

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

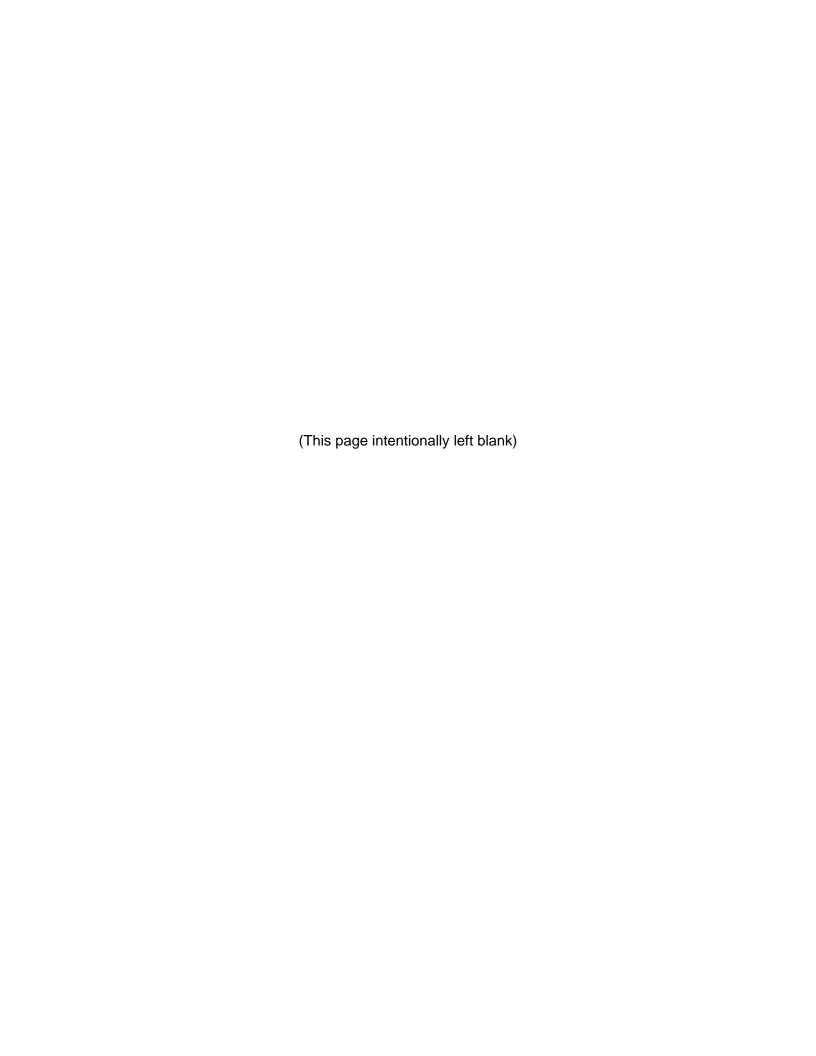
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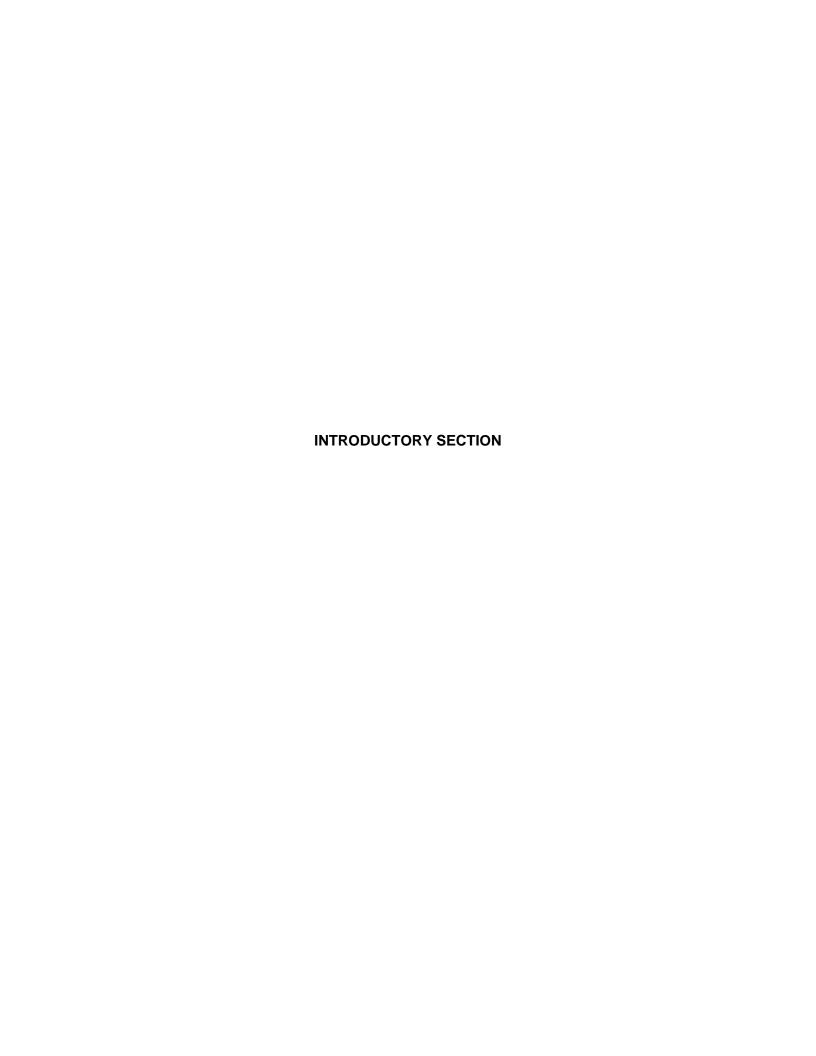
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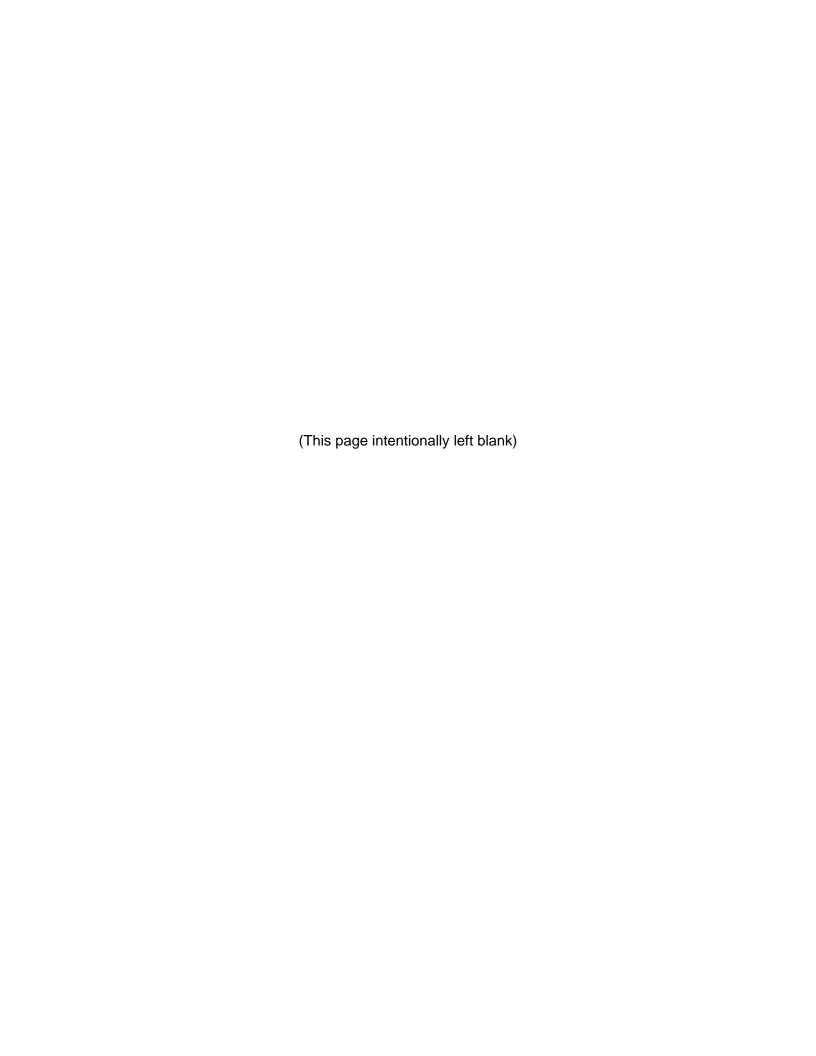
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February 23, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Maricopa

Arizona State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. This report is published to fulfill these requirements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Maricopa financial statements for year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Reporting Package.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.



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Profile of the City

The origins of the City took place at a series of watering holes eight miles north of present day Maricopa, and about a mile west of Pima Butte. Several of Arizona's rivers, the Gila, Santa Cruz, Vekol and Santa Rosa provided this oasis in the desert with an ample supply of water for agriculture and traders. The earliest known written record of the area was a journal entry made by Father Eusebio Francisco Kino in 1694. The area became an important stage stop in the 1800's on the Butterfield Overland Mail Line that stretched from St. Louis to San Francisco. In the 1870's, the Southern Pacific Railroad built a line from Yuma to Tucson, and a line was built from the present City of Maricopa area north into Phoenix and completed by the Maricopa & Phoenix Railroad in 1887. Rail transportation was halted in the mid 1930's, and Maricopa continued as a farming and ranching hub for the area.

The City of Maricopa is located in Pinal County, 35 minutes from Phoenix Sky Harbor Airport and 100 miles northwest of Tucson. Maricopa is one of the top growth areas in both the state and the country, increasing in population over 750% since incorporation. In 2003, it became Arizona's 88th incorporated municipality and currently serves approximately 45 square miles of incorporated area with a population of approximately 48,300. The City of Maricopa is empowered to levy a property tax on real and personal property located within its boundaries. It is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation.

The City of Maricopa has operated under the council-manager form of government since incorporation. Policymaking authority is vested in a City Council consisting of the Mayor and six Council members, all elected at large on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the City Magistrate, City Attorney, and the City Manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected for a two-year term.

The City of Maricopa provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; and recreational and cultural activities.

Economic Condition

Key advantages for the City of Maricopa include the high education levels and skill sets of its workforce – 89% of adults have some post-high school education and 48% of households report an income level above \$75,000 annually (according to a 2013 City of Maricopa Labor Study).

Major industries/employers in the area include governmental services – the City of Maricopa and the Maricopa Unified School District – and several private entities. These include automotive testing facilities, such as the Volkswagen North American Proving Grounds and the Nissan Technical Center. Due to its significant agricultural heritage, Maricopa has developed related local industries demonstrated in Shamrock Farms Dairy, Pinal Feeding Company, LP Steel Industries and T & K Red River Cattle. The community is home to two leading agricultural research facilities in the University of Arizona's Maricopa Agricultural Center and the United States Department of Agriculture's Arid-Land Agricultural Research Center. Maricopa also boasts gaming attractions – Harrah's Ak-Chin Casino Resort – and golf entertainment at Southern Dunes Golf Course and The Duke at Rancho El Dorado Golf Course. Maricopa is fast becoming a "clean and green" industry hub as home to Pinal Energy, the state's first ethanol plant, and Waste Management/Garrick's green waste to fuel project.





Bashas', Fry's Marketplace, and Super Walmart anchor three significant existing retail centers located in Maricopa. Additional development projects are bringing new shopping and dining options to Maricopa. In June 2014, the Maricopa City Council approved a site plan for a development called Maricopa Station. Located on a 2.45-acre site at the northeast corner of SR 347 and Smith-Enke Road, Maricopa Station includes a 7,800 square foot multi-tenant shops building and 3,300 square foot drive through restaurant.

Higher education is a priority for Maricopa's future and Central Arizona College is delivering through the development of a 217-acre campus with anticipated total population of more than 20,000 at full build-out. On December 16, 2011, Central Arizona College broke ground on Phase I of this new campus and the first classes were held in spring 2013. The attraction of healthcare services to the community has been a strong focus for the City of Maricopa since its inception. Banner Health Center, the City's first major medical facility, opened on May 16, 2012. The 40,000 square foot center was made possible through a public-private partnership between the City and Banner Health. Primary and specialty medical care services are offered and Banner Health has plans to expand the facility and its services as local demand requires. In September 2012, Dignity Health Arizona announced that it had acquired land in the City for a future 32,000 square foot emergency hospital.

The current Maricopa housing market mirrors that of similar communities in the Phoenix Metro region. While new home building in Maricopa has slowed from the boom of 2006-2007, trends have remained consistent with the rest of the Phoenix market. Slow, steady growth is projected for 2016-2017 and beyond. In addition, Maricopa's homes continue to sell faster than the average Valley rate with significant investment from Canadian visitors. The housing vacancy rate has continued to fall and was less than 5% by the end of the fiscal year.

Due to its rapid development and current dependency upon the Greater Phoenix area for employment opportunities, Maricopa's average unemployment rate for 2011 was 12.4% (with a Pinal County average of 11.2%). However, significant investments by the City in municipal projects and economic development as well as local private investments are working to lessen this dependency. Aided by modest economic recovery at the national and regional levels, the City's average annual unemployment rate through June 2014 had fallen to 8.5% (with a Pinal County average of 8.6%).

Major initiatives

Higher education will play a significant role in Maricopa's future as Central Arizona College works to develop its campus; the City is in full support of this project and highly involved in assisting with its execution.

Maricopa's new 45,000 square foot City Hall and adjacent Police station is located on a 20-acre portion of a larger 140-acre piece of City-owned property at White & Parker Road and Bowlin Road. Approximately 10 acres of the 20-acre piece is being reserved for use by private partners for the development of appropriate retail and office uses, up to 140,000 square feet of total development. The remaining 120-acres of City-owned property is envisioned to provide additional quality of life amenities and entertainment options to residents as well as site opportunities for business attraction and development to aid in overall economic growth.

The 52,000 square foot Copper Sky Multigenerational/Aquatics Center and 98-acre Copper Sky Regional Park, the destination for sports, fitness, recreation and leisure activities in Maricopa, has been in operation for one year. It hosts regional athletic tournaments and special community events including the Salsa Festival, Merry Copa, Great American BBQ and Fishing Derby.





The City is also implementing initiatives to support local business growth as well as attract larger employers to the community. The City received USDA grant funds to launch its first small business incubator, which opened in February 2013. The Maricopa Center for Entrepreneurship (MCE) provides business training and business incubation services to local start-up companies with the goal of diversifying the local economy.

Progress continues on the development of 50 acres of City-owned land as a mixed use business park. The Estrella Gin Business Park site is located just west of the intersection of Edison Road and Roosevelt Avenue. Planned to be developed through a public-private partnership, it is the City's leading project to spur local economic growth. The goal for the business park is to provide employment opportunities for local residents by allowing expanding businesses to remain in the community and facilitating the relocation of industry to Maricopa. Approximately 40 acres will be available for commercial development, anticipated to include a mix of industrial, office and flex space. Fire Station 575 has already opened on two acres at the south end of the site, a Public Works/Fire/Fleet Maintenance facility is nearing completion, and the City has set aside land for the potential relocation of the existing Amtrak station to the site.

In June 2014, the Arizona State Transportation Board voted to adopt the 2015-2019 Five-Year Transportation Facilities Construction Program, which includes funding for an overpass project at State Route 347 and Union Pacific Railroad crossing. The board's action determines which projects are now programmed in Greater Arizona while allocating dedicated funding to the preservation of Arizona's existing highway system over the next five years. In October 2015, the Arizona Department of Transportation in partnership with the City received a \$15.0 million Federal grant for construction of the overpass.

Relevant financial policies

The Council is required to adopt a budget no later than July 1 of each year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Maricopa's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g., police). Department Directors may transfer resources within a department as they see fit with the City Manager's approval. Transfers between departments; however, require approval from the City Council.

It is the City of Maricopa's policy that half of "one-time" resource inflows from construction-related activities be reserved for capital outlay purposes. The General Fund annual budget shall also include contingency funds equal to at least ten percent of budgeted expenditures in order to accommodate unplanned and unforeseen budgetary needs throughout the fiscal year.

Long-term financial planning

Unassigned fund balance of \$26.8 million in the General Fund represents 99 percent of total General Fund budgeted expenditures. This falls within the 30 percent policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes.

In accordance with the City's budget policies, the City shall adopt a balanced budget. A balanced budget means total budgetary expenditures shall be equal to or less than total financial resources available (revenues plus available fund balance). For financial planning purposes, the City now prepares a Comprehensive Financial Plan to initiate the annual budget process.





The Comprehensive Financial Plan provides a five-year perspective on the financial condition of the City's General Fund and any other appropriated funds deemed necessary. For the FY14-15 budget process, a Comprehensive Financial Plan was prepared for both the General Fund and the Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) as these are the two largest operating funds in the City. This plan provided a long-range context for staff and the City Council to make budgetary decisions for the upcoming fiscal year.

The financial forecasts are utilized to examine the revenue and expenditure structures a period of five years and include forecasted fund balance information.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund (93 percent of General Fund budgeted expenditures) falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes.

The City is committed to matching its expenditures with available revenues, and has restructured several departments to re-align service delivery to better serve the citizens at a lower cost.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

<u>Award.</u> The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In order to be awarded this certificate, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

This certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the programs' requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year 2015-16 certificate.

Acknowledgments. The preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Financial Services department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Gregory E. Rose, ICMA-CM

City Manager

Brenda K. Hasler, CPA Financial Services Director

Brenda & Hasler



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

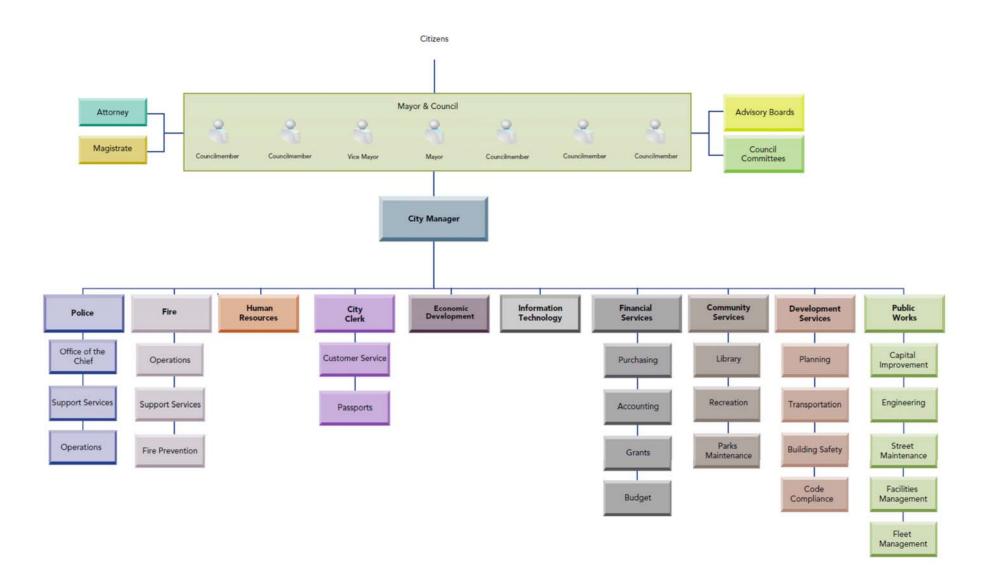
Presented to

City of Maricopa Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Christian Price

Vice Mayor Marvin Brown

Council Member Peggy Chapados

Council Member Bridger Kimball

Council Member Vincent Manfredi

Council Member Nancy Smith

Council Member Henry Wade

CITY STAFF

City Manager Gregory E. Rose

Assistant to the City Manager Jennifer Brown

City Clerk Vanessa Bueras

Community Services Director Kristie Riester

Development Services Director Martin Scribner

Economic Development Director Denyse Airheart

Fire Chief Brady Leffler

Human Resources Director Kathleen Haggerty

Intergovernmental Affairs Director Dale Wiebusch

Financial Services Director Brenda Hasler

Police Chief Steve Stahl

Public Works Director William Fay

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Maricopa, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Maricopa, Arizona (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Maricopa, Arizona, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the City implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, for the year ended June 30, 2016, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, net pension liability information, and other postemployment benefits information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 23, 2017, on our consideration of City of Maricopa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Maricopa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld, Melch & Co., P.C.

Tucson, Arizona February 23, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

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As management of the City of Maricopa, Arizona (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial statements which follow the Management's Discussion and Analysis provide those significant key financial highlights for 2015-16 as follows:

- The City's total net position of governmental activities decreased \$2.5 million to \$243.4 million representing a less than one percent decrease over the prior year.
- General revenues from governmental activities accounted for \$40.5 million in revenue, or 78
 percent of all revenues from governmental activities. Program specific revenues in the form
 of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$11.2 million or 22 percent
 of total governmental activities revenues.
- The City had \$54.1 million in expenses related to governmental activities, an increase of 14
 percent from the prior fiscal year primarily due to an increase in expenditures for ongoing
 construction projects.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$34.4 million in current fiscal year revenues, which
 primarily consisted of property tax, sales tax, and intergovernmental revenues, and \$30.0
 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increase from \$26.7 million at the
 prior fiscal year end to \$29.9 million at the end of the current fiscal year was primarily due to
 an increase in sales and franchise taxes and licenses, fees and permits.
- The County Road Tax Fund had \$1.8 million in revenues and expenditures of \$1.8 million. The County Road Tax Fund's fund balance decreased from \$4.2 million at the prior fiscal year end, to \$4.1 million at the end of the current fiscal year.
- The Public Safety Impact Fee Fund had \$303,197 in revenue and expenditures of \$1.5 million.
 A prepaid expenditure for an aerial pumper fire engine was the cause of the large expenditure during the year.
- The Transportation Impact Fee Fund, had \$1.7 million in revenues. Fund expenditures totaled \$983,379 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$707,123 to \$20.5 million due to miscellaneous income from an escrow payment.
- The General Government CIP Fund had \$911,959 in revenues and expenditures of \$7.7 million for the construction of a new police substation, and the purchase of Police vehicles.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

In the government-wide financial statements the City's activities are presented in the following categories:

• **Governmental activities** – Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, community services, development services, public works, and interest on long-term debt. Sales taxes, property taxes, state shared revenues, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, County Road Tax, Public Safety Impact Fee, Transportation Impact Fee, and General Government CIP Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules as supplementary information presented with these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget process and pension plan. The City adopts an annual expenditure budget for all governmental funds. A schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual has been provided for the General Fund and the County Road Tax Fund as required supplementary information presented with these financial statements. Schedules for the pension plan and other postemployment benefits plan have been provided as required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$243.4 million at the current fiscal year end.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment, computer and software, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of the City's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	Governmental Activities					
	2016	2015				
Current and other assets	\$ 78,516,870	\$ 85,917,992				
Capital assets, net	222,612,844	221,819,497				
Total assets	301,129,714	307,737,489				
Deferred outflows	4,759,448	3,232,884				
Current liabilities	3,143,297	6,317,260				
Long-term liabilities	57,584,101	56,356,463				
Total liabilities	60,727,398	62,673,723				
Deferred inflows	1,728,750	2,652,021				
Net investment in capital assets	178,734,505	176,253,607				
Restricted	46,127,016	52,707,824				
Unrestricted	18,571,493	16,683,198				
Total net position	\$ 243,433,014	\$ 245,644,629				

At the end of the current fiscal year the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The City's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net position.

- The City acquired \$11.4 million in capital asset additions with an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$10.4 million.
- Current assets decreased \$7.4 million primarily due to construction of the police substation and the fire administration and public works building.
- Bonds payable decreased due to the principal retirement of \$1.6 million during the fiscal year.
- An increase in long-term liabilities of \$2.8 million due to the increase in pension obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Changes in net position. The City's total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$51.7 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$54.1 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	Governmental Activities				
		2016		2015	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,623,330	\$	3,702,481	
Operating grants and contributions		4,303,861		3,962,746	
Capital grants and contributions		2,230,811		1,470,367	
General revenues:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		9,563,708		9,328,535	
Property taxes, levied for debt service		3,654,084		4,761,714	
Sales taxes		9,496,645		8,791,279	
Franchise taxes		911,356		362,791	
Unrestricted grants, aid, and state shared revenues		16,094,498		15,108,669	
Investment income		771,820		446,606	
Total revenues		51,650,113		47,935,188	
Expenses:					
General government		8,434,268		8,034,855	
Public safety		21,662,502		19,253,044	
Community services		9,411,852		8,245,420	
Development services		4,173,045		2,624,718	
Public works		8,384,857		7,189,840	
Interest on long-term debt		2,045,204		2,098,409	
Total expenses		54,111,728		47,446,286	
Changes in net position		(2,461,615)		488,902	
Net position, beginning		245,644,629		245,155,727	
Net effect of prior period adjustments		250,000			
Net position, beginning restated		245,894,629			
Net position, ending	\$	243,433,014	\$	245,644,629	

The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the change in net position.

- Charges for services increased \$920,849 primarily due to miscellaneous income from an escrow payment.
- The increase in public safety expenditures of \$2.4 million was primarily due to the construction of the police substation.
- Development services expenses increased \$1.5 million and public works expenses increased \$1.2 million due primarily to increased capital expenses for items that did not meet the City's capitalization threshold.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

	Year Ended	June 30, 2016	Year Ended	June 30, 2015	
	Total	Net (Expense)/	Total	Net (Expense)/	
	Expenses	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	
General government	\$ 8,434,268	\$ (7,298,733)	\$ 8,034,855	\$ (7,835,108)	
Public safety	21,662,502	(20,317,007)	19,253,044	(16,967,405)	
Community services	9,411,852	(6,183,596)	8,245,420	(4,973,675)	
Development services	4,173,045	(1,818,279)	2,624,718	(1,998,291)	
Public works	8,384,857	(5,441,171)	7,189,840	(4,746,313)	
Interest on long-term debt	2,045,204	(1,894,940)	2,098,409	(1,789,900)	
Total	\$ 54,111,728	\$ (42,953,726)	\$ 47,446,286	\$ (38,310,692)	

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$54.1 million.
- Federal and State grants and contributions and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$11.2 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$43.0 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes of \$13.2 million, sales taxes of \$9.5 million, and state shared revenues of \$16.1 million.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the City as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$75.2 million, a decrease of \$4.4 million due primarily to the increase of unrestricted state revenues offset by the increase of capital outlay expenditures.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. The increase in fund balance of \$3.2 million for the fiscal year to \$29.9 million was due primarily due to an increase in sales and franchise taxes and licenses, fees and permits.

The County Road Tax Fund showed a decrease in fund balance of \$38,911 for the current fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The Transportation Impact Fee Fund showed an increase in fund balance of \$707,123 due to miscellaneous income from an escrow payment.

The General Government CIP Fund balance decreased by \$6.8 million to an ending fund balance of \$8.1 million due to the construction of the police substation and the fire administration and public works building.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant variances between the original and final budgets and the final budget and actual amounts for the General Fund are as follows:

- Due to a decrease in the primary property tax rate, property tax revenues are below the budget.
- The favorable variance of \$1.1 million in total was primarily a result of additional monitoring of expenditures and increased budgetary review.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. At year end, the City had invested \$286.8 million in capital assets, including buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, and infrastructure assets. This amount represents a net increase prior to depreciation of \$10.9 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to the completion of the police substation and the fire administration and public works building. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$10.4 million.

The following schedule presents capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

	As of	As of
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 87,786,935	\$ 87,428,714
Infrastructure	89,250,222	86,232,511
Buildings and improvements	86,858,055	76,194,277
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	21,757,757	18,914,453
Construction in progress	1,109,235	7,121,937
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(64,149,360)	(54,072,395)
Total	\$ 222,612,844	\$ 221,819,497

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Debt Administration. – At year end, the City had \$43.9 million in long-term debt outstanding, \$1.7 million due within one year.

State statutes currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to 20 percent of its total assessed valuation for water, sewer, lights, open space preserves, parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities. The current debt limitation for the City is \$59.3 million, of which \$34.9 million is issued and outstanding. State statutes also currently limit the amount of general obligation debt a City may issue to 6 percent of its total assessed valuation for all other purposes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$17.8 million, of which \$7.8 million is issued and outstanding.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

City management considered many factors in the process of developing the operating budget for the fiscal year 2016-17. The most significant factors affecting the subsequent year's budget are:

- Primary property tax assessments remain relatively unchanged from prior year with an increase in the total assessment due to the impact of new construction.
- Sales tax revenues increased due to continued growth in the City as well as the continuing slow economic recovery, especially in the area of construction. State shared and intergovernmental revenues slightly increased as well.
- Operating expenditures were assumed to increase due to increased service levels based on the operating impacts of several key projects, particularly the State Route 347 (SR347) project, as well as increased healthcare costs and "merit-based" increases in personnel costs.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Financial Services Department, City of Maricopa, Arizona; City Hall; 39700 W. Civic Center Plaza; Maricopa, Arizona 85138.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 7	4,608,513
Property taxes receivable		258,548
Accounts receivable		488,051
Interest receivable		182,286
Intergovernmental receivables		1,765,850
Prepaid items		1,213,622
Total current assets	7	8,516,870
Noncurrent assets:		
Land and other non-depreciable assets	8	8,896,170
Infrastructure, buildings, equipment	40	7 000 004
and other depreciable assets		7,866,034
Accumulated depreciation		4,149,360)
Total noncurrent assets		2,612,844
Total assets	30	1,129,714
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4.750.440
Pension plan items		4,759,448
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		0.500.600
Accounts payable		2,589,688
Construction contracts payable		153,714
Accrued wages and benefits		373,714
Customer deposits		475
Due to other governments		25,706
Compensated absences payable		984,388
Bonds payable		1,685,000
Total current liabilities		5,812,685
Noncurrent liabilities:		224.060
Compensated absences	4	324,960
Bonds payable		2,193,339
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		2,396,414
Total liabilities		4,914,713
rotal liabilities		0,727,398
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> Pension plan items		1,728,750
r ension plan items		1,720,730
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	17	8,734,505
Restricted for:		
Public safety		1,195,205
Highways and streets		1,855,174
Capital outlay		8,306,636
Debt service		157,168
Grants		249,188
Parks and recreation		4,363,645
Unrestricted		8,571,493
Total net position	\$ 24	3,433,014

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				ļ	Pro	ogram Revenue	S		F	et (Expense) Revenue and hanges in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	- · ·	Operating Grants and Contributions		apital Grants and ontributions	G	Sovernmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Community services Development services Public works Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$	8,434,268 21,662,502 9,411,852 4,173,045 8,384,857 2,045,204 54,111,728		725,908 286,800 1,352,037 2,258,585 4,623,330		409,627 297,397 1,486,870 96,181 1,863,522 150,264 4,303,861		761,298 389,349 1,080,164 2,230,811	\$	(7,298,733) (20,317,007) (6,183,596) (1,818,279) (5,441,171) (1,894,940) (42,953,726)
General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Sales taxes Franchise taxes Unrestricted grants, aid, and state shared revenues Investment income Total general revenues							9,563,708 3,654,084 9,496,645 911,356 16,094,498 771,820 40,492,111			
Changes in net position						(2,461,615)				
		-		, beginning of , end of year	rye	ear, as restated	1		\$	245,894,629

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	General Fund	County Road Tax	Public Safety Impact Fee
Cash and investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$ 28,723,201 188,189 488,051 182,286	\$ 4,366,009	\$
Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds	952,424 779,904	185,868	4 405 005
Prepaid items Total assets	18,417 \$ 31,332,472	\$ 4,551,877	1,195,205 \$ 1,195,205
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Construction contracts payable	\$ 1,018,190	\$ 414,370	\$ 5,284
Accrued wages and benefits Due to other funds Customer deposits	319,811 475		716,449
Due to other governments Total liabilities	25,706 1,364,182	414,370	721,733
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes	94,482		
Unavailable revenue - business licenses Total deferred inflows of resources	13,535 108,017		
Fund balances (deficits): Nonspendable	18,417		1,195,205
Restricted Unassigned Total fund balances	29,841,856 29,860,273	4,137,507	<u>(721,733)</u> 473,472
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	29,000,273	4,107,007	415,412
and fund balances	\$ 31,332,472	\$ 4,551,877	\$ 1,195,205

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Transport Impact F		General vernment CIP	Non-Major Governmental Funds		-	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 21,000	6,211	\$ 8,313,581	\$	12,199,511 70,359		\$	74,608,513 258,548 488,051
				627,558			182,286 1,765,850 779,904 1,213,622
\$ 21,000	6,211	\$ 8,313,581	\$	12,897,428	-	\$	79,296,774
\$ 52	5,700	\$ 92,603 100,920	\$	533,541 52,794		\$	2,589,688 153,714
		100,020		53,903			373,714
				63,455			779,904 475
					_		25,706
52	5,700	193,523		703,693	-		3,923,201
				34,922			129,404
				34,922	-		13,535 142,939
-				01,022	-		1 12,000
							1,213,622
20,480	0,511	8,120,058		12,158,813			44,896,889
					_		29,120,123
20,480	0,511	8,120,058		12,158,813	-		75,230,634
\$ 21,000	6,211	\$ 8,313,581	\$	12,897,428	=	\$	79,296,774

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 75,230,634
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 286,762,204 (64,149,360)	222,612,844
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Business licenses	129,404 13,535	142,939
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,759,448 (1,728,750)	3,030,698
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability Bonds payable Bonds premium payable	(1,309,348) (12,396,414) (43,095,000) (783,339)	 (57,584,101)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 243,433,014

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	County Road Tax	Public Safety Impact Fee
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 9,555,732	\$	\$
Sales taxes	8,584,686		
Franchise taxes	911,356		
Licenses, fees & permits	1,123,534		
Intergovernmental revenues	11,886,158	1,781,522	
Impact fees			302,801
Charges for services	888,543		
Fines, forfeitures & penalties	563,453		
Investment income	754,656	1,946	396
Miscellaneous	161,000		
Total revenues	34,429,118	1,783,468	303,197
Expenditures:			
Current -			
General government	6,203,701		
Public safety	18,870,366		112,419
Community services	2,137,050		
Development services	1,365,287	163,538	
Public works	1,259,151		
Capital outlay	158,206	1,658,841	1,380,699
Debt service -			
Principal retirement			
Interest and fiscal charges			
Total expenditures	29,993,761	1,822,379	1,493,118
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,435,357	(38,911)	(1,189,921)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in			
Transfers out	(1,250,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses):	(1,250,000)		
Changes in fund balances	3,185,357	(38,911)	(1,189,921)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	26,672,145	4,176,418	468,188
Increase (decrease) in reserve for prepaid items	2,771		1,195,205
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 29,860,273	\$ 4,137,507	\$ 473,472

Transportation Impact Fee	General Government CIP	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$ 911,959	\$ 3,707,657	\$ 13,263,389 9,496,645 911,356 1,123,534
1,080,164		7,155,858 389,349 1,273,265	20,823,538 1,772,314 2,161,808 563,453
10,338 600,000		4,484	771,820 761,000
1,690,502	911,959	12,530,613	51,648,857
		651,377	6,855,078
		551,008	19,533,793
		4,280,589	6,417,639
		153,285	1,682,110
002 270	7 670 654	1,422,814	2,681,965
983,379	7,673,651	4,485,132	16,339,908
		1,645,000	1,645,000
		2,087,755	2,087,755
983,379	7,673,651	15,276,960	57,243,248
707,123	(6,761,692)	(2,746,347)	(5,594,391)
		1,250,000	1,250,000 (1,250,000)
		1,250,000	
707,123	(6,761,692)	(1,496,347)	(5,594,391)
19,773,388	14,881,750	13,655,160	79,627,049
			1,197,976
\$ 20,480,511	\$ 8,120,058	\$ 12,158,813	\$ 75,230,634

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (5,594,391)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 11,390,120 (10,438,926)	951,194
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Intergovernmental Business licenses	(45,597) (48,682) 13,535	(80,744)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		1,645,000
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension liability, adjusted for deferred pension items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Current year pension contributions Pension expense	2,188,410 (2,513,817)	(325,407)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Prepaid items Loss on disposal of assets Amortization of deferred bond items Compensated absences	1,197,976 (157,847) 42,551 (139,947)	942,733
Changes in net position in governmental activities		\$ (2,461,615)

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Maricopa, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures.

The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal entity governed by an elected mayor and council. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the City, the primary government.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The City is a primary government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments; and therefore is not a component unit of any other reporting entity.

In a prior year, the City had formed an Industrial Development Authority (IDA) to provide conduit financing to spur economic development opportunities within the greater Maricopa area. The Mayor and Council appoint all seven members of the IDA Board and provide general oversight over the IDA's activities. As of June 30, 2016 the IDA had not incurred any financial transactions and therefore has no financial data to report.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the City as a whole. The reported information includes all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities normally are supported by sales taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. As of June 30, 2016, the City had no business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, unrestricted state shared revenues, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally it is not measurable until received in cash. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City reports the following major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>County Road Tax Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for roadway improvements funded through the Pinal County Transportation Excise Tax.

<u>Public Safety Impact Fee Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for police development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Transportation Impact Fee Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's transportation impact fee. The revenues in this fund are restricted for specific capital outlay purposes.

<u>General Government CIP Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for construction in progress for general government projects.

D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The City Council formally adopts an annual budget for all operating funds. The statutory level of control at which expenditures may not exceed budget is at the total expenditure level. However, the City's internal adopted policy is that expenditures may not exceed the budgets by departments within each fund, except for bond and grants-in-aid funds, which are exempted by statute. Upon written request from the City Manager, the Council has the authority to transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one department or fund to another. The City Manager, upon request from Department Heads, may approve transfers of appropriations between divisions and expenditure categories within departments.

On June 3, 1980, the voters of Arizona approved an expenditure limitation for all governments. This limitation restricts the growth of expenditures to a percentage determined by population and inflation, with certain expenditures excluded from the limitation. Through a vote of the qualified electors, a government may permanently adjust its base limitation to increase its annual expenditure limitation. At the general election held November 2, 2004, the City of Maricopa voters approved a permanent adjustment of \$9,750,000 to the City's base limitation.

E. Property Taxes

Arizona Revised Statutes require that taxes be levied on or before the third Monday in August. Taxes are levied and collected by the Pinal County Treasurer's Office on real and personal properties. Real property taxes, payable in two installments, are due November 1 and May 1. Personal property taxes are billed throughout the year. Interest and penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay the tax within a period of time specified by law. Taxes are considered to be a lien against real property at the date of the levy.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The property tax levy, as described in the Arizona State Statutes, is divided into two levies, a primary levy and a secondary levy. Secondary taxes are levied strictly for the retirement and redemption of bonded indebtedness, while the primary levy may be used for any legal operating purpose.

The primary property tax levy is limited to a two percent annual increase over the prior year's maximum allowable levy plus an adjustment for properties that were not taxed in the previous year.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

General government infrastructure capital assets include only those assets acquired or constructed since July 1, 2004. The City qualified as a Phase 3 implementer of GASB 34, and has elected under that standard to not report infrastructure assets in existence prior to that date. As part of the development process, the developers are required to construct much of the infrastructure in and around their developments. At completion, these infrastructure assets are donated to the City and capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Improvements other than buildings	3-20 years
Buildings	17-20 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Vehicles	5-15 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Computers/Software	5-10 vears

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation leave vests with the employee as it is earned. All employees may carry forward only the amount of vacation benefits allowed per the vesting schedule in the City of Maricopa Personnel Policies and Procedures. Upon termination or retirement, an employee will be compensated for accumulated vacation leave. Payment will be based upon the individual's rate of pay at termination or retirement. Upon death, the same benefits shall be paid to the employee's beneficiary. Sick leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. The current and long-term liabilities, including related benefits, for accumulated vacation leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

K. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another, without a requirement for repayment, are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

L. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the City applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

M. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses when consumed in the government-wide financial statements and as expenditures when purchased in the fund financial statements.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. As a result of City Council action, the City Manager or his/her designee is authorized and empowered to assign fund balance to a specific purpose in accordance with and in relation to City budget and financial policies.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had be restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

The table below provides detail of the major components of the City's fund balance classifications at year end.

	G	eneral Fund	ounty Road Tax Fund	Public Safety Impact Fee Fund	ansportation Impact Fee Fund		General Government CIP Fund	C	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:						_			
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	18,417	\$	\$ 1,195,205	\$	\$		\$	
Restricted:									
Debt service									122,246
Transportation projects			4,137,507		20,480,511				7,237,156
Parks and recreation projects									4,363,645
Capital projects							8,120,058		
Federal and state projects									435,766
Unassigned:		29,841,856		(721,733)					•
Total fund balances	\$	29,860,273	\$ 4,137,507	\$ 473,472	\$ 20,480,511	\$	8,120,058	\$	12,158,813

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A.R.S. authorize the City to invest public monies in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, obligations of the State and certain local government subdivisions, interest-bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit, collateralized repurchase agreements, certain obligations of U.S. corporations, and certain other securities. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the City's investments. All investments are stated at fair value.

Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$1,320,101 and the bank balance was \$2,199,627. At year end \$1,857,831 of the City's deposits was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name. Additionally, the City had cash on hand of \$7,520.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

The State Treasurer's pools are external investment pools, the Local Government Investment Pool (Pool 5) and Local Government Investment Pool-Government (Pool 7), with no regulatory oversight. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the City's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

All investments in which the fair value hierarchy is applicable are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. At year end, the City's investments consisted of the following:

					Investmen (in Y			
Investment Type	Category	F	air Value	L	ess than 1		1-5	Concentration of Credit Risk
Short Term Investments	Level 2	\$	7,771,088	\$	7,771,088	\$		11%
Certificates of Deposit	Level 2		6,535,065		3,899,117		2,635,948	9%
U.S. Treasuries	Level 2		18,098,441		602,226		17,496,215	25%
U.S. Agencies:								
Federal Home Loan Banks	Level 2		8,180,893		4,316,669		3,864,224	11%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Level 2		7,538,993		2,598,970		4,940,023	10%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Level 2		9,902,420		4,665,699		5,236,721	13%
Tennessee Valley Authority	Level 2		2,943,250		565,695		2,377,555	4%
Corporate Securities:								
Berkshire Hathaway Finance Corporation	Level 2		811,170				811,170	1%
Cisco Systems, Inc.	Level 2		861,050				861,050	1%
Chevron	Level 2		754,117				754,117	1%
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	Level 2		666,772				666,772	1%
Pfizer, Inc.	Level 2		655,414				655,414	1%
Toyota Motor Credit Corporation	Level 2		755,468				755,468	1%
Wells Fargo & Co.	Level 2		663,994				663,994	1%
				\$	24,419,464	\$	41,718,671	
State Treasurer's investment pool 5	Not Applicable		3,747,491	22	days average	e ma	aturities	5%
State Treasurer's investment pool 7	Not Applicable		3,395,266	73	days average	ma	aturities	5%
Total		\$	73,280,892					

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Interest Rate Risk. The City's formal investment policy limits interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with the anticipated cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding, as much as possible, the need to sell securities into an adverse market environment prior to maturity and utilizing external research and advice regarding the current interest rate outlook and global economic condition to optimize portfolio duration strategy.

Credit Risk. The City's formal investment policy limits credit risk by limiting investments in the portfolio to the asset classes designated as acceptable in A.R.S. §35-323, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one individual issuer held in the portfolio will be limited and by utilizing external research and advice regarding the current global economic condition and its impact on the outlook for domestic corporate credit quality. The State Treasurer's investment pool 7 had a weighted average rating of AAA at year end as it was invested in obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The State Treasurer's investment pool 5 was rated AAA f/S1+ by Standard and Poor's at year end. The City's investments in corporate securities were rated A3, A2, A1, Aa3, and Aa2 by Moody's Investors Service and - BBB+, A, AA-, AA by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectibles, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of intergovernmental receivables. Intergovernmental receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year end for the City's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate were as follows:

	General Fund	County Road Tax Fund	Go۱	on-Major ⁄ernmental Funds
Intergovernmental receivables: Due from federal government Due from state government	\$ 952,424	\$	\$	307,224 320,334
Due from county government		185,868		<i>,</i>
Net intergovernmental receivables	<u>\$ 952,424</u>	<u>\$ 185,868</u>	\$	627,558

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increase		D	ecrease		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							-
Land	\$ 87,428,714	\$	358,221	\$		\$	87,786,935
Construction in progress	 7,121,937		7,525,797	13	3,538,499		1,109,235
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	94,550,651		7,884,018	13	3,538,499		88,896,170
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	46,173,105		9,939,225				56,112,330
Improvements other than buildings	30,021,172		724,553				30,745,725
Infrastructure	86,232,511		3,101,877		84,166		89,250,222
Vehicles	7,737,713		1,067,107		359,180		8,445,640
Machinery and equipment	8,282,121		1,886,895				10,169,016
Computers/Software	 2,894,619		324,944		76,462		3,143,101
Total capital, assets being depreciated	 181,341,241		17,044,601		519,808		197,866,034
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	(6,074,290)		(2,588,459)				(8,662,749)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,899,873)		(1,534,204)				(4,434,077)
Infrastructure	(34,261,395)		(4,326,955)		(3,507)		(38,584,843)
Vehicles	(5,330,545)		(607,667)		(357,180)		(5,581,032)
Machinery and equipment	(3,477,538)		(1,148,044)				(4,625,582)
Computes/Software	(2,028,754)		(233,597)		(1,274)		(2,261,077)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (54,072,395)	((10,438,926)		(361,961)		(64,149,360)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	127,268,846		6,605,675		157,847	_	133,716,674
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 221,819,497	\$	14,489,693	\$ 13	3,696,346	\$2	222,612,844

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmenta	l activities:
-------------	---------------

General government	\$ 1,054,243
Public safety	1,803,470
Community service	2,749,276
Public works	4,831,937
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$10,438,926

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – At year end, the City had contractual commitments related to various capital projects for the certain infrastructure projects. At year end the City had spent \$1.1 million on the projects and had estimated remaining contractual commitments of \$5.5 million.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year end consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$13.9 million remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt. In addition, a portion of the City's bonds are Qualified Build America Bonds (BABS). The City receives a direct subsidy payment from the United States of America for a portion of the interest payment due on the bonds.

	Original	Interest	Remaining	C		D	ue Within
Am	ount Issued	Rates	Maturities	Ju	ne 30, 2016	(One Year
\$	20,000,000	4.365 - 6.335%	7/1/17-30	\$	13,085,000	\$	865,000
	31,605,000	4.0 - 4.375%	7/1/17-35		30,010,000		820,000
				\$	43,095,000	\$	1,685,000
	<u>Am</u>	+ -//	Amount Issued Rates \$ 20,000,000 4.365 - 6.335%	Amount Issued Rates Maturities \$ 20,000,000 4.365 - 6.335% 7/1/17-30	Original Amount Issued Interest Remaining Rates Remaining Maturities Jule \$ 20,000,000 4.365 - 6.335% 7/1/17-30 \$	Amount Issued Rates Maturities June 30, 2016 \$ 20,000,000 4.365 - 6.335% 7/1/17-30 \$ 13,085,000 31,605,000 4.0 - 4.375% 7/1/17-35 30,010,000	Original Amount Issued Interest Rates Remaining Maturities Principal June 30, 2016 D \$ 20,000,000 4.365 - 6.335% 7/1/17-30 \$ 13,085,000 \$ 31,605,000 \$ 30,010,000

Principal and interest payments on the general obligations bonds payable at year end are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities			ctivities
Year ending June 30:		Principal			Interest
	2017	\$	1,685,000	\$	2,029,060
	2018		1,735,000		1,958,503
	2019		1,790,000		1,881,947
	2020		1,845,000		1,801,161
	2021		1,905,000		1,715,983
	2022-26		10,775,000		7,089,196
	2027-31		13,120,000		4,124,697
	2032-36		10,240,000		977,062
Total		\$	43,095,000	\$	21,577,609

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

B. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term obligation activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 44,740,000	\$	\$ 1,645,000	\$ 43,095,000	\$ 1,685,000
Premium	825,890		42,551	783,339	
Total bonds payable	45,565,890		1,687,551	43,878,339	1,685,000
Net pension liability	9,621,172	2,775,242		12,396,414	
Compensated absences payable	1,169,401	2,126,354	1,986,407	1,309,348	984,388
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ 56,356,463	\$ 4,901,596	\$ 3,673,958	\$ 57,584,101	\$ 2,669,388

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The transfer of \$1,250,000 from the General Fund to the Copper Sky Fund, a non-major governmental fund, was used to support the maintenance and operations of the Regional Park and Multigenerational Center.

At year end the Debt Service and Public Safety Impact Fee Funds had negative cash balances of \$63,455 and \$716,449, respectively, in the City's pooled cash accounts. The negative cash was reduced by interfund borrowing with the General Fund. The terms of repayment of the interfund balance will be determined by the City Council and any amounts to be repaid within one year have not been determined as of the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 8 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Lawsuits</u> – The City is a party to a number of various types of lawsuits, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The ultimate outcome of the actions is not determinable, however, City management believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 9 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The July 1, 2015, government-wide net position and the fund balance of the Transportation Impact Fee Fund do not agree to the prior year financial statements due to a correction of errors. The City determined stale accounts payable balances should be written-off.

	Statement of Activities	Transportation Impact Fee Fund
Net position/fund balance, June 30, 2015,		
as previously reported	\$ 245,644,629	\$ 19,523,388
Accounts payable error	250,000	250,000
Net position/fund balance, July 1, 2015,		
as restated	\$ 245,894,629	\$ 19,773,388

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City mitigates the potential financial effects of these risks through its participation in the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (AMRRP), which is a common risk management and insurance program open to all Arizona municipalities. The City pays an annual premium to AMRRP for its general liability and automobile coverage. The AMRRP membership agreement provides that AMRRP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000 for general liability claims and \$250,000 for property claims. The City is also a member of the Arizona Municipal Workers' Compensation Pool (AMWCP) for workers' compensation insurance. AMWCP is a public entity workers' compensation pool currently operating for member cities and town. The City pays quarterly premiums to AMWCP for its workers' compensation insurance. The agreement provides that AMWCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of \$500,000.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health, dental, life, short-term disability, and vision insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

The City reported \$2,188,410 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description. City employees not covered by the other pension plans described after this section participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial

2011

	Membership Date:		
	Before January 1, 2011	On or After January 1,	
Years of service and	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55	
age required to	10 years age 62	25 years age 60	
receive benefit	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62	

Any years age 50*

Any years age 65

Final average salary is Highest 36 months of last based on 120 months Highest 60 months of last 120 months

Benefit percent per 2.1% to 2.3% 2.1% to 2.3% year of service

*With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a members' death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (11.35 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (10.85 percent for retirement, 0.50 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$862,053.

The City's contributions for the current and two preceding years for the Arizona State Retirement System OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	alth Benefit upplement	ng-Term isability
	Fund	Fund
Year ending June 30:		
2016	\$ 39,726	\$ 9,534
2015	41,607	8,462
2014	34,200	10,655

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$12.1 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ASRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was 0.077 percent, which was an increase of 0.013 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$1.5 million and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred offlows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	328,836	\$	631,466
pension plan investments				386,197
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,678,367		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		862,053		
Total	\$	2,869,256	\$	1,017,663

The deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending Jur	าе 30:
-----------------	--------

2017	\$ 576,239
2018	280,961
2019	(146,446)
2020	278,786

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total ASRS pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.0-6.75%
Inflation	3.0%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class of ASRS are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.79%
Fixed income	25	3.70
Real estate	10	4.25
Multi-asset	5	3.41
Commodities	2	3.93
Total	100%	
Equity Fixed income Real estate Multi-asset Commodities	58% 25 10 5 2	6.79% 3.70 4.25 3.41

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8.0 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(7.0%)	(8.0%)	(9.0%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$15,790,474	\$12,050,653	\$9,487,651

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions. City public safety employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan. A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Benefits Provided. The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement and disability benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS financial report for additional benefits information.

	Retirem	ent Initial
	Member	ship Date:
	Before January 1, 2012	On or After January 1, 2012
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years and age 52.5
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 20 years	Highest 60 months of last 20 years
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years or plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement	ent, whichever is greater
Survivor benefit: Retired members	80% of retired mem	ber's pension benefit
Active members	·	nt benefit or 100% of average monthly esult of injuries received on the job

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, from and after December 31, 2015 the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plan's benefit terms:

	PSPRS –	PSPRS –
	Police	Fire
Retirees and beneficiaries	3	1
Inactive, non-retired members	12	6
Active members	56	55
Total	71	62

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost. State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2016, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS -	PSPRS -
	Police	Fire
Active members – pension	11.65%	11.65%
City:		
Pension	11.96	12.12
Health insurance	0.36	0.40

In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 28.62 percent for the PSPRS of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the PSPRS.

For the agent plans, the contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended were:

	ļ	PSPRS –		PSPRS –
		Police		Fire
Pension:				
Contributions made	\$	601,976	\$	724,381
Health insurance premium benefit:				
Annual OPEB cost		18,120		23,907
Contributions made		18,120		23,907

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Liability. At June 30, 2016, the City reported \$102,227 in net pension asset for police and \$447,988 net pension liability for fire. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption.

In May 2016 voters approved Proposition 124 that authorized certain statutory adjustments to PSPRS' automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The statutory adjustments change the basis for future cost-of-living adjustments from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of two percent. The change in the City's net pension liability as a result of the statutory adjustments is not known.

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.0 - 8.0%
Inflation 4.0%
Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rates RP-2000 mortality table, adjusted by 105% for both

males and females

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short-term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5	4.11
Risk parity	4	5.13
Fixed income	7	2.92
Real assets	8	4.77
GTAA	10	4.38
Private equity	11	9.50
Real estate	10	4.48
Credit opportunities	13	7.08
Non-U.S. equity	14	8.25
U.S. equity	16	6.23
Total	100%	

Pension Discount Rates. The discount rate of 7.85 was used to measure the total pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension PSPRS plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

NOTE 11 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability

	Increase/Decrease						
	To	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
PSPRS – Police		Liability	N	Net Position		Liability (Asset)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	7,222,779	\$	7,060,427	\$	162,352	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		747,934				747,934	
Interest on the total pension liability		585,892				585,892	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience in the measurement of the							
pension liability		(461,592)				(461,592)	
Contributions – employer				508,701		(508,701)	
Contributions – employee				428,486		(428,486)	
Net investment income				270,249		(270, 249)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(266,305)		(266,305)			
Administrative expense				(6,983)		6,983	
Other changes				(63,640)		63,640	
Net changes		605,929		870,508		(264,579)	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	7,828,708	\$	7,930,935	\$	(102,227)	

Changes in the Agent Plans Net Pension Liability

	Increase/Decrease					
	To	Total Pension		lan Fiduciary		Net Pension
PSPRS – Fire		Liability Net Positio		Net Position	Li	ability (Asset)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	10,197,594	\$	10,297,164	\$	(99,570)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		904,967				904,967
Interest on the total pension liability		830,568				830,568
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		38,907				38,907
Contributions – employer				564,051		(564,051)
Contributions – employee				540,412		(540,412)
Net investment income				387,128		(387,128)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(139,184)		(139, 184)		
Administrative expense				(9,836)		9,836
Other charges				(254,871)		254,871
Net changes		1,635,258		1,087,700		547,558
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	11,832,852	\$	11,384,864	\$	447,988

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Current				
1%	Discount	1%		
Decrease	Rate	Increase		
6.85%	7.85%	8.85%		
\$1,164,967	\$(102,227)	\$(1,132,873)		
6.85% \$2,524,825	7.85% \$447,988	8.85% \$(1,243,960)		
	Decrease 6.85% \$1,164,967 6.85%	1% Discount Rate 6.85% 7.85% \$1,164,967 \$(102,227)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized the following as pension expense:

	Pension
	Expense
PSPRS – Police	\$ 380,117
PSPRS – Fire	660.276

NOTE 11 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS – Police Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 156,458 132,269 46,612 601,976 \$ 937,315	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 412,287
PSPRS – Fire Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 35,269 121,417	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 298,800
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	71,810 724,381 \$ 952,877	\$ 298,800

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		I	PSPRS – Police	Ρ	SPRS – Fire
:	2017	\$	(18,317)	\$	(21,918)
:	2018		(18,317)		(21,918)
:	2019		(18,315)		(21,918)
:	2020		48,161		73,800
:	2021		(13,350)		(15,941)
There	after		(56,810)		(62,409)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information. The table below presents the annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and two preceding years:

			Percentage of	
	Annual		Annual Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
PSPRS – Police:				
June 30, 2016	\$	15,440	100%	- 0 -
June 30, 2015		26,353	100%	- 0 -
June 30, 2014		24,210	100%	- 0 -
PSPRS – Fire:				
June 30, 2016	\$	20,030	100%	\$ - 0 -
June 30, 2015		35,473	100%	- 0 -
June 30, 2014		28,697	100%	- 0 -

Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan's assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plan as understood by the City and plan's members and include the types of benefits inforce at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and plan's members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2016 contribution requirements, are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2014 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method

Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for

excess

Remaining amortization period 22 years for unfunded

actuarial accrued liability,

20 years for excess
Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market

value (80%/120% market)

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4%-8%
includes inflation at 4%

The funded status of the PSPRS health insurance premium benefit plan in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for

excess

Remaining amortization period 20 years for unfunded

actuarial accrued liability,

20 years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market

value (80%/120% market)

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.50%
Projected salary increases 4%-8%
includes inflation at 4%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status. The following table presents the funded status of the health insurance premium benefit plan as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2016.

	PSPRS –		F	PSPRS –
		Police		Fire
Actuarial value of assets	\$	249,490	\$	312,649
Actuarial accrued liability		241,132		388,960
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess)		(8,358)		76,311
Funded ratio		103.47%		80.38%
Annual covered payroll		4,352,230		5,006,117
Unfunded actuarial accrued		0.00%		1.52%
liability (funding excess) as a				
percentage of covered payroll				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amou	unts			ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	((Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Property taxes	\$ 10,600,500	\$	10,600,500	\$ 9,555,732	\$	(1,044,768)
Sales taxes	8,291,000		8,291,000	8,584,686		293,686
Franchise taxes	751,952		751,952	911,356		159,404
Licenses, fees & permits	781,500		781,500	1,123,534		342,034
Intergovernmental revenues	11,650,145		11,650,145	11,886,158		236,013
Charges for services	823,050		823,050	888,543		65,493
Fines, forfeitures & penalties	350,000		350,000	563,453		213,453
Investment income	210,000		210,000	754,656		544,656
Miscellaneous	 83,493		83,493	 161,000		77,507
Total revenues	 33,541,640		33,541,640	 34,429,118		887,478
Expenditures: Current -						
General government	6,983,474		6,763,658	6,203,701		559,957
Public safety	19,035,295		19,173,591	18,870,366		303,225
Community services	2,255,035		2,270,110	2,137,050		133,060
Development services	1,385,480		1,385,480	1,365,287		20,193
Public works	1,423,863		1,456,600	1,259,151		197,449
Capital outlay				158,206		(158,206)
Total expenditures	31,083,147		31,049,439	29,993,761		1,055,678
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 2,458,493		2,492,201	 4,435,357		1,943,156
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(1,250,000)		(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses):	 (1,250,000)		(1,250,000)	 (1,250,000)	-	
• , ,	1,208,493		1,242,201	2 105 257		1,943,156
Changes in fund balances	 1,200,493		1,242,201	 3,185,357		1,943,130
Fund balances, beginning of year				26,672,145		26,672,145
Increase (decrease) in reserve for prepaid items				2,771		2,771
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,208,493	\$	1,242,201	\$ 29,860,273	\$	28,618,072

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY ROAD TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts				-	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Orig	inal & Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,184,000	\$	1,781,522	\$	597,522
Investment income		16,000		1,946		(14,054)
Total revenues		1,200,000		1,783,468		583,468
Expenditures: Current -						
Development services		239,580		163,538		76,042
Capital outlay		3,452,928		1,658,841		1,794,087
Total expenditures		3,692,508		1,822,379		1,870,129
Changes in fund balances		(2,492,508)		(38,911)		2,453,597
Fund balances, beginning of year				4,176,418		4,176,418
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	(2,492,508)	\$	4,137,507	\$	6,630,015

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ARIZONA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.077%		0.061%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	12,050,654	\$	9,558,390
City's covered payroll	\$	7,945,189	\$	7,052,084
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		151.67%		135.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.35%		69.49%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2016			2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	747,934	\$	673,759
Interest	Ψ	585,892	Ψ	485,132
Changes of benefit terms		000,002		(26,537)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(461,592)		195,426
Changes of assumptions		(101,000)		165,211
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				,
contributions		(266,305)		(226,709)
Net change in total pension liability		605,929		1,266,282
Total pension liability—beginning		7,222,779		5,956,497
Total pension liability—ending	\$	7,828,708	\$	7,222,779
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions—employer	\$	508,701	\$	486,264
Contributions—employee		428,486		376,082
Net investment income		270,249		812,958
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions		(266,305)		(226,709)
Administrative expense		(6,983)		(6,547)
Other		(63,640)		(67,365)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		870,508		1,374,683
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		7,060,427		5,685,744
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	7,930,935	\$	7,060,427
Net pension liability (asset)—ending	\$	(102,227)	\$	162,352
Dien fiduciem, net modition on a necessary of the				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.31%		97.75%
Covered payroll	\$	4,468,622	\$	3,589,297
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-2.29%		4.52%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM - FIRE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2016			2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	904,967	\$	881,621
Interest	Ψ	830,568	Ψ	728,939
Changes of benefit terms		000,000		(30,011)
Differences between expected and actual experience		38,907		(364,760)
Changes of assumptions		00,007		148,219
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				0,2.0
contributions		(139,184)		(22,903)
Net change in total pension liability		1,635,258		1,341,105
Total pension liability—beginning		10,197,594		8,856,489
Total pension liability—ending	\$	11,832,852	\$	
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions—employer	\$	564,051	\$	611,705
Contributions—employee		540,412		472,460
Net investment income		387,128		1,170,516
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions		(139,184)		(22,903)
Administrative expense		(9,836)		(9,427)
Other		(254,871)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,087,700		2,222,351
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		10,297,164		8,074,813
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	11,384,864	\$	10,297,164
Net nencies lightify (seect) and in a	Ф	447.000	ው	(00.570)
Net pension liability (asset)—ending	\$	447,988	\$	(99,570)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total pension liability		96.21%		100.98%
	_			
Covered payroll	\$	5,420,209	\$	4,907,129
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered				
payroll		8.27%		-2.03%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ALL PENSION PLANS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Arizona State Retirement System: Actuarially determined contribution	\$	862,053	\$ 767,972
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		862,053	 767,972
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$
City's covered payroll	\$	7,945,189	\$ 7,052,084
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.85%	10.89%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement Sy Actuarially determined contribution	sten \$	1 - Police: 601,976	\$ 508,976
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		601,976	 508,976
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$
City's covered payroll	\$	5,033,244	\$ 4,468,622
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.96%	11.39%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement Sy Actuarially determined contribution	sten \$	n - Fire: 724,381	\$ 622,240
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		724,381	 622,240
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$
City's covered payroll	\$	5,976,741	\$ 5,420,209
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.12%	11.48%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE ACTUARIAL VALUATIONS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Valuation of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll
Public Safety	Personnel Retir	ement System -	Police:			
2016	\$ 9,453,656	\$10,598,652	\$ (1,144,996)	89.20 %	\$ 4,352,230	26.31 %
2015	8,116,316	7,828,708	287,608	103.67	3,888,530	(7.40)
2014	7,159,704	7,222,779	(63,075)	99.13	3,965,425	1.59
Public Safety	Personnel Retir	ement System -	Fire:			
2016	\$ 13,527,871	\$15,569,239	\$ (2,041,368)	86.89 %	\$ 5,006,117	40.78 %
2015	11,650,979	11,832,852	(181,873)	98.46	4,751,157	3.83
2014	10,441,953	10,197,594	244,359	102.40	4,629,680	(5.28)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The adopted budget of the City is prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 – PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES

Change in Accounting Principle. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*. The statement changed the measure of payroll that is required to be presented in required supplementary information from covered-employee payroll to covered payroll. Accordingly, payroll amounts presented in the pension plan schedules and related ratios for prior periods have been restated.

Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed. The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors that Affect Trends. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation for ASRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation. The study did not include an analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation for PSPRS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability for PSPRS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, reflects changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions for a court ruling for funding permanent benefit increases and a decrease in the wage growth assumption from 4.5% to 4.0%.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE JUNE 30, 2016

20570		Special Revenue	Dek	ot Service	Capital Projects	
ASSETS Cash and investments Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivables	\$	9,137,113 477,294	\$	70,359 150,264	\$	3,062,398
Total assets	\$	9,614,407	\$	220,623	\$	3,062,398
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Construction contracts payable Accrued wages and benefits	\$	533,537 52,794 53,903	\$		\$	4
Due to other funds Total liabilities		640,234		63,455 63,455		4
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes				34,922		
Fund balances: Restricted Total fund balances		8,974,173 8,974,173		122,246 122,246		3,062,394 3,062,394
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	9,614,407	\$	220,623	\$	3,062,398

Fotal Non- Major overnmental Fund
\$ 12,199,511 70,359 627,558
\$ 12,897,428
\$ 533,541 52,794 53,903 63,455
 703,693
 34,922
 12,158,813 12,158,813
\$ 12,897,428

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Debt Service		Capital Projects	
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	\$	3,707,657	\$
Intergovernmental revenues	6,082,975		150,264	922,619
Impact fees				389,349
Charges for services	1,273,265			
Investment income	2,682			1,802
Total revenues	7,358,922		3,857,921	 1,313,770
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	651,377			
Public safety	551,008			
Community services	4,280,589			
Development services	153,285			
Public works	1,422,814			
Capital outlay	3,269,849			1,215,283
Debt service -			4 0 4 5 0 0 0	
Principal retirement			1,645,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	40 200 000		2,087,755	 4.045.000
Total expenditures	10,328,922		3,732,755	 1,215,283
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,970,000)		125,166	 98,487
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,250,000			
Total other financing sources (uses):	1,250,000			
Changes in fund balances	(1,720,000)		125,166	 98,487
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	10,694,173		(2,920)	2,963,907
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,974,173	\$	122,246	\$ 3,062,394

otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$ 3,707,657 7,155,858 389,349 1,273,265 4,484 12,530,613
651,377 551,008 4,280,589 153,285 1,422,814 4,485,132
1,645,000 2,087,755 15,276,960
 (2,746,347)
 1,250,000 1,250,000
 (1,496,347)
13,655,160
\$ 12,158,813

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Highway User Revenue (HURF)</u> – This fund is used to account for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenues.

<u>Road Maintenance</u> – This fund is used to account for roadway maintenance funded from developer contributions.

<u>Grants</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state, and local grants awarded to the City for various, specific purposes.

<u>Copper Sky</u> – This fund is used to account for charges for services to be used solely for the operations of the Copper Sky Multigenerational Center and Regional Park and the receipt of resources from the Ak-Chin.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

ACCETO	 HURF	_ Ma	Road aintenance	 Grants
ASSETS Cash and investments Intergovernmental receivables	\$ 5,773,681 308,513	\$	1,250,405	\$ 456,401 168,781
Total assets	\$ 6,082,194	\$	1,250,405	\$ 625,182
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable Construction contracts payable	\$ 64,458	\$	18,945	\$ 318,012 52,794
Accrued wages and benefits Total liabilities	 12,040 76,498		18,945	 5,188 375,994
Fund balances:				
Restricted Total fund balances	6,005,696 6,005,696		1,231,460 1,231,460	249,188 249,188
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,082,194	\$	1,250,405	\$ 625,182

C	opper Sky	Totals			
\$	1,656,626	\$	9,137,113 477,294		
\$	1,656,626	\$	9,614,407		
\$	132,122 36,675 168,797	\$	533,537 52,794 53,903 640,234		
	1,487,829		8,974,173 8,974,173		
\$	1,656,626	\$	9,614,407		

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		HURF	Ma	Road aintenance		Grants
Revenues:		HOIN	IVIC	antenance	-	Oranio
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	3,285,721	\$		\$	1,317,254
Charges for services	·	-,,	•		•	,- , -
Investment income		1,409		1,273		
Total revenues		3,287,130		1,273		1,317,254
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government						651,377
Public safety						551,008
Community services Development services						10,808
Public works		1,422,814				153,285
Capital outlay		2,696,773		97,272		458,497
Total expenditures		4,119,587		97,272		1,824,975
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(832,457)		(95,999)		(507,721)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in						
Total other financing sources (uses):						
Changes in fund balances		(832,457)		(95,999)		(507,721)
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,838,153		1,327,459		756,909
Fund balances, end of year	\$	6,005,696	\$	1,231,460	\$	249,188

Copper Sky	Totals
\$ 1,480,000 1,273,265	\$ 6,082,975 1,273,265 2,682
2,753,265	7,358,922
	651,377 551,008
4,269,781	4,280,589
1,200,701	153,285
	1,422,814
17,307	3,269,849
4,287,088	10,328,922
(1,533,823)	(2,970,000)
1,250,000	1,250,000
1,250,000	1,250,000
(283,823)	(1,720,000)
1,771,652	10,694,173
\$ 1,487,829	\$ 8,974,173

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		HURF	
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,826,580	\$ 3,285,721	\$ 459,141
Charges for services Investment income	7 500	1 400	(6.001)
Total revenues	7,500 2,834,080	1,409 3,287,130	(6,091) 453,050
Total revenues	2,004,000	3,207,130	433,030
Expenditures: Current - General government Public safety			
Community services			
Development services Public works	1 752 069	1 422 014	220.254
Capital outlay	1,752,068 7,594,096	1,422,814 2,696,773	329,254 4,897,323
Total expenditures	9,346,164	4,119,587	5,226,577
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,512,084)	(832,457)	5,679,627
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses):			
Changes in fund balances	(6,512,084)	(832,457)	5,679,627
Fund balances, beginning of year		6,838,153	6,838,153
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (6,512,084)	\$ 6,005,696	\$ 12,517,780

	Road Maintenance			Grants	
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
\$	\$	\$	\$ 8,407,112	\$ 1,317,254	\$ (7,089,858)
6,000 6,000	1,273 1,273	(4,727) (4,727)	8,407,112	1,317,254	(7,089,858)
			3,480,000 2,495,434 187,770 990,626	651,377 551,008 10,808 153,285	2,828,623 1,944,426 176,962 837,341
300,000 300,000	97,272 97,272	202,728 202,728	1,840,282 8,994,112	458,497 1,824,975	1,381,785 7,169,137
(294,000)	(95,999)	198,001	(587,000)	(507,721)	79,279
(294,000)	(95,999)	198,001	(587,000)	(507,721)	79,279
	1,327,459	1,327,459		756,909	756,909
\$ (294,000)	\$ 1,231,460	\$ 1,525,460	\$ (587,000)	\$ 249,188	\$ 836,188

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Copper Sky				
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Investment income	\$ 1,481,000 1,698,500	\$ 1,480,000 1,273,265	\$ (1,000) (425,235)		
Total revenues	3,179,500	2,753,265	(426,235)		
Expenditures: Current - General government Public safety Community services Development services Public works	4,866,910	4,269,781	597,129		
Capital outlay	82,580	17,307	65,273		
Total expenditures	4,949,490	4,287,088	662,402		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,769,990)	(1,533,823)	236,167		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses):	1,250,000 1,250,000	1,250,000 1,250,000			
Changes in fund balances	(519,990)	(283,823)	236,167		
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,771,652	1,771,652		
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (519,990)	\$ 1,487,829	\$ 2,007,819		

|--|

Budget Actual Variance - Positive (Negative) \$ 12,714,692 \$ 6,082,975 \$ (6,631,71) 1,698,500 1,273,265 (425,23) 13,500 2,682 (10,81) 14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77) 3,480,000 651,377 2,828,6 2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
\$ 12,714,692 \$ 6,082,975 \$ (6,631,71 1,698,500 1,273,265 (425,23 13,500 2,682 (10,81 14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77 14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77 1,944,44 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
1,698,500 1,273,265 (425,23 13,500 2,682 (10,81 14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77 3,480,000 651,377 2,828,6 2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
13,500 2,682 (10,81) 14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77) 3,480,000 651,377 2,828,6 2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
14,426,692 7,358,922 (7,067,77) 3,480,000 651,377 2,828,6 2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
3,480,000 651,377 2,828,6 2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
2,495,434 551,008 1,944,4 5,054,680 4,280,589 774,0 990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
5,054,6804,280,589774,0990,626153,285837,31,752,0681,422,814329,2
990,626 153,285 837,3 1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
1,752,068 1,422,814 329,2
<u>9,816,958</u> <u>3,269,849</u> <u>6,547,1</u>
<u>23,589,766</u> <u>10,328,922</u> <u>13,260,8</u>
(9,163,074) (2,970,000) 6,193,0
1,250,000 1,250,000
1,250,000 1,250,000
(7,913,074) (1,720,000) 6,193,0
10,694,173 10,694,1
\$ (7,913,074) \$ 8,974,173 \$ 16,887,2

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DEBT SERVICE FUND

<u>Debt Service</u> - to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Debt Service	
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Property taxes Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 3,732,776 294,209 4,026,985	\$ 3,707,657 150,264 3,857,921	\$ (25,119) 150,264 (294,209) (169,064)
Expenditures: Debt service - Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	1,645,000 2,087,776 3,732,776	1,645,000 2,087,755 3,732,755	21 21
Changes in fund balances	294,209	125,166	(169,043)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		(2,920)	(2,920)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 294,209	\$ 122,246	\$ (171,963)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for the purchase or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by the general, enterprise, or special revenue funds.

<u>Parks Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for parks development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Library Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for library development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Public Safety Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for police development projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>Transportation Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of the City's transportation impact fee. The revenues in this fund are restricted for specific capital outlay purposes.

<u>Parks Bond</u> – This fund is used to account for the acquisition of land and equipment, development, construction and improvement of community parks and projects.

<u>General Government Impact Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and improvements of general government projects funded by development impact fees imposed on new development.

<u>General Government CIP</u> – This fund is used to account for construction in progress for general government projects.

<u>Capital Grants</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of miscellaneous federal, state, and local grants awarded to the City for capital purposes.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Parks Impact Fee	Library Impact Fee	Parks Bond
ASSETS Cash and investments Total assets	\$ 1,772,795 \$ 1,772,795	\$ 770,187 \$ 770,187	\$ 332,834 \$ 332,834
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		•	
Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$
Fund balances: Restricted	1,772,795	770,187	332,834
Total fund balances	1,772,795	770,187	332,834
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,772,795	\$ 770,187	\$ 332,834

tal Grants		Totals
186,582 186,582	\$ \$	3,062,398 3,062,398
4 4	\$	4 4
186,578 186,578		3,062,394 3,062,394 3,062,398
	186,582 4 4 186,578	186,582

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Parks Impact Fee	Library Impact Fee	Parks Bond
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Impact fees Investment income Total revenues	\$ 388,244 352 388,596	\$ 1,105 1,408 2,513	\$ 42 42
Expenditures: Current - Capital outlay Total expenditures	30,968 30,968		
Changes in fund balances	357,628	2,513	42
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,415,167	767,674	332,792
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,772,795	\$ 770,187	\$ 332,834

Сар	ital Grants	 Totals	
\$	922,619	\$ 922,619	
		389,349 1,802	
	922,619	1,313,770	
	1,184,315	 1,215,283	
	1,184,315	 1,215,283	
	(261,696)	 98,487	
	448,274	2,963,907	
\$	186,578	\$ 3,062,394	

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Parks Impact Fee									
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)							
Revenues:	r.	r.	rh.							
Sales taxes	\$	\$	\$							
Intergovernmental revenues Impact fees	355,210	388,244	33,034							
Investment income	2,000	352	(1,648)							
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>									
Total revenues	357,210	388,596	31,386							
Expenditures: Current - Public safety										
Community services	100,000		100,000							
Capital outlay	35,000	30,968	4,032							
Total expenditures	135,000	30,968	104,032							
Changes in fund balances	222,210	357,628	135,418							
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		1,415,167	1,415,167							
Increase (decrease) in reserve for prepaid items										
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ 222,210	\$ 1,772,795	\$ 1,550,585							

	Library Impact Fee	_	Public Safety Impact Fee					
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Positive		Variance - Positive (Negative)			
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
4,490 100	1,105 1,408	(3,385) 1,308	254,620 1,100	302,801 396	48,181 (704)			
4,590	2,513	(2,077)	255,720	303,197	47,477			
			125,000	112,419	12,581			
13,000 13,000		13,000 13,000	1,400,000 1,525,000	1,380,699 1,493,118	19,301 31,882			
(8,410)	2,513	10,923	(1,269,280)	(1,189,921)	79,359			
	767,674	767,674		468,188	468,188			
				1,195,205	1,195,205			
\$ (8,410)	\$ 770,187	\$ 778,597	\$ (1,269,280)	\$ 473,472	\$ 1,742,752			

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Government Impact Fee									
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)							
Revenues:	c	c	Φ							
Sales taxes	\$	\$	\$							
Intergovernmental revenues Impact fees										
Investment income										
Miscellaneous										
Total revenues										
Expenditures:										
Current -										
Public safety										
Community services										
Capital outlay	2,000,000		2,000,000							
Total expenditures	2,000,000		2,000,000							
Changes in fund balances	(2,000,000)		2,000,000							
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated										
Increase (decrease) in reserve for prepaid items										
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (2,000,000)	\$	\$ 2,000,000							

T	ransportation Impact Fe	e	Parks Bond					
Budget	Budget Actual		Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)			
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
689,030 10,000 699,030	1,080,164 10,338 600,000 1,690,502	391,134 338 600,000 991,472		42	42			
10,393,613 10,393,613 (9,694,583)	983,379 983,379 707,123	9,410,234 9,410,234 10,401,706	400,000 400,000 (400,000)	42	400,000 400,000 400,042			
	19,773,388	19,773,388		332,792	332,792			
\$ (9,694,583)	\$ 20,480,511	\$ 30,175,094	\$ (400,000)	\$ 332,834	\$ 732,834			

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Government CIP										
	Budget	Variance - Positive (Negative)									
Revenues:	ф 407 F00	Ф 044.0E0	ф 444.4 <u>Г</u> О								
Sales taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 497,500	\$ 911,959	\$ 414,459								
Impact fees											
Investment income											
Miscellaneous											
Total revenues	497,500	911,959	414,459								
Expenditures: Current - Public safety Community services Capital outlay Total expenditures	12,004,897 12,004,897	7,673,651 7,673,651	4,331,246 4,331,246								
Changes in fund balances	(11,507,397)	(6,761,692)	4,745,705								
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		14,881,750	14,881,750								
Increase (decrease) in reserve for prepaid items											
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$ (11,507,397)	\$ 8,120,058	\$ 19,627,455								

	Capital Grants		Totals					
Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)			
\$ 28,252,579	\$ 922,619	\$ (27,329,960)	\$ 497,500 28,252,579 1,303,350 13,200	\$ 911,959 922,619 1,772,314 12,536 600,000	\$ 414,459 (27,329,960) 468,964 (664) 600,000			
28,252,579	922,619	(27,329,960)	30,066,629	4,219,428	(25,847,201)			
			125,000 100,000	112,419	12,581 100,000			
26,346,072 26,346,072	1,184,315 1,184,315	25,161,757 25,161,757	52,592,582 52,817,582	11,253,012 11,365,431	41,339,570 41,452,151			
1,906,507	(261,696)	(2,168,203)	(22,750,953)	(7,146,003)	15,604,950			
	448,274	448,274		38,087,233	38,087,233			
				1,195,205	1,195,205			
\$ 1,906,507	\$ 186,578	\$ (1,719,929)	\$ (22,750,953)	\$ 32,136,435	\$ 54,887,388			

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the City's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the City's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other municipalities.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the City's financial information relates to the services provided by the City.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to five percent in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets \$ 178,734,505 \$ 176,253,607 \$ 176,849,760 \$ 177,370,008 \$ 160,277,610 Restricted 46,127,016 52,707,824 54,993,935 55,767,940 69,233,094 16,683,198 22,824,286 21,799,977 Unrestricted 18,571,493 23,545,468 Total net position \$ 243,433,014 \$ 245,644,629 \$ 254,667,981 \$ 256,683,416 \$ 251,310,681 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets \$ 159,446,413 \$ 87,820,431 \$ 152,574,381 \$ 133,067,896 \$ 124,909,707

48,605,910

53,602,407

\$ 254,782,698

34,740,312

70,331,229

\$ 238,139,437

35,329,613

75,491,411

\$ 235,730,731

28,090,363

67,926,655

\$ 183,837,449

44,235,838

48,978,257

\$ 252,660,508

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Restricted

Unrestricted

Total net position

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA EXPENSE, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30								
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	2012				
Expenses									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 8,434,268	\$ 8,034,855	\$ 9,718,746	\$ 6,656,984	\$ 8,832,289				
Public safety	21,662,502	19,253,044	18,672,370	17,447,674	16,103,119				
Community services	9,411,852	8,245,420	5,687,823	2,399,939	2,257,063				
Development services	4,173,045	2,624,718	3,091,943	8,224,264	10,002,055				
Public works	8,384,857	7,189,840	7,547,174						
Interest on long-term debt	2,045,204	2,098,409	3,100,559	1,015,685	1,063,544				
Total governmental activities expenses	54,111,728	47,446,286	47,818,615	35,744,546	38,258,070				
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	725,908	199,747	159,841	468,718	956,062				
Public safety	286,800	1,516,033	994,921	892,908	590,689				
Community services	1,352,037	1,778,214	536,941	282,565	285,986				
Development services	2,258,585	208,487	272,186	161,747	95,951				
Public works			465,073						
Operating grants and contributions	4,303,861	3,962,746	5,938,010	926,682	1,732,451				
Capital grants and contributions	2,230,811	1,470,367	1,486,660	6,180,277	2,917,234				
Total program revenues	11,158,002	9,135,594	9,853,632	8,912,897	6,578,373				
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (42,953,726)	\$ (38,310,692)	\$ (37,964,983)	\$ (26,831,649)	\$ (31,679,697)				

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA EXPENSE, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Expenses					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 8,747,059	\$ 9,303,721	\$ 9,502,082	\$ 8,361,595	\$ 5,645,737
Public safety	16,001,267	14,898,669	15,608,622	15,675,619	2,583,068
Community services	2,986,635	1,531,241	2,506,551	2,027,478	1,082,524
Development services	10,673,852	7,761,376	7,610,979	7,360,789	4,112,488
Interest on long-term debt	1,542,441	57,445	64,346	64,397	
Total governmental activities expenses	39,951,254	33,552,452	35,292,580	33,489,878	13,423,817
Program Revenues Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:	4.050.400	F04 074	4 000 470	2 550 204	E 000 440
General government	1,056,489	534,071	1,632,470	3,550,264	5,809,118
Public safety	211,428	922,084	426,086	53,814	400.000
Community services	258,028	289,004	277,060	232,334	130,990
Development services	122,451	244,107	77,547	0.070.000	0.040.070
Operating grants and contributions	3,436,610	866,471	3,967,175	2,978,293	2,313,870
Capital grants and contributions	6,815,917	7,558,625	8,238,154	38,175,235	35,344,625
Total program revenues	11,900,923	10,414,362	14,618,492	44,989,940	43,598,603
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (28,050,331)	\$ (23,138,090)	\$ (20,674,088)	\$ 11,500,062	\$ 30,174,786

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: The City implemented a new ERP financial system in fiscal year 2011. As a result of that implementation, functional categories for expenses were modified to more closely match actual operational functions.

Note: The City's public works operations were reclassified from the development services functional category during fiscal year 2014.

(Concluded)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue		(42,953,726)	\$	(38,310,692)	\$	(37,964,983)	\$	(26,831,649)	\$	(31,679,697)
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		9,563,708		9,328,535		9,391,368		9,409,828		10,932,354
Property taxes, levied for debt service		3,654,084		4,761,714		3,542,070		1,457,540		
Sales taxes		9,496,645		8,791,279		8,684,810		7,942,569		7,601,624
Franchise taxes		911,356		362,791		344,151		309,744		285,739
Investment income		771,820		446,606		472,562		171,708		112,707
Unrestricted grants, aid, and state shared revenues		16,094,498		15,108,669		13,514,587		12,912,995		11,397,446
Total general revenues		40,492,111		38,799,594		35,949,548		32,204,384		30,329,870
Changes in Net Position	\$	(2,461,615)	\$	488,902	\$	(2,015,435)	\$	5,372,735	\$	(1,349,827)

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	<u>2007</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (28,050,3	331) \$	(23,138,090)	\$ (20,674,088)	\$ 11,500,062	\$ 30,174,786
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	9,797,1	04	9,191,887	8,073,578	5,504,915	2,431,339
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,415,5	68				
Sales taxes	7,454,9	918	6,649,744	10,230,103	18,141,568	22,032,882
Franchise taxes	315,2	240	494,091	536,966	758,442	660,317
Investment income	667,5	555	265,485	(378,160)	4,378,266	3,853,077
Unrestricted grants, aid, and state shared revenues	6,277,7	' 56	7,110,730	4,583,320	5,392,623	3,718,174
Miscellaneous				37,503	30,441	225
Total general revenues	25,928,1	41	23,711,937	23,083,310	34,206,255	32,696,014
Extraordinary Item					6,186,965	
Changes in Net Position	\$ (2,122,1	90) \$	573,847	\$ 2,409,222	\$ 51,893,282	\$ 62,870,800

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

(Concluded)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2016		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	18,417	\$	15,646	\$	16,652	\$	16,733	\$	5,084
Unassigned		29,841,856		26,656,499		24,650,512		23,047,149		21,324,981
Total General Fund	\$	29,860,273	\$	26,672,145	\$	24,667,164	\$	23,063,882	\$	21,330,065
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	\$	1,195,205	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Restricted		44,896,889		52,707,824		54,933,764		76,788,734		80,901,742
Unassigned		(721,733)		(2,920)		(1,465,704)				(34,662)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	45,370,361	\$	52,704,904	\$	53,468,060	\$	76,788,734	\$	80,867,080

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		<u> 2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2009		<u>2008</u>		<u> 2007</u>
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	2,550	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Unassigned		55,361,631								
Reserved										412,091
Unreserved				64,206,671		68,275,877		72,950,101		65,105,942
Total General Fund	\$	55,364,181	\$	64,206,671	\$	68,275,877	\$	72,950,101	\$	65,518,033
All Other Governmental Funds:	æ	40.070.470	Φ		Φ		ф.		Φ.	
Restricted Unassigned	\$	49,970,470 (334,556)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Reserved		(',)		35,547,328		34,740,312		35,329,613		28,105,124
Unreserved, reported in:				2,320,530		2,419,821		2,900,630		2,301,282
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds				13,058,582		2,419,021		2,900,030		2,301,202
Total all other governmental funds	\$	49,635,914	\$	50,926,440	\$	37,160,133	\$	38,230,243	\$	30,406,406

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 were adopted in fiscal year 2011. The standard replaces the previous reserved and unreserved fund balance categories with the following five fund balance classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.

(Concluded)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2016		<u>2015</u>		2014		2013		2012
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	13,263,389	\$	14,715,416	\$	12,801,299	\$	10,539,547	\$	10,826,301
Sales taxes		9,496,645		8,791,279		8,684,810		7,942,569		7,601,624
Franchise taxes		911,356		362,791		344,151		309,744		285,739
Licenses, fees & permits		1,123,534		807,472		713,154		771,911		480,342
Intergovernmental revenues		20,823,538		19,152,579		19,503,258		15,362,298		14,610,218
Impact fees		1,772,314		1,389,203		1,435,999		1,785,770		
Charges for services		2,161,808		2,083,965		1,431,663		580,461		521,229
Fines, forfeitures, & penalties		563,453		628,782		132,792		271,537		431,180
Investment income (loss)		771,820		446,606		472,562		171,708		112,707
Miscellaneous		761,000		182,262		151,353		1,533,934		1,686,749
Total revenues	\$	51,648,857	\$	48,560,355	\$	45,671,042	\$	39,269,479	\$	36,556,089
Expenditures:										
Current -										
General government	\$	6,855,078	\$	6,324,669	\$	8,041,470	\$	5,990,510	\$	8,502,107
Public safety		19,533,793		18,482,520	·	16,942,419	·	15,772,942		14,832,455
Community services		6,417,639		5,480,545		4,046,178		1,950,582		1,929,898
Development services		1,682,110		1,743,644		1,484,967		3,739,271		6,098,044
Public works		2,681,965		2,581,188		2,414,910		, ,		
Capital outlay		16,339,908		8,955,004		29,134,244		44,105,545		6,138,326
Debt service -										
Principal retirement		1,645,000		1,610,000		3,075,581		847,017		1,016,198
Interest and fiscal charges		2,087,755		2,140,960		2,248,665		1,005,352		1,053,211
Bond issuance costs								633,340		
Total expenditures	\$	57,243,248	\$	47,318,530	\$	67,388,434	\$	74,044,559	\$	39,570,239
Extraordinary Item										
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(5,594,391)	\$	1,241,825	\$	(21,717,392)	\$	(34,775,080)	\$	(3,014,150)
			-					<u></u>		
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	11,390,120	\$	7,431,302	\$	25,884,678	\$	43,020,602	\$	7,031,001
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures		8%		9%		13%		8%		6%

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	11,299,263	\$	9,201,246	\$	7,936,092	\$	5,547,387	\$	2,196,247
Sales taxes		7,454,918		6,649,744		10,230,103		18,141,568		22,032,882
Franchise taxes		315,240		494,091		536,966		758,442		660,317
Licenses, fees & permits		320,909		748,539		866,940		2,494,759		4,578,929
Intergovernmental revenues		10,403,335		8,619,173		10,991,426		9,114,700		8,329,956
Impact fees										
Charges for services		544,625		675,406		1,023,168		905,055		1,162,087
Fines, forfeitures, & penalties		470,509		506,664		518,712		436,598		199,036
Investment income (loss)		667,555		265,485		(378,160)		4,378,266		3,853,077
Miscellaneous		312,853		1,664,621		4,410,405		8,605,812		11,890,546
Total revenues	\$	31,789,207	\$	28,824,969	\$	36,135,652	\$	50,382,587	\$	54,903,077
Eveneralitures										
Expenditures:										
Current -	Φ.	0.004.075	Φ.	7 505 700	Φ	0.500.000	Φ.	7 700 540	•	E 070 00E
General government	\$	8,031,875	\$	7,595,728	\$	8,589,886	\$	7,726,546	\$	5,278,035
Public safety		13,999,701		13,588,093		14,008,800		13,114,436		2,372,859
Culture and recreation		2,509,541		1,081,819		1,360,816		1,586,766		733,355
Development services		6,049,216		3,517,309		2,970,533		2,673,029		2,055,791
Capital outlay		8,966,722		11,168,632		14,752,588		11,145,898		6,751,791
Debt service -										
Principal retirement		1,271,520		139,918		133,017		132,966		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,532,108		57,445		64,346		64,397		
Bond issuance costs				307,182						
Total expenditures	\$	42,360,683	\$	37,456,126	\$	41,879,986	\$	36,444,038	\$	17,191,831
Extraordinary Item								1,317,356		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(10,571,476)	\$	(8,631,157)	\$	(5,744,334)	\$	15,255,905	\$	37,711,246
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Φ	(10,571,476)	Ф	(8,031,137)	Φ	(5,744,334)	Ф	15,255,905	Φ	37,711,240
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	7,209,712	\$	9,375,099	\$	12,177,408	\$	7,678,877	\$	5,984,896
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures		8%		2%		1%		1%		0%

Source: The source of this information is the Clty's financial records.

Note: The Citiy implemented a new ERP financial system in fiscal year 2011. As a result of that implementation, functional categories for expenses were modified to more closely match actual operational functions.

Note: The City's public works operations were reclassified from the development services functional category during fiscal year 2014.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2016 2015 2014 2013 201											
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012					
Excess (deficiency) of	\$	(5,594,391)	ď	1,241,825	\$	(21,717,392)	\$ (34,775,080)	\$ (3,014,150)					
revenues over expenditures	Ф	(5,594,391)	\$	1,241,625	Ф	(21,717,392)	\$ (34,775,060)	\$ (3,014,150)					
Other financing sources (uses):													
General obligation bonds issued							31,605,000						
Premium on sale of bonds							825,551						
Proceeds from sale of assets						4 0=0 000	4== 000	211,200					
Transfers in		1,250,000		1,250,000		1,370,000	175,000	37,135,270					
Transfers out		(1,250,000)		(1,250,000)		(1,370,000)	(175,000)	(37,135,270)					
Total other financing sources (uses)							32,430,551	211,200					
Changes in fund balances	\$	(5,594,391)	\$	1,241,825	\$	(21,717,392)	\$ (2,344,529)	\$ (2,802,950)					
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(10,571,476)	\$	(8,631,157)	\$	(5,744,334)	\$ 15,255,905	\$ 37,711,246					
revenues over expenditures	Ψ	(10,371,470)	Ψ	(0,031,137)	Ψ	(3,744,334)	Ψ 13,233,903	φ 37,711,240					
Other financing sources (uses):													
General obligation bonds issued				20,000,000									
Premium on sale of bonds				100,519									
Proceeds from sale of assets		438,460											
Total other financing sources (uses)		438,460											
Changes in fund balances	\$	(10,133,016)	\$	11,469,362	\$	(5,744,334)	\$ 15,255,905	\$ 37,711,246					

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SALES TAX COLLECTED BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30																	
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		2013		2012		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009		2008		2007
Mining	\$	3,682	\$	4,063	\$	3,593	\$	4,252	\$	1,619	\$	1,947	\$ 3,893	\$ 3,070	\$	(844)	\$	85
Communication & Utilities		806,381		782,086		687,634		636,967		575,882		575,198	540,097	414,839		457,988		492,936
Transportation		1,237		9,144		7,072		8,462		6,326		5,925	9,395	5,272		2,762		3,700
Construction		1,836,350		1,218,034		2,548,343		2,325,823		1,535,980		1,802,458	1,357,920	5,492,829	1	3,622,584		18,096,007
Manufacturing		295,396		249,704		418,849		289,320		274,016		257,176	234,542	308,076		107,944		61,759
Wholesale		333,196		140,074		109,573		114,764		93,496		189,691	326,914	108,875		75,310		95,063
Retail		5,024,692		5,365,175		4,138,543		3,834,681		3,774,442		3,446,044	3,145,911	2,806,983		2,481,306		2,401,870
Financial and Insurance		37,546		38,910		36,622		30,233		28,471		32,286	30,353	18,001		14,281		18,601
Real Estate Rental		906,153		822,946		643,650		502,888		538,287		496,443	470,484	524,427		969,820		1,371,736
Restaurant & Bar		569,308		556,636		482,155		429,359		380,961		357,595	381,273	369,659		395,455		360,007
Accommodation		191		19		6		9		6		806	8,423	14,008		10,973		19
Public Administration		848		669		481		845		1,165		(2,813)	3,240	266		39		1,188
Services		251,715		227,859		216,020		272,749		177,935		150,913	95,398	108,262		122,634		149,934
Arts & Entertainment		4,355		1,273		3,813		21,019		47,440		22,341	510	40,640		50,210		53,190
Other		72,463		66,420		46,494		50,400		57,419		151,517	225,795	319,141		373,526		836,182
Total	\$	10,143,513	\$	9,483,013	\$	9,342,848	\$	8,521,771	\$	7,493,445	\$	7,487,527	\$ 6,834,148	\$ 10,534,347	\$ 1	8,683,988	\$	23,942,279
City's direct sales tax rate		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%		2.0%	2.0%	2.0%		2.0%		2.0%
City's construction sales tax rate		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%		3.5%	3.5%	3.5%		3.5%		3.5%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue and the City's financial records.

Note: The increased rate on construction became effective March 2005.

Note: Total sales taxes reported above do not include sales tax rebates provided by the City during the fiscal year.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City's Direct Rate	City's Construction Sales Tax Rate	Arizona Rate	County Rate
2016	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2015	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2014	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2013	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2012	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2011	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2010	2.00%	3.50%	6.60%	1.10%
2009	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2008	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%
2007	2.00%	3.50%	5.60%	1.10%

Source: The source of this information is the City's records.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Sales Taxes	Percentage Change	Property Taxes	Percentage Change	Franchise Taxes	Percentage Change	Total	Percentage Change	
2016	\$9.496.645	8.02 %	\$13.217.792	(10.18) %	\$911.356	151.21 %	23.625.793	(1.02) %	
2015	8,791,279	1.23	14,715,416	14.95	362,791	5.42	23,869,486	9.34	
2014	8,684,810	9.35	12,801,300	21.46	344,151	11.11	21,830,261	16.17	
2013	7,942,569	4.49	10,539,547	(2.45)	309,744	8.40	18,791,860	0.54	
2012	7,601,624	1.97	10,804,339	(4.38)	285,739	(9.41)	18,691,702	(1.98)	
2011	7,454,918	12.11	11,299,263	22.80	315,420	(36.16)	19,069,601	16.67	
2010	6,649,744	(35.00)	9,201,246	15.94	494,091	(7.98)	16,345,081	(12.61)	
2009	10,230,103	(43.61)	7,936,092	43.06	536,966	(29.20)	18,703,161	(23.50)	
2008	18,141,568	(17.66)	5,547,387	152.58	758,442	14.86	24,447,397	(1.78)	
2007	22,032,881	(13.37)	2,196,247	N/A	660,317	117.58	24,889,445	(3.29)	

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Note: Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the City did not collect property taxes; therefore, this information is not displayed for those years.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

		20)16	2007							
Taxpayer		Net Limited Assessed Valuation	Percentage of City's Net Limited Assessed Valuation		et Full Cash Assessed Valuation	Percentage of City's Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation					
Palo Verde Utility Company	\$	4,865,040	2.21 %	\$	923,279	1.22 %					
Santa Cruz Water Company LLC	Ψ	3,976,200	1.81	Ψ	1,453,385	1.92					
Wal-Mart Stores Inc		2,612,169	1.19		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Volkswagen of America dba Vorelco Inc		1,864,811	0.85		1,817,549	2.40					
SM Fiesta LLC		1,566,000	0.71								
TAH 2015-1 Borrower LLC		1,223,418	0.56		919,502	1.21					
Smith's Food & Drug Centers Inc		1,136,057	0.52		1,491,600	1.97					
Pinal Energy LLC		1,011,331	0.46								
Meritage Homes of Arizona Inc		846,974	0.39								
Orbitel Communications		836,027	0.38								
Maricopa Development LLC		794,900	0.36								
CapdevI060 LLC		788,124	0.36								
Maricopa Groves Self Storage LLC		774,843	0.35								
Eagle Shadow LLC		724,509	0.33								
DR Horton Inc-Dietz-Crane		717,092	0.33								
Fulton Homes Corporation		656,638	0.30								
JWP Properties LLC		622,551	0.28								
US Bank Natl Aaaoc		608,329	0.28		892,260	1.17					
JNAN LLC		557,710	0.25								
Metro Red-1 LLC		510,001	0.23								
Property Reserve Arizona LLC					1,446,248	1.91					
Chi Construction Company					589,974	0.78					
San Travasa LLC					496,098	0.65					
Total	\$	26,692,724	12.15 %	\$	10,029,895	13.23 %					
City's Total Assessed Valuation	\$	219,927,958		\$	75,773,784						

Source: The source of this information is the Pinal County Treasurer's tax records.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collected to the End of the Current Fiscal Year					
Year Ended June 30	axes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2016	\$ 13,416,645	\$13,169,295	98.16 %	N/A	\$ 13,169,295	98.16 %			
2015	14,559,339	14,299,954	98.22	248,790	14,548,744	99.93			
2014	12,422,911	12,196,814	98.18	210,533	12,407,347	99.87			
2013	10,962,174	10,255,746	93.56	690,905	10,946,651	99.86			
2012	10,790,693	10,390,225	96.29	385,017	10,775,242	99.86			
2011	11,250,307	10,933,142	97.18	317,165	11,250,307	100.00			
2010	9,242,329	8,868,977	95.96	373,352	9,242,329	100.00			
2009	8,044,384	7,636,762	94.93	407,622	8,044,384	100.00			
2008	5,740,847	5,435,154	94.68	305,693	5,740,847	100.00			
2007	2,260,942	2,176,589	96.27	84,353	2,260,942	100.00			

Source: The source of this information is the Pinal County Treasurer Monthly Statements and the City's records.

Notes: 1) Amounts collected are on a cash basis.

3) Fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 was the first year of collections, therefore only nine years are presented.

²⁾ Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule because the dates of the monthly rolls vary each year. On the average, 90% of unsecured property taxes are collected within 90 days after the due date.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NET LIMITED ASSESSED VALUE AND FULL CASH VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		_	Real	Prop	perty	Personal	Property		Total		
Fiscal Year		_	Net Assessed Value		Gross Value	Net Assessed Value	Gross Value	Net Assessed Value	 Gross Value	Direct Tax Rate	Ratio of Total Net Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value
2016	L FC	\$	208,852,365 285,546,808	\$	2,013,631,300 2,769,491,581	\$ 11,075,593 \$ 11,075,593	62,880,618 62,880,618	\$ 219,927,958 296,622,401	\$ 2,076,511,918 2,832,372,199	4.9842 2.3561	7.76 % 10.47
2015	L FC		195,380,117 197,983,250		1,866,757,679 1,896,855,819	11,893,420 11,893,420	65,872,041 58,625,317	207,273,537 209,876,670	1,932,629,720 1,955,481,136	5.0898 1.7600	10.60 10.73
2014	L FC		181,595,557 182,752,598		1,706,748,961 1,720,554,146	16,880,341 16,880,341	91,357,273 91,357,273	198,475,898 199,632,939	1,798,106,234 1,811,911,419	4.8753 0.6917	10.95 11.02
2013	L FC		188,261,169 190,327,514		1,756,968,685 1,779,275,350	17,526,048 17,526,048	90,689,220 90,689,220	205,787,217 207,853,562	1,847,657,905 1,869,964,570	4.8105 0.6528	11.00 11.12
2012	L FC		195,083,227 206,652,235		1,851,949,877 1,888,879,939	13,587,423 13,587,423	69,823,606 69,823,606	208,670,650 220,239,658	1,921,773,483 1,958,703,545	4.8105 0.6528	10.65 11.24
2011	L FC		234,678,353 249,336,606		2,219,435,798 2,259,829,103	10,450,029 10,450,029	51,670,515 51,670,515	245,128,382 259,786,635	2,271,106,313 2,311,499,618	4.0168 0.5514	10.60 11.24
2010	L FC		307,662,417 347,510,045		2,902,754,652 3,202,240,784	8,583,362 8,583,362	40,203,060 40,203,060	316,245,779 356,093,407	2,942,957,712 3,242,443,844	2.8894	9.75 10.98
2009	L FC		235,967,801 321,826,257		2,222,115,079 2,970,332,974	5,882,736 5,882,736	26,220,739 26,220,739	241,850,537 327,708,993	2,248,335,818 2,996,553,713	3.2326	8.07 10.94
2008	L FC		163,323,630 218,990,679		1,532,695,889 2,023,828,541	1,233,063 1,233,063	5,260,965 5,260,965	164,556,693 220,223,742	1,537,956,854 2,029,089,506	3.7565	8.11 10.85
2007	L FC		74,875,827 82,904,354		668,990,368 724,926,425	897,957 897,957	3,665,112 3,665,112	75,773,784 83,802,311	672,655,480 728,591,537	3.2000	10.40 11.50

Source: The source of this information is the City's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue for the City of Maricopa.

L-Limited FC-Full Cash

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against net limited assessed value. Primary taxes are used for general City operations. Secondary taxes are used to service City bonded debt requirements.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA NET FULL CASH ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY BY CLASS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year													
Class		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>				
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	31,697,664	\$	30,378,316	\$	36,327,177	\$	38,276,239	\$	33,707,267				
Agricultural and Vacant		22,572,471		20,017,664		20,869,614		21,101,890		22,678,364				
Residential (Owner Occupied)		150,631,971		111,122,863		106,613,297		126,378,346		140,018,199				
Residential (Rental)		90,968,576		47,611,420		35,465,042		21,909,363		13,401,078				
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		452,015		459,982		357,809		187,724		159,615				
Historical Property		297,533		286,425						10,275,135				
Certain Government Property Improvements		2,171	_				_		_					
Total	\$_	296,622,401	\$	209,876,670	\$	199,632,939	ß	207,853,562	\$	220,239,658				

	Fiscal Year													
Class		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	2008		2007					
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	30,561,149	\$	27,564,929	\$	19,096,632 \$	10,698,427	\$	7,591,708					
Agricultural and Vacant		26,257,892		53,766,153		51,996,895	34,292,752		19,978,140					
Residential (Owner Occupied)		174,466,540		254,280,286		239,519,743	165,604,204		51,814,541					
Residential (Rental)		16,078,841		19,764,574		16,647,581	9,628,359		4,417,922					
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines						252,481								
Historical Property		12,422,213		717,465		195,661								
Certain Government Property Improvements	_													
Total	\$_	259,786,635	\$	356,093,407	\$	327,708,993 \$	220,223,742	\$_	83,802,311					

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YAERS

	Fiscal Year												
Class	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>				
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	14 10	%	14 10	%	18 14	%	18 10	%	15 10	%			
Agricultural and Vacant Residential (Owner Occupied)	53		53		58		61		64				
Residential (Rental)	23		23		10		11		6				
Historical Property		· <u>-</u>		· –		. <u>–</u>		· <u> </u>	5	-			
Total	100	%_	100	%_	100	%	100	%_	100	%			

	Fiscal Year										
Class	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>			
Commerical, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	12	%	8	%	6	%	5	%	9	%	
Agricultural and Vacant	10		15		16		16		24		
Residential (Owner Occupied)	67		71		73		75		62		
Residential (Rental)	6		6		5		4		5		
Historical Property	5	_				_		_		_	
Total	100	%	100	%	100	%_	100	%_	100	%	

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Additional classses of property exist, but do not amount to a significant portion of the District's total valuation, therefore they are not included on this schedule.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA **OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Obligation Bonds								Total Outs	tand	ding Debt			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	(General Obligation Bonds	Res	Less: amounts stricted for Principal		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)	Per Capita	 Capital Leases	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)		Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2016	\$	43,878,339	\$	157,168	\$	43,721,171	1.54 %	\$ 904	\$	\$ 43,721,171	2.11 %	\$	904	3.88 %
2015		45,565,890				45,565,890	2.33	976		45,565,890	2.33		976	4.44
2014		47,218,441				47,218,441	2.61	1,051		47,218,441	2.61		1,051	4.75
2013		51,035,992				51,035,992	2.73	1,112	75,581	51,111,573	2.73		1,114	5.41
2012		19,360,467				19,360,467	0.99	436	147,598	19,508,065	1.00		439	2.09
2011		20,095,493				20,095,493	0.87	462	413,796	20,509,289	0.89		472	2.37
2010		20,100,519				20,100,519	0.62	510	955,316	21,055,835	0.65		534	2.44
2009									1,095,234	1,095,234	0.04		31	0.15
2008									1,228,251	1,228,251	0.06		38	0.19
2007														

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records. **Note:** N/A indicates that the information is not available.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding ⁽²⁾	Estimated Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Estimated Amount Applicable to City		
Overlapping:					
Pinal County	\$ 167,883,121	10.3 %	\$ 17,291,961		
Community College District	95,168,675	10.3	9,802,374		
Maricopa Unified School District	38,380,000	100.0	38,380,000		
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			65,474,335		
Direct:					
The City of Maricopa	43,878,339	100.0	43,878,339		
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 109,352,674		

Source: The source of this information is the City's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable governmental unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the City is calculated based on the City's secondary assessed valuation as a percentage of the secondary assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

2) Outstanding debt as of June 30, 2015 is presented for the overlapping governments as this is the most recent available information.

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CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Legal Debt Margin Calculations for Fiscal Year 2016:

20% Limitation Secondary assessed valuation Debt limit Debt applicable to limit Legal 20% debt margin	\$ 296,622,401 59,324,480 34,926,278 \$ 24,398,202			Secondary assess Debt limit Debt applicable to Legal 6% debt ma	\$ 296,622,401 17,797,344 8,168,722 \$ 9,628,622	
			Fiscal Year	Ended June 30		
20% Limitation:	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Debt limit	\$ 59,324,480	\$ 41,975,334	\$ 39,926,588	\$ 41,570,712	\$ 44,047,932	\$ 51,957,327
Total net debt applicable to limit	34,926,278	36,949,078	37,745,000	41,520,000	19,270,000	20,000,000
Legal 20% debt margin	\$ 24,398,202	\$ 5,026,256	\$ 2,181,588	\$ 50,712	\$ 24,777,932	\$ 31,957,327
Total net debt applicable to the 20% limit as a percentage of 20% debt limit	59%	88%	95%	100%	44%	38%
6% Limitation: Total Debt limit	\$ 17,797,344	\$ 12,592,600	\$ 11,977,976	\$ 12,471,214	\$ 13,214,379	\$ 15,587,198
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,790,922	7,790,922	8,605,000	8,605,000		
Legal 6% debt margin	\$ 10,006,422	\$ 4,801,678	\$ 3,372,976	\$ 3,866,214	\$ 13,214,379	\$ 15,587,198
Total net debt applicable to the 6% limit as a percentage of 6% debt limit	44%	62%	72%	69%	0%	0%

(Continued)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>2010</u>

20% Limitation:

Debt limit \$ 71,218,681

Total net debt applicable to limit ______20,000,000

Legal 20% debt margin \$ 51,218,681

Total net debt applicable to the 20% limit

as a percentage of 20% debt limit 28%

6% Limitation:

Debt limit \$ 21,365,604

Total net debt applicable to limit

Legal 6% debt margin __\$ 21,365,604

Total net debt applicable to the 6% limit

as a percentage of 6% debt limit 0%

Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records.

Notes: Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City had no debt; therefore, this information is not displayed for those years.

(Concluded)

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA COUNTY-WIDE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Personal Income		Per Capita	Unemploym	ent	Estimated City
Year	Population	 (thousands)	_	Income	Rate		Population
2016	406,584	\$ 11,255,255	\$	27,682	6.4	%	48,374
2015	402,000	10,255,422		25,511	6.0		46,708
2014	401,918	8,404,105		20,910	6.0		46,708
2013	389,350	9,932,708		25,511	8.0		44,946
2012	389,192	9,452,306		24,287	8.9		45,882
2011	384,231	9,331,818		24,287	10.3		44,450
2010	375,770	8,665,256		23,060	12.0		43,482
2009	356,303	8,631,440		24,225	11.4		39,429
2008	309,653	7,427,027		23,985	7.1		35,000
2007	276,266	6,540,045		23,673	4.6		32,157

Sources: The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" information from 2002 through 2010 is the University of

Arizona, Eller College of Management, Economic and Business Research Center. For the year 2011 the source of the information is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR

			2016			2007			
Employer	Industry	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment		Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	
Harrah's Ak-Chin Casino Resort*	Casinos	760	1	12.88	%	100	3	20.00 %	
Maricopa Unified School District	Schools	650	2	11.02					
City of Maricopa	Government Offices	345	3	5.85					
Ultrastar Multitainment Center		250	4	4.24					
Walmart	Department Stores	250	5	4.24					
Volkswagen Proving Grounds	Automotive Testing	200	6	3.39					
Fry's Food Store	Grocers-Retail	200	7	3.39		150	2	30.00	
Ak-Chin Farms*	Farming	100	8	1.69					
USDA Arid-Land Research Center*	Agricultural Research	90	9	1.53		10	4	2.00	
Basha's	Grocers-Retail	85	10	1.44					
Legacy Traditional School	Schools	80	11	1.36		200	1	40.00	
Southern Dunes Golf Club		65	12	1.10					
Total		3,075		52.12	%	460		92.00 %	
Total employment		5,900				500			

Source: The source of the 2016 information is the City of Maricopa's Economic Development Department. The source of the 2007 information is based on staff estimates with regards to population, demand at time, and existence of entities. Data regarding total employment figures are considered to be estimates at this time. Areas marked with an asterik (*) are outside of the City limits but within the City's planning area.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fu	s of June 30			
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General Government					
Court	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	5.0
Mayor and Council	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
City Manager	4.0	4.0	6.0	4.0	4.0
Information Technology	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Marketing & Communication	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
City Clerk	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Finance	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0
Support Services Administration	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Human Resources	4.5	4.5	3.0	3.0	3.0
Planning	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Development Services	1.90	1.50	3.75	3.75	2.8
Building Safety	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	7.0
Code Enforcement	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	0.0
Facilities Management	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Fleet Management	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public Works Administration	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Police	89.5	86.9	64.0	66.0	68.0
Fire	64.0	64.0	63.0	63.0	63.0
Engineering	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5
Transportation	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.5	1.5
Community Services Administration	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Recreation/Copper Sky Recreation Center	66.5	66.5	3.0	3.0	3.0
Park Maintenance	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
Libraries	8.5	8.5	8.0	8.0	7.0
Economic Development	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0
HURF/Public Works	25.10	14.50	10.25	9.3	9.2
Total	318.6	303.0	212.0	214.0	216.0

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
General Government					
Court	4.5	4.5	4.5	2.5	2.5
Mayor and Council	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
City Manager	5.5	7.5	5.5	3.5	6.0
Information Technology	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	0.0
Marketing & Communication	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
City Clerk	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	2.0
Finance	10.5	10.5	9.5	10.0	9.0
Support Services Administration	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Human Resources	3.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Planning	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	7.0
Development Services	3.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	13.0
Building Safety	7.0	7.0	14.0	14.0	0.0
Code Enforcement	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Facilities Management	2.5	2.0	2.0	1.0	0.0
Fleet Management	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Works Administration	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Police	62.0	63.0	67.5	62.5	9.0
Fire	63.0	66.0	66.5	64.5	0.0
Engineering	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0
Transportation	4.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	0.0
Community Services Administration	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Recreation	3.0	4.0	7.0	7.0	5.0
Park Maintenance	3.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Libraries	7.0	7.0	4.0	4.0	2.5
Economic Development	3.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
HURF/Public Works	8.0	8.0	8.0	11.0	4.0
Total	215.0	219.5	224.5	214.0	72.0

Source: The source of this information is the City's Human Resources Office.

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 Function/Program **General Government** Number of general government buildings **Public Safety** Police Number of police stations Fire Number of fire stations **Community Services** Number of parks and recreation facilities Number of acres of parks **Public Works** Number of public works buildings Miles of streets ** ** ** Number of street lights

Source: Various city departments

^{*}The Fire and Police Departments were established in fiscal year 2008.

^{**}Information is unavailable

CITY OF MARICOPA, ARIZONA **OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2016	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	2007
Function/Program					· <u></u>	<u> </u>				
Public Safety										
Police										
Number of police personnel and officers:	90	75	72	66	66	63	66	69	63	*
Number of arrests	2,149	2,209	2,171	2,235	1,650	1,408	1,594	1,778	1,045	*
Number of traffic violations	3,671	3,649	2,801	3,504	3,055	4,468	3,581	4,266	**	*
Number of parking violations	416	179	244	28	21	16	6	2	**	*
Fire										
Number of fire personnel and firefighters	61	61	63	63	63	63	66	67	65	*
Number of emergency calls	4,472	3,773	3,368	3,302	3,074	3,056	3,034	2,900	1,999	*
Number of fire calls	458	450	410	435	375	438	378	389	284	*
Number of inspections	215	170	120	279	570	666	595	628	**	*
Development Services										
Number of building-single family residential permits issued	527	299	321	419	225	111	382	402	1,596	2,675
Number of building-non-residential permits issued	25	40	22	44	35	72	44	92	146	267
Number of demolition permits issued	2	4	3	3	9	13	4	5	4	4
Number of pool permits issued	146	172	184	148	164	128	139	120	365	662
Number of solar permits issued	118	724	195	44	24	15	33	0	0	0
Number of sign permits issued	26	50	52	71	46	33	21	40	67	85
Community Services										
Recreation										
Number of facility and park reservations processed	6,172	6,000	584	600	634	395	0	0	0	0
Number of programs	584	650	562	357	357	330	335	335	**	**
Library									**	**
Number of materials in inventory	47,214	44,000	42,148	32,060	27,515	23,071	20,062	18,239	**	**

Source: Various city departments.

*The Fire and Police Departments were established in fiscal year 2008.

^{**}Information is unavailable

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Christian Price Mayor

Marvin L. Brown Vice Mayor

Peggy Chapados Councilmember

Bridger Kimball Councilmember

Vincent Manfredi Councilmember

Nancy Smith Councilmember

Henry M. Wade, Jr. Councilmember

Gregory E. Rose, ICMA-CM City Manager

Brenda Hasler, CPA Financial Services Director

39700 West Civic Center Plaza Maricopa, AZ 85138