	494,091	536,966	758,442	660,317	303,480
Investment income	265,485	(378,160)	4,378,266	3,853,077	1,315,924
Unrestricted state aid	7,110,730	4,583,320	5,392,623	3,718,174	1,515,829
Miscellaneous		37,503	30,441	225	175
Total general revenues	23,711,937	23,083,310	34,206,255	32,696,014	28,568,051
Extraordinary Item			6,186,965		
Changes in Net Position	\$ 573,847	\$ 2,409,222	\$ 51,893,282	\$ 62,870,800	\$ 89,772,687

 $\textbf{Source:} \ \ \textbf{The source of this information is the City's financial records.}$

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Ye	ar Ended Jun	e 30				
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>		
General Fund:									
Nonspendable	\$ 15,646	\$ 16,652	\$	16,733	\$	5,084	\$	2,550	
Unassigned	26,656,499	24,650,512		23,047,149		21,324,981		55,361,631	
Total General Fund	\$ 26,672,145	\$ 24,667,164	\$	23,063,882	\$	21,330,065	\$	55,364,181	
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Nonspendable									
Restricted	52,707,824	54,933,764		76,788,734		80,901,742		49,970,470	
Unassigned	(2,920)	(1,465,704)				(34,662)		(334,556)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 52,704,904	\$ 53,468,060	\$	76,788,734	\$	80,867,080	\$	49,635,914	

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	2007	<u>2006</u>
General Fund:					
Reserved	\$	\$	\$	\$ 412,091	\$ 246,296
Unreserved	64,206,671	68,275,877	72,950,101	65,105,942	43,914,118
Total General Fund	\$ 64,206,671	\$ 68,275,877	\$ 72,950,101	\$ 65,518,033	\$ 44,160,414
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	35,547,328	34,740,312	35,329,613	28,105,124	\$ 12,328,627
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	2,320,530 13,058,582	2,419,821	2,900,630	2,301,282	1,724,152
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 50,926,440	\$ 37,160,133	\$ 38,230,243	\$ 30,406,406	\$ 14,052,779

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 were adopted in fiscal year 2011. The standard replaces the previous reserved and unreserved fund balance categories with the following five fund balance classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	14,715,416	\$	12,801,300	\$	10,539,547	\$	10,826,301	\$	11,299,263
Sales taxes		8,791,279		8,684,810		7,942,569		7,601,624		7,454,918
Franchise taxes		362,791		344,151		309,744		285,739		315,240
Licenses, fees & permits		807,472		713,154		771,911		480,342		320,909
Intergovernmental revenues		19,152,579		19,503,258		15,362,298		14,610,218		10,403,335
Impact fees		1,389,203		1,435,999		1,785,770				
Charges for services		2,083,965		1,431,663		580,461		521,229		544,625
Fines, forfeitures, & penalties		628,782		132,792		271,537		431,180		470,509
Investment income (loss)		446,606		472,562		171,708		112,707		667,555
Miscellaneous		182,262		151,353		1,533,934		1,686,749		312,853
Total revenues	\$	48,560,355	\$	45,671,042	\$	39,269,479	\$	36,556,089	\$	31,789,207
Expenditures:										
Current -										
General government	\$	6,324,669	\$	8,041,470	\$	5,990,510	\$	8,502,107	\$	8,031,875
Public safety		18,482,520		16,942,419		15,772,942		14,832,455		13,999,701
Community services		5,480,545		4,046,178		1,950,582		1,929,898		2,509,541
Development services		1,743,644		1,484,967		3,739,271		6,098,044		6,049,216
Public works		2,581,188		2,414,910				, ,		
Capital outlay		8,955,004		29,134,244		44,105,545		6,138,326		8,966,722
Debt service -		. ,		. ,				, ,		
Principal retirement		1,610,000		3,075,581		847,017		1,016,198		1,271,520
Interest and fiscal charges		2,140,960		2,248,665		1,005,352		1,053,211		1,532,108
Bond issuance costs						633,340				
Total expenditures	\$	47,318,530	\$	67,388,434	\$	74,044,559	\$	39,570,239	\$	42,360,683
Extraordinary Item										
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	1,241,825	\$	(21,717,392)	\$	(34,775,080)	\$	(3,014,150)	\$	(10,571,476)
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	7,431,302	\$	25,884,678	\$	43,020,602	\$	7,031,001	\$	7,209,712
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		9%		13%		8%		6%		8%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008		2007		2006
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	9,201,246	\$	7,936,092	\$	5,547,387	\$	2,196,247	\$	
Sales taxes		6,649,744		10,230,103		18,141,568		22,032,882		25,432,643
Franchise taxes		494,091		536,966		758,442		660,317		303,480
Licenses, fees & permits		748,539		866,940		2,494,759		4,578,929		8,916,082
Intergovernmental revenues		8,619,173		10,991,426		9,114,700		8,329,956		2,744,065
Impact fees										
Charges for services		675,406		1,023,168		905,055		1,162,087		1,968,618
Fines, forfeitures, & penalties		506,664		518,712		436,598		199,036		95,795
Investment income (loss)		265,485		(378,160)		4,378,266		3,853,077		1,315,924
Miscellaneous		1,664,621		4,410,405		8,605,812		11,890,546		10,680,272
Total revenues	\$	28,824,969	\$	36,135,652	\$	50,382,587	\$	54,903,077	\$	51,456,879
Expenditures:										
Current -										
General government	\$	7,595,728	\$	8,589,886	\$	7,726,546	\$	5,278,035	\$	4,809,752
Public safety	Ψ	13,588,093	Ψ	14,008,800	Ψ	13,114,436	Ψ	2,372,859	Ψ	1,624,485
Culture and recreation		1,081,819		1,360,816		1,586,766		733,355		254,544
Development services		3,517,309		2,970,533		2,673,029		2,055,791		935,435
Capital outlay		11,168,632		14,752,588		11,145,898		6,751,791		2,517,741
Debt service -		11,100,032		14,732,366		11,145,696		0,731,791		2,517,741
Principal retirement		139,918		133,017		132,966				
Interest and fiscal charges		57,445		64,346		64,397				
Bond issuance costs				04,340		04,397				
	•	307,182 37,456,126	Φ.	41,879,986	Φ.	36,444,038	Ф	17,191,831	· ·	10 141 0F7
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	37,436,126	\$	41,079,900	\$	30,444,030	\$	17,191,031	\$	10,141,957
Extraordinary Item						1,317,356				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(8,631,157)	\$	(5,744,334)	\$	15,255,905	\$	37,711,246	\$	41,314,922
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	9,375,099	\$	12,177,408	\$	7,678,877	\$	5,984,896		
Debt service as a percentage of										
		2%		1%		1%		0%		0%
noncapital expenditures		2%		170		1%		0%		0%

Source: The source of this information is the Clty's financial records.

Note: The Citiy implemented a new ERP financial system in fiscal year 2011. As a result of that implementation, functional categories for expenses were modified to more closely match actual operational functions.

Note: The City's public works operations were reclassified from the development services functional category during fiscal year 2014.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	1,241,825	\$ (21,717,392)	\$ (34,775,080)	\$ (3,014,150)	\$ (10,571,476)					
Other financing sources (uses): General obligation bonds issued Premium on sale of bonds Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		1,250,000 (1,250,000)	1,370,000 (1,370,000)	31,605,000 825,551 175,000 (175,000) 32,430,551	211,200 37,135,270 (37,135,270) 211,200	438,460					
Changes in fund balances	\$	1,241,825	\$ (21,717,392)	\$ (2,344,529)	\$ (2,802,950)	\$ (10,133,016)					
		<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u> 2007</u>	<u>2006</u>					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(8,631,157)	\$ (5,744,334)	\$ 15,255,905	\$ 37,711,246	\$ 41,314,922					
Other financing sources (uses): General obligation bonds issued Premium on sale of bonds Total other financing sources (uses)		20,000,000 100,519 20,100,519									
Changes in fund balances	\$	11,469,362	\$ (5,744,334)	\$ 15,255,905	\$ 37,711,246	\$ 41,314,922					

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SALES TAX COLLECTED BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30																		
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		2012		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2009		<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>		2006
Mining	\$	4,063	\$	3,593	\$	4,252	\$	1,619	\$	1,947	\$	3,893	\$	3,070	\$	(844)	\$ 85	\$	5,150
Communication & Utilities	•	782,086	•	687,634	Ť	636,967	•	575,882	•	575,198	·	540,097	•	414,839	·	457,988	492,936	•	344,710
Transportation		9,144		7,072		8,462		6,326		5,925		9,395		5,272		2,762	3,700		2,493
Construction		1,218,034		2,548,343		2,325,823		1,535,980		1,802,458		1,357,920		5,492,829		13,622,584	18,096,007		19,476,707
Manufacturing		249,704		418,849		289,320		274,016		257,176		234,542		308,076		107,944	61,759		56,553
Wholesale		140,074		109,573		114,764		93,496		189,691		326,914		108,875		75,310	95,063		51,008
Retail		5,365,175		4,138,543		3,834,681		3,774,442		3,446,044		3,145,911		2,806,983		2,481,306	2,401,870		1,773,151
Financial and Insurance		38,910		36,622		30,233		28,471		32,286		30,353		18,001		14,281	18,601		4,901
Real Estate Rental		822,946		643,650		502,888		538,287		496,443		470,484		524,427		969,820	1,371,736		371,742
Restaurant & Bar		556,636		482,155		429,359		380,961		357,595		381,273		369,659		395,455	360,007		161,712
Accommodation		19		6		9		6		806		8,423		14,008		10,973	19		175
Public Administration		669		481		845		1,165		(2,813)		3,240		266		39	1,188		2,652
Services		227,859		216,020		272,749		177,935		150,913		95,398		108,262		122,634	149,934		89,186
Arts & Entertainment		1,273		3,813		21,019		47,440		22,341		510		40,640		50,210	53,190		55,552
Other		66,420		46,494		50,400		57,419		151,517		225,795		319,141		373,526	836,182		716,390
Total	\$	9,483,013	\$	9,342,848	\$	8,521,771	\$	7,493,445	\$	7,487,527	\$	6,834,148	\$	10,534,347	\$	18,683,988	\$ 23,942,279	\$	23,112,080
City's direct sales tax rate		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%		2.0%
City's construction sales tax rate		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%	3.5%		3.5%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue and the City's financial records.

Note: The increased rate on construction became effective March 2005.

Note: Total sales taxes reported above do not include sales tax rebates provided by the City during the fiscal year.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City's Direct Rate	City's Construction Sales Tax Rate	Arizona Rate	County Rate
2015	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2014	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2013	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2012	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2011	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2010	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2009	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2008	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2007	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2006	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%

Source: The source of this information is the City's records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Sales Taxes	Percentage Change	Property Taxes	Percentage Change	Franchise Taxes	Percentage Change	Total	Percentage
<u> </u>	Taxes	Change	Taxes	Change	Taxes	Change	I Otal	<u>Change</u>
2015	\$8,791,279	1.23 %	\$14,715,416	14.95 %	\$362,791	5.42 %	23,869,486	9.34 %
2014	8,684,810	9.35	12,801,300	21.46	344,151	11.11	21,830,261	16.17
2013	7,942,569	4.49	10,539,547	(2.45)	309,744	8.40	18,791,860	0.54
2012	7,601,624	1.97	10,804,339	(4.38)	285,739	(9.41)	18,691,702	(1.98)
2011	7,454,918	12.11	11,299,263	22.80	315,420	(36.16)	19,069,601	16.67
2010	6,649,744	(35.00)	9,201,246	15.94	494,091	(7.98)	16,345,081	(12.61)
2009	10,230,103	(43.61)	7,936,092	43.06	536,966	(29.20)	18,703,161	(23.50)
2008	18,141,568	(17.66)	5,547,387	152.58	758,442	14.86	24,447,397	(1.78)
2007	22,032,881	(13.37)	2,196,247	N/A	660,317	117.58	24,889,445	(3.29)
2006	25,432,643	241.85		N/A	303,480	211.70	25,736,123	241.46

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the City did not collect property taxes; therefore, this information is not displayed for

those years.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

	 2015	i		20	06
Taxpayer	nary Assessed Valuation	Percentage of City's Net Assessed Valuation	•	Primary Assessed Valuation	Percentage of City's Net Assessed Valuation
Pinal Energy LLC	\$ 3,884,964	1.77 %	\$		%
Global Water: Santa Cruz Water Co.	3,775,305	1.72	·		
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	2,935,663	1.33			
Volkswagen of America dba Vorelco Inc.	2,450,103	1.11		1,603,214	2.12
Maricopa Fiesta Investors LLC et al	1,535,904	0.70			
Smith's Food & Drug Center Inc	1,142,068	0.52		1,630,606	2.15
Maricopa Development LLC	814,320	0.37			
Maricopa Groves Self Storage LLC	778,942	0.35		417,092	0.55
Orbitel Communications	751,496	0.34			
SLV Homestead	685,408	0.31			
CMG 900 LLC	636,800	0.29		303,674	0.40
US Bank National Association	611,549	0.28		726,796	0.96
JWP Properties LLP	596,247	0.27			
Dignity Health	493,796	0.22			
Sunset Tartesso LLC	472,000	0.21		303,196	0.40
Transition Investments LLC	471,438	0.21			
Palo Brea LLC	462,450	0.21			
WQC Investors LLC	420,800	0.19			
Wells Fargo Bank NA TR	227,006	0.10		303,408	0.40
Hiro Investment LLC et al	203,869	0.09		426,854	0.56
El Paso Natural Gas Co.				352,141	0.46
Murphy Land Investors LLC				351,061	0.46
Total	\$ 23,350,128	10.62 %	\$	6,418,042	8.46 %
City's Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 219,927,958		\$	75,773,784	

Source: The source of this information is the Pinal County Treasurer's tax records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Collected w Fiscal Year o			Collected to the End of the Current Fiscal Year					
Year Ended June 30	 axes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy				
2015	\$ 14,559,339	\$14,299,954	98.22 %	N/A	\$ 14,299,954	98.22 %				
2014	12,422,911	12,196,814	98.18	209,678	12,406,492	99.87				
2013	10,962,174	10,255,746	93.56	687,719	10,943,465	99.83				
2012	10,790,693	10,390,225	96.29	382,908	10,773,133	99.84				
2011	11,250,307	10,933,142	97.18	317,165	11,250,307	100.00				
2010	9,242,329	8,868,977	95.96	373,352	9,242,329	100.00				
2009	8,044,384	7,636,762	94.93	407,622	8,044,384	100.00				
2008	5,740,847	5,435,154	94.68	305,693	5,740,847	100.00				
2007	2,260,942	2,176,589	96.27	84,353	2,260,942	100.00				

Source: The source of this information is the Pinal County Treasurer Monthly Statements and the City's records.

Notes: 1) Amounts collected are on a cash basis.

3) Fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 was the first year of collections, therefore only nine years are presented.

²⁾ Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule because the dates of the monthly rolls vary each year. On the average, 90% of unsecured property taxes are collected within 90 days after the due date.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		_	Real P	roperty	Persona	al P	roperty		1	Total			
<u>Fiscal Year</u>		_	Net Assesed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Net Assesed Value		Estimated Actual Value	Net Assesed Value	Es:	timated Actual Value	Direct Tax Rate	Ass to	atio of Total sessed Value Estimated ctual Value
2015	P S	\$	208,852,365 285,546,808	2,013,631,300 2,769,491,581	\$ 11,075,593 11,075,593		62,880,618 62,880,618	\$ 219,927,958 296,622,401		,076,511,918 ,832,372,199	4.9842 2.3561		10.72 % 10.73
2014	P S		195,380,117 197,983,250	1,866,757,679 1,896,855,819	11,893,420 11,893,420	\$	65,872,041 58,625,317	207,273,537 209,876,670		,932,629,720 ,955,481,136	5.0898 1.7600		10.72 10.73
2013	P S		181,595,557 182,752,598	1,706,748,961 1,720,554,146	16,880,341 16,880,341		91,357,273 91,357,273	198,475,898 199,632,939		,798,106,234 ,811,911,419	4.8753 0.6917		11.04 11.02
2012	P S		188,261,169 190,327,514	1,756,968,685 1,779,275,350	17,526,048 17,526,048		90,689,220 90,689,220	205,787,217 207,853,562		,847,657,905 ,869,964,570	4.8105 0.6528		11.14 11.12
2011	P S		195,083,227 206,652,235	1,851,949,877 1,888,879,939	13,587,423 13,587,423		69,823,606 69,823,606	208,670,650 220,239,658		,921,773,483 ,958,703,545	4.8105 0.6528		10.76 11.08
2010	P S		234,678,353 249,336,606	2,219,435,798 2,259,829,103	10,450,029 10,450,029		51,670,515 51,670,515	245,128,382 259,786,635		,271,106,313 ,311,499,618	4.0168 0.5514		10.79 11.24
2009	P S		307,662,417 347,510,045	2,902,754,652 3,202,240,784	8,583,362 8,583,362		40,203,060 40,203,060	316,245,779 356,093,407		,942,957,712 ,242,443,844	2.8894		10.10 10.98
2008	P S		235,967,801 321,826,257	2,222,115,079 2,970,332,974	5,882,736 5,882,736		26,220,739 26,220,739	241,850,537 327,708,993		,248,335,818 ,996,553,713	3.2326		10.76 10.94
2007	P S		163,323,630 218,990,679	1,532,695,889 2,023,828,541	1,233,063 1,233,063		5,260,965 5,260,965	164,556,693 220,223,742		,537,956,854 ,029,089,506	3.7565		10.70 10.85
2006	P S		74,875,827 82,904,354	668,990,368 724,926,425	897,957 897,957		3,665,112 3,665,112	75,773,784 83,802,311		672,655,480 728,591,537	3.2000		11.26 11.50

Source: The source of this information is the City's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue for the City of Maricopa.

P-primary

S-secondary

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SECONDARY ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY BY CLASS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_				Fiscal Year			
Class		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	31,697,664	\$	30,378,316	\$ 36,327,177 \$	38,276,239	\$	33,707,267
Agricultural and Vacant		22,572,471		20,017,664	20,869,614	21,101,890		22,678,364
Residential (Owner Occupied)		150,631,971		111,122,863	106,613,297	126,378,346		140,018,199
Residential (Rental)		90,968,576		47,611,420	35,465,042	21,909,363		13,401,078
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		452,015		459,982	357,809	187,724		159,615
Historical Property		297,533		286,425				10,275,135
Certain Government Property Improvements	_	2,171	. <u>-</u>		 		. <u>-</u>	
Total	\$_	296,622,401	\$	209,876,670	\$ 199,632,939 \$	207,853,562	\$	220,239,658

	Fiscal Year												
Class		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>					
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	30,561,149	\$	27,564,929	\$	19,096,632 \$	10,698,427	7,591,708					
Agricultural and Vacant		26,257,892		53,766,153		51,996,895	34,292,752	19,978,140					
Residential (Owner Occupied)		174,466,540		254,280,286		239,519,743	165,604,204	51,814,541					
Residential (Rental)		16,078,841		19,764,574		16,647,581	9,628,359	4,417,922					
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines						252,481							
Historical Property		12,422,213		717,465		195,661							
Certain Government Property Improvements	_												
Total	\$_	259,786,635	\$_	356,093,407	\$	327,708,993 \$	220,223,742	83,802,311					

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YAERS

				Fi	scal Year					_
Class	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	14	%	14	%	18	%	18	%	15	%
Agricultural and Vacant	10		10		14		10		10	
Residential (Owner Occupied)	53		53		58		61		64	
Residential (Rental)	23		23		10		11		6	
Historical Property		_		_		. <u> </u>		. <u> </u>	5	_
Total	100	%_	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%

	Fiscal Year												
Class	<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>		2008		2007		<u>2006</u>				
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	12	%	8	%	6	%	5	%	9	%			
Agricultural and Vacant	10		15		16		16		24				
Residential (Owner Occupied)	67		71		73		75		62				
Residential (Rental)	6		6		5		4		5				
Historical Property	5	_				_		_		_			
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%	100	%			

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Additional classses of property exist, but do not amount to a significant portion of the District's total valuation, therefore they are not included on this schedule.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA **OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Gene	eral	Obligation Bo	nds						To	otal Out	stand	ling Debt		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	(General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Restricted for Principal		Total	Percen Estim	Ū	Per Capita	_	Capital Leases	 Total	Percenta Estima Actual V	ted		Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income	-
2015	\$	45,565,890		\$	45,565,890		2.36 %	\$ 976	\$		\$ 45,565,890	2	2.19 %	\$	976	4.44	%
2014		47,218,441			47,218,441		2.41	1,051			47,218,441	1	1.67		1,051	4.75	
2013		51,035,992			51,035,992		2.82	1,112		75,581	51,111,573	2	2.61		1,114	5.41	
2012		19,360,467			19,360,467		1.04	436		147,598	19,508,065	1	1.08		439	2.09	
2011		20,095,493			20,095,493		1.03	462		413,796	20,509,289	1	1.10		472	2.37	
2010		20,100,519			20,100,519		0.87	510		955,316	21,055,835	1	1.07		534	2.44	
2009										1,095,234	1,095,234	C	0.05		31	0.15	
2008										1,228,251	1,228,251	(0.04		38	0.19	
2007																	
2006																	

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records. **Note:** N/A indicates that the information is not available.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2015

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding ⁽²⁾	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Estimated Amount Applicable to City
Pinal County Community College District Maricopa Unified School District	\$ 134,146,443 100,118,551 39,795,000	10.3 % 10.3 100.0	\$ 13,817,084 10,312,211 39,795,000
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			63,924,295
Direct: The City of Maricopa	45,565,890	100.0	45,565,890
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 109,490,185

Source: The source of this information is the City's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable governmental unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the City is calculated based on the City's secondary assessed valuation as a percentage of the secondary assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

2) Outstanding debt as of June 30, 2014 is presented for the overlapping governments as this is the most recent available information.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Legal Debt Margin Calculations for Fiscal Year 2015:

20% Limitation					6% Limitation	
Secondary assessed valuation	\$ 296,622,401			Secondary assess	\$ 296,622,401	
Debt limit	59,324,480		17,797,344			
Debt applicable to limit	36,949,078		7,790,922			
Legal 20% debt margin	\$ 22,375,402		\$ 10,006,422			
			Fiscal Year	Ended June 30		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
20% Limitation: Debt limit	\$ 59,324,480	\$ 41,975,334	\$ 39,926,588	\$ 41,570,712	\$ 51,957,327	\$ 71,218,681
Total net debt applicable to limit	36,949,078	37,745,000	41,520,000	19,270,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Legal 20% debt margin	\$ 22,375,402	\$ 4,230,334	\$ (1,593,412)	\$ 22,300,712	\$ 31,957,327	\$ 51,218,681
Total net debt applicable to the 20% limit as a percentage of 20% debt limit	62%	90%	104%	46%	38%	28%
6% Limitation: Total Debt limit	\$ 17,797,344	\$ 12,592,600	\$ 11,977,976	\$ 12,471,214	\$ 15,587,198	\$ 21,365,604
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,790,922	8,605,000	8,605,000			
Legal 6% debt margin	\$ 10,006,422	\$ 3,987,600	\$ 3,372,976	\$ 12,471,214	\$ 15,587,198	\$ 21,365,604
Total net debt applicable to the 6% limit as a percentage of 6% debt limit	44%	68%	72%	0%	0%	0%

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Notes: Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City had no debt; therefore, this information is not displayed for those years.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COUNTY-WIDE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Personal Income		Per Capita	Unemploym	Estimated City		
Year	Population	 (thousands)	Income	Rate		Population
2015	402,000	\$ 10,255,422	\$ 25,511	6.0	%	46,708
2014	401,918	8,404,105	20,910	6.0		46,708
2013	389,350	9,932,708	25,511	8.0		44,946
2012	389,192	9,452,306	24,287	8.9		45,882
2011	384,231	9,331,818	24,287	10.3		44,450
2010	375,770	8,665,256	23,060	12.0		43,482
2009	356,303	8,631,440	24,225	11.4		39,429
2008	309,653	7,427,027	23,985	7.1		35,000
2007	276,266	6,540,045	23,673	4.6		32,157
2006	254,703	6,058,111	23,785	5.0		30,559

Sources: The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" information from 2002 through 2010 is the University of Arizona, Eller College of Management, Economic and Business Research Center. For the year 2011 the source of the information is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

			2015				2006				
Employer	Industry	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment		Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment			
Harrah's Ak-Chin Casino Resort*	Casinos	760	1	13.82	%	100	3	20.00 %			
Maricopa Unified School District	Schools	650	2	11.82							
Walmart	Department Stores	300	3	5.45							
City of Maricopa	Government Offices	283	4	5.15							
Fry's Food Store	Grocers-Retail	200	5	3.64		150	2	30.00			
Volkswagen Proving Grounds	Automotive Testing	200	5	3.64							
Ak-Chin Farms*	Farming	89	7	1.62							
Basha's	Grocers-Retail	85	8	1.55							
Legacy Traditional School	Schools	76	9	1.38		200	1	40.00			
Pinal Feeding Co. Inc	Livestock Feeding	75	10	1.36							
Sequoia Pathway Academy	Schools	71	11	1.29		20	4	4.00			
USDA Arid-Land Research Center*	Agricultural Research	69	12	1.25		10	5	2.00			
Total		2,858		51.97	%	480		96.00 %			
Total employment		5,500				500					

Source: The source of the 2015 information is the City of Maricopa's Economic Development Department. The source of the 2006 information is based on staff estimates with regards to population, demand at time, and existence of entities. Data regarding total employment figures are considered to be estimates at this time. Areas marked with an asterik (*) are outside of the City limits but within the City's planning area.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30							
	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>			
General Government								
Court	1.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	4.5			
Mayor and Council	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0			
City Manager	4.0	6.0	4.0	4.0	5.5			
Information Technology	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0			
Marketing & Communication	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
City Clerk	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0			
Finance	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.5			
Support Services Administration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Human Resources	4.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0			
Planning	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0			
Development Services	1.50	3.75	3.75	2.8	3.0			
Building Safety	7.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0			
Code Enforcement	1.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	1.0			
Facilities Management	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5			
Fleet Management	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Public Safety Administration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Police	86.9	64.0	66.0	68.0	62.0			
Fire	64.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0			
Engineering	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	3.0			
Transportation	0.6	1.0	1.5	1.5	4.0			
Community Services Administration	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Recreation/Copper Sky Recreation Center	66.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0			
Park Maintenance	3.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0			
Libraries	8.5	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0			
Economic Development	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	3.0			
HURF/Public Works	14.50	10.25	9.3	9.2	8.0			
Total	303.0	212.0	214.0	216.0	215.0			

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
General Government					
Court	4.5	4.5	2.5	2.5	1.5
Mayor and Council	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
City Manager	7.5	5.5	3.5	6.0	4.0
Information Technology	4.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0
Marketing & Communication	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
City Clerk	5.0	6.0	6.0	2.0	1.0
Finance	10.5	9.5	10.0	9.0	3.0
Support Services Administration	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Human Resources	1.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	0.0
Planning	3.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	5.0
Development Services	4.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	4.0
Building Safety	7.0	14.0	14.0	0.0	0.0
Code Enforcement	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Facilities Management	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Fleet Management	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Safety Administration	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Police	63.0	67.5	62.5	9.0	0.0
Fire	66.0	66.5	64.5	0.0	0.0
Engineering	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	2.0
Transportation	2.0	2.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Community Services Administration	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Recreation	4.0	7.0	7.0	5.0	4.0
Park Maintenance	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Libraries	7.0	4.0	4.0	2.5	2.5
Economic Development	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HURF/Public Works	8.0	8.0	11.0	4.0	3.0
Total	219.5	224.5	214.0	72.0	37.0

Source: The source of this information is the City's Human Resources Office.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

Function/Program General Government Number of general government buildings **Public Safety** Police Number of police stations Fire Number of fire stations **Community Services** Number of parks and recreation facilities Number of acres of parks

Source: Various city departments

Number of street lights

Miles of streets

Public Works

Number of public works buildings

^{*}The Fire and Police Departments were established in fiscal year 2008.

^{**}Information is unavailable

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

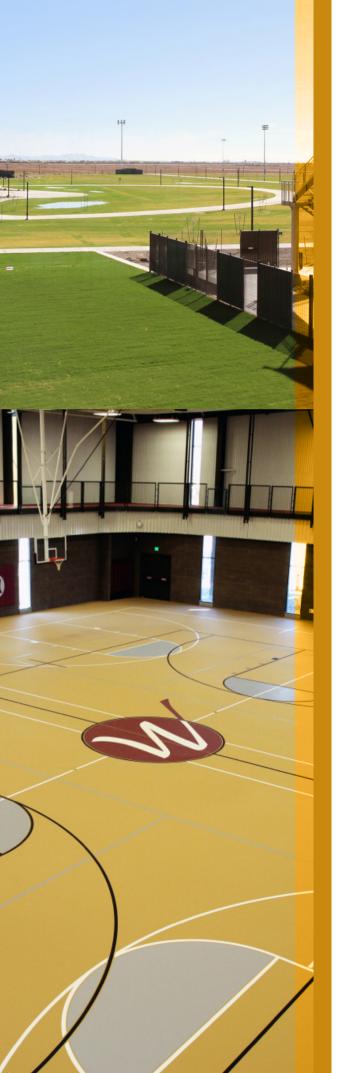
	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007	2006
Function/Program	· 	· 				·			·	
Public Safety										
Police										
Number of police personnel and officers:	75	72	66	66	63	66	69	63	*	*
Number of arrests	2,209	2,171	2,235	1,650	1,408	1,594	1,778	1,045	*	*
Number of traffic violations	3,649	2,801	3,504	3,055	4,468	3,581	4,266	**	*	*
Number of parking violations	179	244	28	21	16	6	2	**	*	*
Fire										
Number of fire personnel and firefighters	61	63	63	63	63	66	67	65	*	*
Number of emergency calls	3,773	3,368	3,302	3,074	3,056	3,034	2,900	1,999	*	*
Number of fire calls	450	410	435	375	438	378	389	284	*	*
Number of inspections	170	120	279	570	666	595	628	**	*	*
Development Services										
Number of building-single family residential permits issued	299	321	419	225	111	382	402	1,596	2,675	5,051
Number of building-non-residential permits issued	40	22	44	35	72	44	92	146	267	67
Number of demolition permits issued	4	3	3	9	13	4	5	4	4	4
Number of pool permits issued	172	184	148	164	128	139	120	365	662	991
Number of solar permits issued	724	195	44	24	15	33	0	0	0	0
Number of sign permits issued	50	52	71	46	33	21	40	67	85	45
Community Services										
Recreation										
Number of facility and park reservations processed	6,000	584	600	634	395	0	0	0	0	0
Number of programs	650	562	357	357	330	335	335	**	**	**
Library								**	**	**
Number of materials in inventory	44,000	42,148	32,060	27,515	23,071	20,062	18,239	**	**	**

Source: Various city departments.

^{*}The Fire and Police Departments were established in fiscal year 2008.

^{**}Information is unavailable

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Christian Price Mayor

Marvin L. Brown Vice Mayor

Peggy Chapados Councilmember

Bridger Kimball Councilmember

Vincent Manfredi Councilmember

Nancy Smith Councilmember

Henry M. Wade, Jr. Councilmember

Gregory E. Rose, ICMA-CM City Manager

Brenda K. Hasler, CPA Interim Financial Services Director

39700 West Civic Center Plaza Maricopa, AZ 85138